**A ) Complete the blanks with “a “ / “an “ / “some” / “any “ (10 points)**

1. He is \_\_\_ boy.   
   a  
   an  
   some

4. Do you have \_\_\_ brothers and sisters?  
   an  
   some  
   any

**2. I have \_\_\_ umbrella.**  
   a  
   an  
   some  
   

3. John doesn't have \_\_\_ dictionary.  
   a  
   some  
   any

**B ) Complete the sentences with possessive adjectives (my,your,his,her,our,their) & possessive pronouns (mine,yours,his,hers,ours,theirs) (20 points)**

1. She has a book, it's  book. It's  .

2. You have an umbrella, it's  umbrella. It's  .

3. They have some magazines, they're  magazines. They're .

4. Here is Bob's house. It's  house.

5. These are Tom and Jackie's bags. They're  bags.

**C ) Complete the sentences with appropriate “tag questions “ (10 points)**

1. Your father is an engineer, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?
2. You don’t know swimming , \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?
3. She is very rich, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?
4. Are you a bit angry , \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?
5. She doesn’t sing songs, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

**D ) Complete the sentences by using simple present tense & present continuous tense (20 points)**

The Smiths go on holiday at present. They usually \_\_\_\_\_\_ ( go) on holiday by train. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( take ) a taxi to the station, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( check ) the timetable and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (get) on the train. At the moment, they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (stand ) in front of the timetable. The train \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (depart) at 15:12 and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( arrive ) in Brighton at 16:45.

At 6 pm the Smiths \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( meet ) Ben’s aunt in Brighton. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (study) law in a London, but she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (work ) now as a waitress in Brighton during the summer holiday.

**E ) Write I = invitation A = accepting R = refusing . ( 10 points)**

- Thank you. I'd love to. ( )

- What/How about dinner tonight? ( )

- I can't. I've got a lot of work to do. ( )

- Yes, thanks. That would be great/wonderful. ( )

- Let's go to our place for dinner. ( )

**F ) Complete the sentences comparative & superlative forms of the adjectives.( 30pts)**

* 1. Jeremy is 10 years old. Jenny is 8 years old. Jeremy is (old) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ Jenny.
  2. The Alps are very high. They are (high) \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mountains in Europe.
  3. An ocean is (large) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a sea.
  4. A Rolls Royce costs a lot of money. A Twingo costs less.  
           A Rolls Royce is (expensive) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ a Twingo.
  5. John's results were bad. Fred's were very poor. Fred's results were (bad) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ John's.
  6. This exercise is not very difficult. It's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ I expected.
  7. The weather is not good today. It's raining. I hope the weather will be (good) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ next week.
  8. People are not very friendly in big cities. They are usually (friendly) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in small towns.
  9. In the government of a country, the President is (important) \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ person.
  10. People say that Chinese is (difficult) \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to learn than English.