

**KAMU PERSONEL SEÇME SINAVI  
ÖĞRETMENLİK ALAN BİLGİSİ TESTİ  
YABANCI DİL (İNGİLİZCE) ÖĞRETMENLİĞİ  
18 – 19 Ocak 2014**

**TG – 1**

Çözümlere [www.ihtiyacinne.com](http://www.ihtiyacinne.com) adresinden ulaşabilirsiniz.

*Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının "İhtiyaç Yayıncılık"ın yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar, gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.*

## AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta Alan Bilgisi ve Alan Eğitimi testi bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu test için verilen toplam cevaplama süresi **75 dakika**dır.
3. Bu kitapçıkta testlerde yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır.
4. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde, silme işlemini çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.
5. Bu testler puanlanırken her bölümde doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri düşülecek ve kalan sayı o bölümle ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.
6. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.

Bu testte 50 soru vardır.

1. Which of the following sentences does not contain an abstract noun?

- A) Modern technology is a result of centuries of technical evolution.
- B) Everyone heard about her grievance over shift assignments.
- C) What luck, when I gave up my seat on the flight, they changed my ticket to first class.
- D) Rangers' match day hospitality can cater for 1,200 people in executive boxes and suites around the stadium.
- E) Closer, the screen adaptation of the Patrick Marber play with an all-star cast comes out on DVD this week.

2. In which of the following sentences is the underlined expression misused?

- A) Mrs. Baker told her daughter, "You should dress yourself right now, and I think the red skirt is better than the blue one".
- B) A man sculpted a carving of himself using hair, teeth, and nails of his own.
- C) Jane is much more experienced than Sue; however, among the designs they have sent us some of her is much better than most of his.
- D) The residents have erected a statue of mine in the center as I have contributed a lot to their town.
- E) Although the writer of this book is deceased, he is still highly praised throughout the world.

3. Which of the following sentences does not contain a structural ambiguity?

- A) The captain ordered all old men and women off the sinking ship.
- B) John saw the man on the mountain with a telescope.
- C) The word of the Lord came to Zechariah, son of Iddo, the prophet.
- D) Flying planes can be dangerous for you.
- E) I sent him a present that really made him amazed.

4. In which of the following words is the suffix used to serve a different purpose?

- A) Electrical
- B) Affectionate
- C) Foreigner
- D) Taxable
- E) Beautiful

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5. Which of the following lexical items is monosyllabic?

- A) Beside
- B) Lucky
- C) Idle
- D) Adequate
- E) Shake

6. Which of the following lexical items is inflected?

- A) Biggest
- B) Theorist
- C) Agreement
- D) Beastly
- E) Prehistory

7. Teaching English involves not only helping the student to use the form of English, but also exposure to regional forms and cultural styles so that the student will be able to --- meaning even when the words are different from the form of English they are being taught to speak.

- A) confuse      B) discern      C) split
- D) omit              E) obliterate

8. Everyone wants education to be conducted to the highest possible standards, --- how that is to be achieved is being discussed by many an academician nowadays.

- A) because                      B) with a view to
- C) inasmuch as                D) and
- E) in contrast to

9. Culturally there was a transition --- the rationalism of the Georgian period toward romanticism and mysticism --- regard to religion, social values, and arts in the Victorian Era.

- A) on/ by                      B) about/in
- C) through/at                D) from/with
- E) of/over

10. Cleopatra's sister is said ---- by her own sister, Cleopatra, because of her beauty.

- A) to be poisoned
- B) having been poisoned
- C) poisoning
- D) to poison
- E) to have been poisoned

12. In which of the following sentences does the pronoun "she" necessarily refer to someone other than Melinda?

- A) Melinda left the office early since she had things to do at home.
- B) The fact that she had to tell a lie to her mother made Melinda very sad.
- C) She was aware that Melinda was rejected after the interview.
- D) Melinda is thinking of selling the apartment where she used to live before she got married.
- E) Melinda is going to walk at the seaside when she comes home.

11. In which of the following sentences is indefinite article 'a / an' misused?

- A) There was a Mr. Wilson on the phone for Jimmy two minutes ago.
- B) Light travels at a speed of 700 million miles an hour.
- C) Would you please give me an apple just at the top?
- D) If you had told me you had the intention of paying a visit, I would have cooked a meal for you.
- E) The role of the language teacher is not only a teacher, a model, a drill conductor, a linguist, but also a counsellor, a technician, a learner trainer.

13. Which of the following sentences contains a punctuation error?

- A) I wonder why rationalism is often contrasted with empiricism.
- B) For lunch we had: spaghetti, salad, bread, and coke.
- C) When a person really wants to do something, he will find a way of doing it.
- D) Happiness isn't something you experience; it is something you remember.
- E) I wonder who will win the Academy Award for the best actress this year?

14. - 16. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

During the Renaissance, especially in the sixteenth century, it was customary to debate the pre-eminence of the arts, particularly as between painting and sculpture. The more commonly accepted opinion is represented by Benvenuto Cellini, who thought that sculpture is eight times as great as any other art based on drawing, because a statue has eight views and they must all be equally good. A painting, he said, is nothing better than the image of a tree, man, or other object. In fact, the difference between painting and sculpture is as great as between a shadow and the object casting it. Leonardo, on the other hand, thought that painting is superior to sculpture because it is more intellectual. By this he meant that as a technique it is infinitely more subtle in the effects that it can produce, and infinitely wider in the scope it offers to invention or imagination. Michelangelo, when the question was referred to him, in his wise and direct way said that things which have the same end are themselves the same, and that therefore there could be no difference between painting and sculpture except differences due to better judgment and harder work.

14. It is clearly stated in the passage that, for Cellini, ----.
- A) sculpture offered a greater capacity for artistic creativity
- B) the effects of a painting are much more refined than those of a sculpture
- C) sculpture could be created easily, but painting required great efforts
- D) the performance of any art leads to a great amount of invention and imagination
- E) Leonardo's comprehension of the arts was a substantially twisted one

15. According to the passage, during the sixteenth century, ----.

- A) the widespread belief on the pre-eminence of the arts was totally unfounded
- B) painters and sculptors enjoyed to work together on masterpiece projects
- C) the most commonly accepted opinions always came from the sculptors
- D) discussions about the superiority of the arts was not unusual
- E) sculpture was inferior to painting since a statue had less than eight views

16. It can be inferred from the passage that Michelangelo's opinion regarding the virtues of painting and sculpture ----.

- A) reveals his own jealousy as an artist for Leonardo and Cellini
- B) brings about peace for the both parties who had been cross with each other for a while
- C) is an evasion of the subject through a light-hearted remark
- D) is prejudiced and favours one of the sides
- E) is irrelevant in that it is not related to the Renaissance period

17. Harry:

- You look worried.

Caleb:

– ----.

Harry:

- Oh, come on. What's the matter? Is it about your grade?

Caleb:

- Yes, I learnt the score this morning.

Harry:

- Don't worry. It's just a placement test. It aims to determine your level, but roughly. Not a big deal.

- A) I'm sorry. I've got to go right away.
- B) I'm sick of everything.
- C) Am I? There's nothing serious.
- D) The evening course will be too demanding for me.
- E) I know. I'll try to relax.

18. Farah:

- Have you got the opportunity to look at my article on young learners?

Mike:

- Yes, I have. On the whole, it's a fine work, but I have some doubts about some points.

Farah:

- What are they?

Mike:

– ----.

Farah:

- Well, they should be exposed to English as much as possible. Repeatedly using the target language will enable young learners to get familiar with the schedule.

- A) I don't think you have been able to the point on the issue.
- B) Oh, I know you'll get upset if I tell you what it is
- C) Unfortunately, most of the articles claim the contrary.
- D) You should have done more research on your thesis.
- E) For example, using the target language in the classroom.

## 19. Spencer:

- Have you read the letter from the teacher with the scores of Sam?

Pat:

- No. I didn't even know it was delivered.

Spencer:

– ----.

Pat:

- I didn't expect it would be. In fact I am a bit disappointed.

- A) Well, it is and it is not very rosy.
- B) Yes, the day before I suppose you'll be impressed with it.
- C) True. Nobody expected such a letter from the school.
- D) Read it. You'll be surprised.
- E) Yes, I managed to read it yesterday.

20. In language teaching, students' correct responses are rewarded by teachers' praise which functions as reinforcement of the response.

Which of the following alternatives best restates the given sentence?

- A) Strengthening the responses of students is of such importance that teachers often correct the mistakes which serves as reward.
- B) Correct responses of the students are awarded by teachers' acclaim and this acts as reinforcement of the answer in language teaching.
- C) Awarding the students by the teacher's praise stands for a support of the answer in language education.
- D) In language teaching, students' right reactions are compensated by teachers' applaud that represents the reinforcement of the response.
- E) The only way to reward the students is to correct their errors through the teacher effort which will strengthen the function of the response.

21. The study of semantics intersects with many other fields of inquiry, including lexicology, syntax, pragmatics, etymology although semantics is a well-defined field in its own right.

- A) Because semantics is a field which has clear borders, its study crosses with many other fields of inquiry, including lexicology, syntax, pragmatics, etymology.
- B) Only a few fields of investigation involving lexicology, syntax, pragmatics, etymology intersect with the study of semantics even though it is a well-defined area in the own right.
- C) Despite being a well-defined field in its own right, semantic studies cooperate with most of the other branches of research encompassing lexicology, syntax, pragmatics, and etymology.
- D) Lexicology, syntax, pragmatics, and etymology all make up the field of semantics which is a well-defined field.
- E) A part of semantics is the fields of inquiry containing lexicology, syntax, pragmatics, and etymology though the branch is better defined if it is in its own right.



22. For centuries, work in syntax was dominated by a framework known as *grammaire générale*, first expounded in 1660 by Antoine Arnauld in a book of the same title. This system took as its basic premise the assumption that language is a direct reflection of thought processes and therefore there is a single, most natural way to express a thought. --- It became apparent that there was no such thing as the most natural way to express a thought, and therefore logic could no longer be relied upon as a basis for studying the structure of language.

Which of the following alternatives best completes the given paragraph?

- A) Therefore, it was questioned as the only fundamental assumption about the relationship between language and logic and found the language was the most natural way.
- B) In addition, they reconstructed the pre-historic languages and determined their relatedness, grouping them into language families.
- C) This most natural way- language- was developed over the nineteenth century.
- D) Despite the previous studies on the issue a century later it was proved that language was the only natural way for communication.
- E) However, in the 19th century, with the development of historical-comparative linguistics, linguists began to realize the sheer diversity of human language.

23. About 3000 BC, with the advent of writing, education became more conscious or self reflecting, with specialized occupations such as scribe and astronomer requiring particular skills and knowledge. --- In his literary work *The Republic*, Plato described a system of instruction that he felt would lead to an ideal state. In his dialogues, Plato described the Socratic method, a form of inquiry and debate intended to stimulate critical thinking and illuminate ideas. It has been the intent of many educators since, such as the Roman educator Quintilian, to find specific, interesting ways to encourage students to use their intelligence and to help them to learn.

- A) Hence, philosophy couldn't take a further step and remained in the boundaries of its own field.
- B) Philosophy in ancient Greece led to questions of educational method entering national discourse.
- C) For example, Aristotle immersed himself in empirical studies and shifted from Platonism to empiricism.
- D) Therefore, Plato invented the philosophy of education as we know it today.
- E) Philosophers alleged that rationality, intelligence, and moral aspects of education didn't bound up with virtue and citizenship.

24. (I) The word *semantics* itself denotes a range of ideas - from the popular to the highly technical. (II) It involves usage in ordinary language for denoting a problem of understanding that comes down to word selection or connotation. (III) Then, as a well-defined field, the formal study of semantics is easy to comprehend. (IV) This problem of understanding has been the subject of many formal enquiries, over a long period of time, most notably in the field of formal semantics. (V) In linguistics, sounds, facial expressions, body language, and proxemics have complicated semantic contents, each of which comprises several branches of study.

Which of the sentences in the given paragraph is irrelevant, violating its unity and coherence?

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) V
- E) V

25. (I) The process of learning a language without formal education and without a persisting conscious effort is called language acquisition. (II) It generally happens as a consequence of quite motivated exposure and the need to the language in use. (III) Language use is merely really correct provided the remarks are suitable to the situations where they are used. (IV) Kids acquire first language in this way and are able to pick up it anywhere without tuition. (V) Adults are also capable of gaining the ability to communicate in a foreign language in this informal way.

- A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

26. --- is the speaker of a poem and it may be the poet himself or a character created by the poet.

- A) Carpe Diem      B) Adressee  
C) Elegy      D) Protagonist  
E) Voice

27. The entertainment form in drama which satirizes the behaviors and affectations of generally middle and upper classes, often represented by stereotypical stock characters is called ----.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) comedy of manners  
B) mystery play  
C) burlesque  
D) pantomime  
E) tragedy

28. 'All the world's a stage,

And all the men and women merely players;

They have their exits and their entrances;

— William Shakespeare, *As You Like It* includes an example of ----.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) simile      B) farce      C) metaphor  
D) irony      E) allusion

29. Paradise Lost is an epic poem in blank verse by the 17th-century English poet John Milton (1608-1674). It was originally published in 1667 in ten books, with a total of over ten thousand individual lines of verse. A second edition followed in 1674, changed into twelve books. It is claimed by critics to be Milton's "major work" and the work helped to solidify his reputation as one of the greatest English poets of his time. The poem concerns the Biblical story of the Fall of Man: the temptation of Adam and Eve by the fallen angel Satan and their expulsion from the Garden of Eden. Milton's purpose, stated in Book I, is to "justify the ways of God to men".

Which of the following is true according to the passage?

- A) John Milton published Paradise Lost in 1667 as a poetic form.
- B) According to critics Paradise Lost is one of the major works of Milton.
- C) Paradise Lost was exposed to some minor modifications in the seventeenth century.
- D) The aim of Milton in the books was to prove that men could reach God in many ways.
- E) The poem deals with religions and the good deeds they bring to earth.

30. Which of the following protagonist-antagonist combinations in the play Julius Caesar is correct?

- A) Hamlet- Claudius
- B) King Lear- Goneril and Regan
- C) Othello – Lago
- D) Troilus- Fate and Cressida
- E) Brutus- Antony

31. --- is a cultural movement that began in the early 1920s whose aim was to resolve the previously contradictory conditions of dream and reality in which artists painted unnerving, illogical scenes with photographic precision, created strange creatures from everyday objects.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Neo-naturalism
- B) Naturalism
- C) Existentialism
- D) Classicism
- E) Surrealism

32. The ---- has no stanzas but is broken up into uneven units determined by sense rather than form in unrhymed iambic pentameter lines.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Formal verse                      B) Free verse  
C) Blank verse                      D) Sonnet  
E) Visual poetry

34. Which of the following gives a distinguishing feature of a vowel?

- A) There is a constriction or closure at some point along the vocal tract in pronunciation.  
B) It is pronounced with an open vocal tract so that there is no build-up of air pressure at any point above the glottis.  
C) It is articulated by forcing air through a narrow channel.  
D) It is pronounced with the back of the tongue.  
E) It has air flowing through the nose.

33. The linguistic form has no natural or 'iconic relationship' with that hairy four-legged barking object out in the world. This aspect of the relationship between linguistic signs and objects in the world is described as \_\_\_\_\_.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) duality                              B) cultural transmission  
C) ambiguity                        D) arbitrariness  
E) displacement

35. Which of the following is not a component of open-class words in morphology?

- A) auxiliary verbs                      B) conjunctions  
C) prepositions                        D) articles  
E) adverbs

36. "If you know a language, you can speak and be understood by others who know that language."

Based on the information above, which of the following best explains the sentence?

- A) Linguistic Knowledge
- B) Knowledge of Words
- C) Knowledge of Sound System
- D) Arbitrariness
- E) Creativity of Linguistic Knowledge

37. What is the semantic relationship between the words "armchair" and "furniture"?

- A) The first one is the hyponym of the second one.
- B) They are examples of anomaly.
- C) They are the hyponyms of one another.
- D) The first one is the superordinate of the second one.
- E) They are synonyms of each other.

38. Child: We goed to picnic yesterday.

Mom: You want to say 'you went to picnic yesterday'?

Child: Yes, we goed.

Mom: Can you say "we went?"

Child: We...went. And then we goed back to school.

In the dialogue above, the attitude of the child proves that:

- A) Children do not acquire language via reinforcement.
- B) Analogy is quite important in the acquisition of a language.
- C) Language acquisition can only be obtained through persistent repetition.
- D) Imitation is highly required in language acquisition.
- E) Children can not learn a language by means of hearing in their natural environment.

39. Which of the following is not an element of Grice's Maxims?

- A) Quantity: Say neither more nor less than the discourse requires.
- B) Relevance: Be relevant.
- C) Manner: Be brief and orderly; avoid ambiguity and obscurity.
- D) Politeness: Show awareness of and consideration for another person's face.
- E) Quality: Do not lie; do not make unsupported claims.

40. A child between twelve and eighteen months acquiring his or her mother tongue produces a variety of recognizable single-unit utterances. Then, at which stage is he or she?

- A) One - word                      B) Holophrastic  
C) Babbling                        D) Two- word  
E) Cooing

42. Studies show that the left hemisphere specializes in linguistic sounds. It shows that anything heard on the right hand side of body is processed in ---- hemisphere, and anything heard on the left side is processed in the ---- hemisphere.

- A) upper right- right              B) right- left  
C) upper left- left                D) left- right  
E) upper left- right

41. ---- refers to the branch of linguistics that interprets language in terms of the concepts, sometimes universal, sometimes specific to a particular tongue, which underlie its forms and it is thus closely associated with semantics but is distinct from psycholinguistics, which draws upon empirical findings in order to explain the mental processes that underlie the acquisition, storage, production and understanding of speech and writing.

- A) Generative linguistics  
B) Quantitative linguistics  
C) Cognitive linguistics  
D) Historical linguistics  
E) Comparative linguistics

43. Which one of the alternatives is not correct in terms of method – language teaching?

- A) Cognitive Code Approach – grammar exercises  
B) Participatory Approach – dialogues  
C) Communicative Language Teaching – information gaps  
D) Silent Way – tape recording  
E) Audio-lingual Method – drills

44. In ---, the teacher is to be like an orchestra leader, directing, controlling the language behaviour of the learners. He is also liable for presenting a good model for imitation.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) The Silent Way
- B) The Communicative Language Teaching
- C) The Audio-lingual Method
- D) Content-based Instruction
- E) Task-based Language Teaching

45. --- and --- are the fundamental activities to teach young learners while promoting their pronunciation skill.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Puzzles / dialogues
- B) Tongue-twisters / chants
- C) Jingles / story telling
- D) Games / role-plays
- E) Listen and do / jingles

46. --- can be used to determine the learner's level of ability in one or more subjects so as to place him / her with others of the same approximate level and ability.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Integrative Tests
- B) Achievement Tests
- C) Selection Tests
- D) Placement Tests
- E) Discrete point Tests

47. Which alternative of the following is not true?

- A) In Functional-notional syllabuses, the input is selected according to ways of speaking.
- B) In content / topic-based syllabuses, the content of language learning is defined in terms of academic subjects.
- C) In lexical syllabuses, vocabulary teaching is taken as the focal point of teaching.
- D) In task-based syllabuses, a list of specification of the tasks and activities are included.
- E) In skills syllabuses, the classroom processes are more engaged than the language knowledge or skills which the students are to master.

48. Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) logical / visual
- B) auditory / naturalist
- C) auditory / visual
- D) logical / musical
- E) kinaesthetic / musical

50. While ---- is to study of how a language actually works in real situations, involving grammar, vocabulary and phonology study of the language, ---- is to compare two different languages to explore in what ways they are the same and similar or different so as to foresee the probable learner errors or explain discovered errors.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) data analysis / external analysis
- B) discourse analysis /contrastive analysis
- C) external analysis / internal analysis
- D) general analysis / specific analysis
- E) discourse analysis / general analysis

49. Which of the following objectives that appear in a lesson plan designed with the principles of the Community Language Learning is difficult for the learners to achieve by the end of the lesson?

- A) They will be able to feel more secure when they understand everything with the help of translation from the target language into their native language.
- B) They will be able to reduce their anxiety level of the new learning situations by developing a community among the class members.
- C) They will be able to reflect on what they have experienced by learning about the language, their own learning and learning from each other.
- D) They will be able to compete than cooperate as the students are the centre of the Community Language Learning.
- E) They will be able to use fewer native language words and phrases in their conversations.



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**YABANCI DİL (İNGİLİZCE) ÖĞRETMENLİĞİ**

18 – 19 Ocak 2014

**TG – 1**

**ÖABT – İNGİLİZCE**

*Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının “İhtiyaç Yayıncılık”ın yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar, gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.*

## AÇIKLAMA

### DİKKAT!

### ÇÖZÜMLERLE İLGİLİ AŞAĞIDA VERİLEN UYARILARI MUTLAKA OKUYUNUZ.

1. Sınavınız bittiğinde her sorunun çözümünü tek tek okuyunuz.
2. Kendi cevaplarınız ile doğru cevapları karşılaştırınız.
3. Yanlış cevapladığınız soruların çözümlerini dikkatle okuyunuz.

1. All the nouns used in A,B,C, and D are abstract nouns except for 'cast' included in the option E. Therefore, the correct answer is E.  
A B C D E
2. The pronoun given in option C as "her" should be "hers" in terms of grammar rules. Therefore, the correct answer is C.  
A B D E
3. The sentence given in the option E does not contain a structural ambiguity because it has only one interpretation. Therefore, the correct answer is E.  
A B C D E
4. The suffix "-er" in the option C is used to serve a different purpose because "foreigner" can be used to refer to the doer of the action. Therefore, the correct answer is C.  
A B D E
5. 'beside' 'lucky' and 'idle' are all two syllable words. And 'adequate' is a three- syllable word but 'shake' is a monosyllabic word. Therefore, the correct answer is E.  
A B C D E
6. B, C, D and E options include derived words. However, "biggest" is inflected. Therefore, the correct answer is A.  
A B C D E
7. The word that is suitable for the blank should have a positive meaning to some extent. "discern" meaning "distinguish" or "recognise" here will be the correct choice. Therefore, the correct answer is B.  
A B C D E
8. The clauses given in the sentence have a parallel and complementary relationship in meaning. Therefore, the correct answer is D  
A B C D E
9. 'transition from the rationalism of the Georgian period toward romanticism and mysticism' will be a true usage. Therefore, the correct answer is D.  
A B C D E

10. Solution: The sentence given in the root is 'passive' in structure. And Cleopatra is a dead person. Furthermore, 'infinitive' follows passive structures in the sentences. Therefore, the correct answer is E.

(A) (B) (C) (D) (E) ✓

11. In the option C 'an apple' is indicated by the specific description 'just at the top'. Hence, it is not 'any apple' anymore. Therefore, the correct answer is C.

(A) (B) (C) (D) (E) ✓

12. In the option C the rejected one is Melinda and the subject who is aware is another person. Therefore, the correct answer is C.

(A) (B) (C) (D) (E) ✓

13. Colon(:) is generally used before a list or a description following a full sentence. Therefore, the correct answer is B.

(A) (B) (C) (D) (E) ✓

**14. - 16. sorular aşağıdaki metne göre cevaplanmıştır.**

During the Renaissance, especially in the sixteenth century, it was customary to debate the preeminence of the arts, particularly as between painting and sculpture (15). The more commonly accepted opinion is represented by Benvenuto Cellini, who thought that sculpture is eight times as great as any other art based on drawing, because a statue has eight views and they must all be equally good. A painting, he said, is nothing better than the image of a tree, man, or other object (14). In fact, the difference between painting and sculpture is as great as between a shadow and the object casting it. Leonardo, on the other hand, thought that painting is superior to sculpture because it is more intellectual. By this he meant that as a technique it is infinitely more subtle in the effects that it can produce, and infinitely wider in the scope it offers to invention or imagination. Michelangelo, when the question was referred to him, in his wise and direct way said that things which have the same end are themselves the same, and that therefore there could be no difference between painting and sculpture except differences due to better judgment and harder work (16).

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(A) (B) (C) (D) (E) ✓

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(A) (B) (C) (D) (E) ✓

17. Harry's 'Oh, come on. What's the matter? Is it about your grade?' question shows us that Caleb is somehow hesitant in revealing the matter. And this hesitance is included in the option C: 'Am I? There's nothing serious'. Therefore, the correct answer is C.

(A) (B) (C) (D) (E) ✓

18. Farah's question 'What are they?' needs an explanation in Mike's answer. And the remark told by Farah in her last speech 'Repeatedly using the target language will enable young learners' shows us that the correct answer is E since it is both related to the topic and includes an example which serves as an explanation answer for Farah's question.

(A) (B) (C) (D) (E) ✓

19. Pat's "I didn't expect it would be. In fact I am a bit disappointed" remark shows us that Spencer's speech includes something disappointing. Therefore, the correct answer is A.

A B C D E

20. The correct answer is B.

In language teaching, students "correct

1 2

"responses are rewarded by teachers"

2 3

praise which functions as

3 4

reinforcement of the response.

5

Correct responses of the students

2

are awarded by teachers acclaim

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and this acts as reinforcement of the answer

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in language teaching.

1

A B C D E

21. The correct answer is C.

The study of semantics intersects with many other fields of inquiry, including lexicology, syntax, pragmatics, etymology (1) although (2) semantics is a well-defined field in its own right (3).

Despite (2) being a well-defined field in its own right (3), semantic studies cooperate with most of the other branches of research encompassing lexicology, syntax, pragmatics, and etymology (1).

A B C D E

22. The last sentence 'It became apparent that there was no such thing as the most natural way to express a thought, and therefore logic could no longer be relied upon as a basis for studying the structure of language' is an important clue for the solution. It shows us that there should be a structure indicating contradiction to the sentence 'This system took as its basic premise the assumption that language is a direct reflection of thought processes and therefore there is a single, most natural way to express a thought'. Therefore, the correct answer is E.

A B C D E

23. In the sentence 'In his literary work The Republic, Plato described a system of instruction that he felt would lead to an ideal state', it is emphasized that the expression for the blank should include the complementary relationship between the education and state. Therefore, the correct answer is B including the sentence 'Philosophy in ancient Greece led to questions of educational method entering national discourse'.

A B C D E

24. All the sentences in the paragraph have a problematic point of view towards semantics but second sentence involves the expression 'easy to comprehend' which violates the unity and coherence in the paragraph. Therefore, the correct answer is C.

A B C D E

25. The pronoun 'it' in the second sentence refers to the noun 'acquisition' in the first sentence. In the fourth sentence 'in this way' refers to the explanation given in the second sentence and in the fifth sentence unity is maintained by the reference 'in this informal way'. But in the third sentence there is an explanation related to the use of language which disrupts the coherence. Therefore, the correct answer is C.

A B C D E

26. The speaker is the voice or 'persona' of a poem. Therefore, the correct answer is E.

A B C D E

27. A comedy concerned with the intrigues, love affairs, and manners of the elegant, witty, and sophisticated members of the middle and upper classes is called comedy of manners. Therefore, the correct answer is A.

A B C D E

28. A metaphor is a figure of speech that describes a subject by asserting that it is, on some point of comparison, the same as another otherwise unrelated object. Therefore, the correct answer is C.

(A) B (C) ✓ (D) E

31. The explanation 'illogical scenes with photographic precision, created strange creatures from everyday objects' shows us that the correct answer is E.



This is an example of surrealism in art -The Temptation of Saint Anthony- by Salvador Dali (1946).

(A) B (C) D (E) ✓ (F)

34. Vowels are articulated with an open vocal tract in order not to build-up of any air pressure at any point above the glottis and this contrasts with consonants. Therefore, the correct answer C.

(A) B (C) ✓ (D) E

29. The expression 'A second edition followed in 1674, changed into twelve books. It is claimed by critics to be Milton's "major work" and the work helped to solidify his reputation as one of the greatest English poets of his time' shows us that the correct answer is C.

(A) B (C) ✓ (D) E

32. Blank verse is poetry written in unrhymed iambic pentameter. Therefore, the correct answer is C.

(A) B (C) ✓ (D) E

35. Except for the option E, all the options include closed-class components. Therefore, the correct answer is E.

(A) B (C) D (E) ✓

30. Brutus is the play's protagonist because the play revolves around Brutus's actions and thoughts. Antony becomes the active source of Brutus's woes. Therefore, the correct answer is E.

(A) B (C) D (E) ✓

33. Arbitrariness is a term given to choices and actions subject to individual will, judgment or preference, based solely upon an individual's opinion or discretion. It is generally there is no 'natural' connection between a linguistic form and meaning. The connection is quite arbitrary. That's why the correct answer is D.

(A) B (C) ✓ (D) E

36. The options other than A are related with the specific features of knowledge. But linguistic knowledge best subsumes the sentence. Therefore, the correct answer is A.

(A) ✓ (B) (C) (D) E

37. Like the relationship between 'cucumber' and "vegetable" the example given in the question root is considered as hyponymy. Therefore, the correct answer is C  
A B C D E
38. In the dialogue the child continues to make the same mistake even though mother corrects the child's syntax. It shows that reinforcement is not a sufficient answer in language acquiring process. That's why the correct answer is A.  
A B C D E
39. Politeness is a culturally defined phenomenon and so something considered as polite in one culture can be rather rude or weird in another cultural context. It is not one of Grice's Maxims. Therefore, the correct answer is D.  
A B C D E
40. In ages between twelve and eighteen months, the child is at one-word stage. That's why the correct answer is A.  
A B C D E
41. Cognitive linguists are interested in the relation of language and mind, and they do not follow the prevailing tendency to explain linguistic patterns by means of appeals to structural properties internal to and specific to language. Therefore, the correct answer is C.  
A B C D E
42. In dichotic listening, there is a right ear advantage for linguistic sounds. Hence, linguistic sounds processed in left hemisphere and vice versa. Therefore, the correct answer is D.  
A B C D E
43. In the Silent Way, the teacher is to remain silent so as to subordinate teaching to learning and is to focus student attention; provide meaningful practice. Therefore, the correct answer is D.  
A B C D E
44. In the Audio-lingual Method, the fundamental principle of the teacher is to be an accurate model for the learners to acquire the structural patterns correctly. Therefore, the correct answer is C.  
A B C D E
45. The pronunciation skill of the young learners can be reinforced through hearing the individual sounds and syllables, and repeating them again and again. Tongue twisters and chants are the fundamental tools for the young learners to make headway for the pronunciation. Therefore, the correct answer is B.  
A B C D E

46. Integrative tests are the ones seeking to measure a variety of language skills rather than those which test isolated parts of the language. Achievement tests are the ones designed to evaluate how much of the syllabus the learners have learned or how much of the objectives of a lesson, unit or course have been reached. Internal end-of-year tests and external school-leaving examinations are both examples of achievement tests. Selection tests are the ones to determine a student to accept into a particular school or institution. So as to be accepted to a program, one needs to have the higher score than the others. Discrete tests are the ones aiming to supply very specific information about learners' abilities specific skills or specific language areas. In other words, they aim to measure specific linguistic units such as spelling, vocabulary, grammar. Therefore, the correct answer is D.
- (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
47. Skills syllabuses are to be arranged with different underlying abilities that are included in using a language for purposes such as writing, listening, reading or speaking. Therefore, the correct answer is E.
- (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
48. In the visual intelligence, maps, diagrams, charts, videos, slides, movies, painting, drawing, illustrating, visualizing, imaginative story-telling are the fundamental proponents. In the auditory intelligence, singing, composing, imitating, inventing song lyrics, improvising and writing jingles are the fundamental proponents. Making use of puppets and changing the voice indicates that the visual and the auditory channels are attracted. Therefore, the correct answer is C.
- (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
49. In the Community Language Learning Method, cooperation is encouraged, not the competition. Therefore, the correct answer is D.
- (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
50. Data analysis is a systematic and analytical approach to evaluation, whose results reveal the appropriateness, value, pros and cons of the material in detail. External Analysis is a short overview of the cover, introduction and the syllabus. Internal Analysis is more elaborated analysis regarding presentation of the skills, types of materials. General Analysis is related to clear layout or print of the materials. Specific Analysis is related to the attractive, colourful illustration, vocabulary and texts relevant to topic appropriate for the level. Discourse Analysis is the study of how a language actually works in real situations. Contrastive Analysis is to compare two different languages to discover in what ways they are the same, similar and different in order to predict likely learner errors or explain discovered errors. Therefore, the correct answer is B.
- (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)