

İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI – 5

MURAT YAYINLARI

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1. is the study of how utterances are used (literally, figuratively, or otherwise) in communicative acts
Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.
- A) Discourse analysis
B) Semantics
C) Pragmatics
D) Phonetics
E) Phonology
2. 'The teacher helps learners to gain insights on how they think, plan and remember so that they can develop confidence to deal with similar and new tasks.'
Which of the following notions is described above?
- A) Constructivism
B) Scaffolding
C) Concrete-operation
D) Formal operation
E) Metacognition
3. **Which of the following is not true for the production of a consonant?**
- A) It is produced by occluding with or without releasing
B) It is produced by diverting.
C) It is produced by obstructing.
D) It is produced by lip rounding.
E) the air flows from the lungs (opposed to vowel)
4. "The teacher asks the learners to classify animals under the categories of animals living in water, animals flying, and animals living on land."
Which of the following intelligence types does this activity focus on?
- A) Intrapersonal - Naturalist
B) Musical -Linguistic
C) Linguistic -Spatial
D) Logical - Naturalist
E) Interpersonal- Logical

5. is a type of fluent aphasia with a prominent impairment with repetition.
Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.
- A) Wernicke's
B) Anamic
C) Conduction
D) Global
E) Brocha's
6. If grammar is written for anyone who is interested in learning a language, we call it
Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.
- A) Functional grammar
B) Prescriptive grammar
C) Reference grammar
D) Descriptive grammar
E) Pedagogical grammar
7. English "superman" is a loan translation from German "Üb ermensch." It is an example of
Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.
- A) Compounding
B) Conversion
C) Coinage
D) Calque
E) Clipping
8. The of a language are the permitted arrangements of sounds that obey constraints on the sequence and ordering of phonemes in that language.
Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.
- A) phonetic alphabet
B) phonotactics
C) sound pattern
D) phonology
E) phonetics

9. The view that there is a specific and limited time for language acquisition. The younger the learners are the better they will learn the language. Therefore, we should teach children English the earliest time possible."

Which of the following views does this refer to?

- A) Behaviourist view
- B) Cognitive-developmental view
- C) Social-interactional view
- D) Nativist view
- E) Communicative view

10. According to ALM, when errors do occur, they should be by the teacher.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) deliberately ignored
- B) immediately corrected
- C) purposefully neglected
- D) intendedly overlooked
- E) subsequently corrected

11. In Direct Method learners are expected to make between the target language and meaning.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence?

- A) a clear distinction
- B) a discrimination
- C) a direct association
- D) a good choice
- E) an equation

12. In GTM it is believed that studying a foreign language provides students with good exercise which helps develop their minds.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) meaningful
- B) mechanical
- C) mental
- D) communicative
- E) production

13. Which of the following pairs of words is a minimal pair?

- A) top/cup
- B) sit/seat
- C) cheek/chuck
- D) lack/luck
- E) cap/cup

14. Activities that are truly communicative, according to Morrow (in Johnson and Morrow 1981), have three features in common:, choice, and feedback.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence?

- A) reinforcement
- B) information gap
- C) gap-filling
- D) error correction
- E) motivation

15. Discourse competence

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence

- A) is related to the learners' mastery of understanding and producing texts in the modes of listening, speaking, reading and writing, dealing with cohesion and coherence in different types of texts.
- B) includes knowledge of sociocultural rules of use. It is concerned with the learners' ability to handle for example settings, topics and communicative functions in different sociolinguistic contexts.
- C) defines the system of rules that governs an individual's tacit understanding of what is acceptable and what is not in the language they speak.
- D) includes knowledge phonology, orthography, vocabulary, word formation and sentence formation.
- E) refers to compensatory strategies in case of grammatical or sociolinguistic or discourse difficulties, such as the use of reference sources, grammatical and lexical paraphrase, requests for repetition, clarification, slower speech, or problems in addressing strangers when unsure of their social status or in finding the right cohesion devices.

16. The teacher gives the mother tongue equivalents of the target language vocabulary in

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Participatory Approach
- B) Community Language Learning
- C) Communicative Language Teaching
- D) Task - based Approach
- E) Total Physical Response

17. Critics pointed out that strict adherence to principles was often counterproductive, since teachers were required to go to great lengths to avoid using the native tongue, when sometimes a simple brief explanation in the students native tongue would have been a more efficient route to comprehension.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Grammar- Translation method
- B) Silent Way
- C) Direct method
- D) Suggestopedia
- E) Task-based approach

18. Which of the following statements best explains how the feelings of the learners are dealt with in GTM?

- A) The teacher helps the learners to overcome negative feelings which might interfere with their learning.
- B) There are no principles of this method which relate to this area.
- C) Through feedback sessions at the end of lessons, learners have an opportunity to express how they feel.
- D) Since learners are encouraged throughout each lesson to cooperate with one another, it is believed that a relaxed, enjoyable learning environment will be created.
- E) Indirect positive suggestions are made to enhance learners' self-confidence and to convince them that success is obtainable.

19. Larser Freeman (2000) and Mellow (2000) both have used the term principle to describe a desirable, coherent, pluralistic approach to language learning teaching.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) cognitivism
- B) semantism
- C) mentalism
- D) eclecticism
- E) humanism

20. Direct Method receives its name from the fact that meaning is to be conveyed directly in the target language through

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) the native language equivalents of the expressions.
- B) the use of demonstration and visual aids.
- C) the learners' native language.
- D) the translation of literary texts.
- E) the use of antonyms and synonyms

21. Charles Fries led the way in applying principles from structural linguistics in developing the Audiolingual method. and for this reason, it has sometimes been referred to as the

- A) Chicago Method
- B) Army Method
- C) Michigan Method
- D) Oral Method
- E) Natural Method

22. "The pen is mightier than the sword." is an example of

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence

- A) Simile
- B) Polysemy
- C) Synonymy
- D) Metonymy
- E) Analogy

23. Which of the following statements contradicts with Communicative Language Teaching?

- A) Language teaching is based on a view of language as communication. That is, language is seen as a social tool that speakers use to make meaning; speakers communicate about something to someone for some purpose, either orally or in writing.
- B) Tedious translation and grammar drills would be used to exercise and strengthen the knowledge without much attention to content.
- C) Diversity is recognized and accepted as part of language development and use in second language learners and users, as it is with first language users.
- D) A learner's competence is considered in relative, not in absolute, terms.
- E) More than one variety of the language is recognized as a viable model for learning and teaching.

24. Which of the following is NOT a way of providing corrective feedback?

- A) clearly indicating that the students answer was incorrect and providing the answer.
- B) directly indicating that the student's answer was incorrect, the teacher implicitly reformulates the student's error, or provides the correction.
- C) using phrases like "Excuse me?" or "I don't understand", the teacher indicates that the message has not been understood or that the student's answer contained some kind of mistake and repetition or reformulation is required.
- D) providing the correct form, without posing questions or providing comments or information related to the formation of the student's answer.
- E) directly eliciting the correct form from the student by asking questions, by pausing to allow the student to complete the teacher's utterance (e.g. "It's a..") or by asking student to reformulate the answer (e.g. "say that again").

25. The Silent Way is characterized to preferably favour a syllabus design.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Linear
- B) Structural
- C) Functional
- D) Fixed
- E) Lexical

26.helps learners to form habits which enable the students to use the patterns.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Sentence patterns
- B) Pattern practice
- C) Conversation practice
- D) Transformation drill
- E) Contrastive analysis

27. {-D pt} has three allomorphs, /-d ~ -t ~ -d/. The choice of one of them depends on the preceding sounds. So, the choice is determined by the phonological environment. When the phonological environment determines which allomorph is used, we say that the selection of allomorphs is

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence

- A) Phonetically conditioned
- B) phonologically conditioned
- C) Lexically conditioned
- D) Morphologically conditioned
- E) Semantically conditioned

28. Some say the decline in applicants could point a loss of luster for the program, which rose to prominence the idea that teaching the nation's poorest, most needy students could be a crusade, like the Peace.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence?

- A) on/to
- B) at/through
- C) to/ through
- D) in/to
- E) in/at

29. She spoke to me as if she knew me, but I had never met her before.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) if
- B) as if
- C) in case
- D) as
- E) unless

30. You don't have to attend the next meeting which concerns the details of implementation, but naturally we'll be delighted if you do.

Which of the following alternatives best restates the given sentence?

- A) We were unable to discuss the details of implementation so that has been left for the next meeting which we sincerely hope you will be able to attend.
- B) You don' need to be here but your presence in the meeting will make us happy.
- C) The meeting to discuss the details of implementation doesn't concern you, but nevertheless we shall be pleased if you decide to attend.
- D) The details of implementation will have to be discussed at the next meeting which you will presumably agree to attend.
- E) You aren't obligated to be present when we meet to discuss the details of implementation, but it goes without saying that we'll be very pleased if you do join us then.

32. I. Pastoral poetry has common topics such as include love and seduction; the value of poetry; death and mourning; the corruption of the city or court vs. the "purity" of idealized country life; politics (generally treated satirically: the "shepherds" critique society or easily identifiable political figures). II. A common pastoral poetic genre is the eclogue (a dialogue between two shepherds). III. This conversation may be between a shepherd and the shepherdess he loves (generally his attempt to seduce her); a "singing contest" to see which shepherd is the better poet (a third may act as judge); or sophisticated banter between two supposedly "rude swains" who discuss a lady, their flocks, or a current event; lament a dead friend (a eulogy or elegy); or praise a notable individual. IV. Pastoral poetry is highly conventionalized; it presents an idealized rather than realistic view of rustic life. V. Laudatory poems, laments upon a death, songs of courtship and the complaints of a lovesick shepherd also occur as pastoral monologues.

Which of the sentences in the given paragraph is irrelevant, violating its unity and coherence?

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

31. I. Language learning is not so much a question of acquiring a set of automatic habits, but rather a process of discovering the underlying rules, categories and systems of choice in the language by some sort of processing by the learner of the data of the language presented to him by the teacher (Corder, 1973). II. Teachers and students have different attitudes toward errors and error correction. III. In order for this discovery to take place, learners have to go through several stages and processes. IV. One of the most important factors included in almost all the stages and processes of language learning is error making. V. In fact, making errors is something inevitable in language learning and it is a very clear sign that language learner is actually developing and internalizing the rules of the language.

Which of the sentences in the given paragraph is irrelevant, violating its unity and coherence?

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

33. Mother: I don't want you to come back home so late again.

Daughter:

Mother: It was too late for a girl at your age. I don't want to discuss this.

Daughter: Okay, mom. I won't do that again.

Which of the following alternatives best completes the given dialogue?

- A) If you keep talking, how do you expect me to concentrate on what I am doing right now?
- B) It was not late, mummy. It was only ten o'clock.
- C) Do you have any idea what time it is?
- D) So do I, but I think it's too early to punish her.
- E) This is the first time I have been so late.

34. Levent: What is your own reaction to the jury's verdict on the case?

Kaya: Well the evidence presented against him at the trial wasn't adequate enough to convict him.

Levent:

Kaya: No. I have a feeling deep down that he really is guilty.

Which of the following alternatives best completes the given dialogue?

- A) No, but you are not convinced of his innocence, are you?
B) That's right. They should have brought forward more significant evidence.
C) True. My mind is very confused too.
D) Actually the man must have committed the murder quite unassisted.
E) I don't believe he is guilty.

35. Davut: Do you believe in rumors saying Ahmet will quit?

Nevin:.....

Davut: I know there are but do you believe them?

Nevin: I don't know what to believe.

- A) Yes, I do. What about you?
B) I asked him about it but she didn't say anything
C) I can't figure out why there is such an accusation about her.
D) Of course I don't but you never know.
E) There are some people saying that.

36. "Karaoke night" involves the process of both from Japanese karaoke and (karaoke + night) in word formation.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) conversion - compounding
B) blending -borrowing
C) clipping - compounding
D) compounding - conversion
E) borrowing- compounding

37.refers to the act or process of inventing words: an invented or newly backformation

- A) Coinage
B) Conversion
C) Intialism
D) Clipping
E) Blending

38. The sentence "George saw the boy with a telescope" is

- A) structurally ambiguous
B) structurally ill-formed
C) structurally inaccurate
D) structurally well-formed
E) structurally unambiguous

39. The purpose of a novel varies with its type. The respected English novelists of the Victorian era, Anthony Trollope's statement has a fundamental validity: "the object of a novel should be to instruct in morals while it amuses." At one extreme, some novels are particularly intended to teach, such as some children's novels and social novels. Nevertheless, we can say that the aim of most novels is to reveal and stimulate thought about aspects of human behaviour both individually and in personal and social relationships.

Which of the following alternatives best completes the given paragraph?

- A) On the whole, Charles Dickens is regarded as one of the most notable English novelists.
B) Therefore, fantasy has become increasingly popular, especially in the form of science fiction.
C) At the other, some novels are meant simply as entertainment, such as detective stories and much science fiction.
D) At the same time, the reading public has increased in numbers, especially among the educated.
E) Novelists prefer writing about personal experiences to writing about social events.

40. Most of our misconceptions of art stem from a lack of consistency in the use of the words "art" and "beauty". We always assume that all that is beautiful is art, or that all art is beautiful, that what is not beautiful is not art, and that ugliness is the negation of art. This identification of art and beauty is at the bottom of all our difficulties in the appreciation of art.
- A) Naturalism is often confused with "realism", a true-life style of art which focuses on social realities and observable facts, rather than the ideals and aesthetics.
- B) The painter usually expresses himself by the representation of the visible world
- C) So we can say that we are only consistent in our misuse of these words.
- D) Expressionism in modern art is a distinct movement, having little or nothing in common with cubism.
- E) The painter usually expresses himself by the representation of the visible world.

MURAT YAYINLARI

41. I firmly believe that the disadvantages of working here outweigh the advantages.

Which of the following alternatives best restates the given sentence?

- A) I am certain that the advantages outweigh the disadvantages.
- B) I'm convinced that there are more disadvantages of working here than advantages.
- C) It seems to me that the advantages and the disadvantages balance each other.
- D) I need to weigh the disadvantages against advantages.
- E) I wonder whether there are more disadvantages than advantages.

MURAT YAYINLARI

42. - 44 SORULARI AŞAĞIDAKI PARÇAYA GÖRE CEVAPLAYINIZ.

Pride and Prejudice, by far the most popular of all Jane Austen's novels, requires no detailed description. Jane Austen said of it that it "is rather too light, and bright, and sparkling; it wants shade," and this is perhaps the reason for its popularity. The precision and vivacity of style carry the reader through the novel with ease and spirit; there is a sparkling life about the characters and rainwashed freshness about the scenery which combine to make this gayest of Jane Austen's novels, in spite of deeper overtones which emerge when Charlotte Lucas agrees to marry Mr. Collins or when Lydia is discovered to have run off with Wickham with no prospect of marriage. The speed and ski ii with which the author moves into the story is remarkable.

42. According to the passage, *Pride and Prejudice* -----

- A) doesn't need elaborate explanation
- B) is the most famous novel in English literature
- C) doesn't require shade to be understood by the readers
- D) is popular due to its vivacity of style
- E) doesn't want popularity by the readers

43. It's implied in the passage that -----

- A) there is no promising life about the characters in the novel
- B) Lydia and Wickham become happy after they have married
- C) Charlotte Lucas had an unhappy life with Mr. Collin's
- D) Jane Austen doesn't comment on her own book
- E) the landscape of the novel adds lively atmosphere into it

44. The author Jane Austen confessed -----

- A) she had the skill and ability to affect public
- B) same solutions about Lydia's marriage
- C) that she didn't write the novel on her own
- D) the reasons why *Pride and Prejudice* is so popular
- E) the ugliness of her novel

45. According to the official records, the Pueblo Indians lived in New Mexico and Arizona. They took their names "Pueblo" from the Spanish word "pueblo," meaning town or village. The Spaniards found these Indians living in apartment houses, some of them on the side of a cliff in order that they could be reached only by ladders. To protect from the attacks by Apaches, the Pueblos would pull up the ladders. They grew corn, which they watered with water flowing down in ditches. They were quite skillful at hand-craft and wove cloth, made wonderful baskets, and created jars and pots out of clay.

It is understood from the passage that the Pueblo Indians were frightened of

- A) cliff dwelling
- B) water flowing
- C) Apache Indians
- D) apartment houses
- E) solitary life

46. Metonymy refers to

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence

- A) the fact of having only a single meaning; presence of ambiguity in a word
- B) figure of speech in which a part is used for the whole.
- C) the existence of several meanings in a single word
- D) the fact of having only a single meaning; absence of ambiguity in a word
- E) a figure of speech in which the whole for part

47. The couple of words such as "doctor/patient, follow/precede, husband/wife, older/younger" are examples of

Choose the best alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Metonyms
- B) Homophones
- C) Hyponyms
- D) Converses
- E) Synonyms

48. Theperiod was the one literature age, where one of the greatest plays ever written descends (Goethe's Faust). It lasted from 1786 to 1832 (Goethe's death) or 1805 (Schiller's death) as some people.

Choose the best alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) existentialism
- B) dadaism
- C) feminism
- D) postmodernism
- E) classicism

49. is an ancient form of art that concentrates on the idealistic vision of rural life. The history of this type of verse is extensive, with beginnings in the works of Theocritus, a Greek poet, and Virgil, a great Roman writer.

Choose the best alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Ballad
- B) Elegy
- C) Pastoral poetry
- D) Sonnet
- E) Lyric

50. Which of the following writer/poet and literary movement combination is correct?

- A) Modernism- Williams Wordsworth
- B) Feminism - Toni Morrison
- C) Post-modernism - Robert Frost
- D) Romanticism-Samuel Taylor Coleridge
- E) War poetry – Langston Hughes

DENEME SINAVI - 5

1. C Pragmatics

2. E Metacognition

3. D It is produced by lip rounding.

4. A Intrapersonal - Naturalist

5. C Conduction

6. E Pedagogical grammar

7. D Calque

8. B phonotactics

9. B Cognitive-developmental view

10. B immediately corrected

5. DENEME ÇÖZÜM KİTAPÇIĞI

11. C a direct association

12. C mental

13. B sit/seat

14. B information gap

15. A is related to the learners' mastery of understanding and producing texts in the modes of listening, speaking, reading and writing, dealing with cohesion and coherence in different types of texts.

16. B. Community Language Learning

17. C Direct method

18. B There are no principles of this method which relate to this area.

19. D. eclecticism

20. B the use of demonstration and visual aids.

21. C Michigan Method

22. D Metonymy

23. B Tedious translation and grammar drills would be used to exercise and strengthen the knowledge without much attention to content.

24. D providing the correct form, without posing questions or providing comments or information related to the formation of the student's answer.

25. E Lexical

26. B Pattern practice

27. B phonologically conditioned

28. C to/ through

29. E unless

30. E You aren't obligated to be present when we meet to discuss the details of implementation, but it goes without saying that we'll be very pleased if you do join us then.

6. DENEME ÇÖZÜM KİTAPÇIĞI

31. B II. Teachers and students have different attitudes toward errors and error correction.

32. D IV. Pastoral poetry is highly conventionalized; it presents an idealized rather than realistic view of rustic life.

33. B It was not late, mummy. It was only ten o'clock.

34. A No, but you are not convinced of his innocence, are you?

35. E There are some people saying that.

36. D compounding - conversion

37. A Coinage

38. A structurally ambiguous

39. C At the other, some novels are meant simply as entertainment, such as detective stories and much science fiction.

40. C So we can say that we are only consistent in our misuse of these words.

41. B I'm convinced that there are more disadvantages of working here than advantages.
42. A doesn't need elaborate explanation
43. E the landscape of the novel adds lively atmosphere into it
44. D the reasons why *Pride and Prejudice* is so popular
45. C Apache Indians
46. A figure of speech in which a part is used for the whole.
47. D Converses
48. E classicism
49. C Pastoral poetry
50. D Romanticism-Samuel Taylor Coleridge