

1. In which of the following sentences there is a grammatical mistake caused by the subject verb agreement?
- A) The family is one of nature's masterpieces.
B) The penalty for laughing in a courtroom is six months in jail; it were not for this penalty, the jury would never hear the evidence.
C) Make sure you have finished speaking before your audience has finished listening.
D) Liverpool is doing great this season. It's close the top of the table.
E) The minority are sometimes right; the majority always wrong.

3. Which of the following sentences does not include a complex transitive verb?
- A) Elena Kagan clerked for Thurgood Marshall and has long considered him a hero
B) When the Congress unanimously elected George Washington president, he accepted reluctantly.
C) "Men drive me mad, but the question is not yet settled, whether madness is or is not the loftiest intelligence." (Edgar Allan Poe)
D) She was so hungry that she ate the whole chicken.
E) "We called him Mother Superior on account of the length of his habit." (Mark "Rent-boy" Renton, *Trainspotting*, 1996)

M Ü F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

2. In which of the following there is a different type of noun?
- A) Milk
B) Movie
C) Rice
D) Snow
E) Rain

4. In which of the following the predicate of the sentence is shown correctly?
- A) He claims that he is unbeatable.
B) She faced the whole trouble with courage.
C) He saw her in the hospital.
D) These are the candidates.
E) What you have seen is correct.

5. In which of the following options the number of syllables is not equal to the number of morphemes consisting of the word?
- A) skyscraper
 - B) taller
 - C) married
 - D) singular
 - E) happier

6. Which of the following word is monomorphemic?
- A) liberty
 - B) honesty
 - C) seniority
 - D) proximity
 - E) obscenity

7. Which of the following options best completes the given sentence below?
- A short story is usually — not more than a few effects, problems or themes. A single aspect of character's personality undergoes.
- A) enrolled in
 - B) date back
 - C) concerned with
 - D) draw upon
 - E) engrossed in

8. There is time restriction on speech, and — it is spontaneous. Since it is not recorded, it is also transient.
- A) until
 - B) although
 - C) nevertheless
 - D) nor
 - E) therefore

9. Pictograms can be classified — signs, but ideograms are more abstract, and thus, symbols. However, abstraction in ideograms was not sufficient enough — them to be called words.
- A) of / of
 - B) as / for
 - C) for / of
 - D) as / in
 - E) with / of

10. Although she claims she — at the hospital all day long, I — her doing shopping at the mall this morning.
- A) worked / have been coming across
 - B) work / had come across
 - C) is working / come across
 - D) worked / is coming across
 - E) has been working / came across

11. Which of the following options contains the correct set of articles to complete the sentence below.
- Most people outside — United States have never heard of — Great Serpent Mound in — Adams County.
- A) the/the/ /
 - B) the/ /the/ /
 - C) the/the/the/ /
 - D) /the/ / /
 - E) / /the/ /

12. Which of the following sentences the underlined pronoun is misused?
- A) The competitors were deliberately blocking one another's view to gain an advantage.
 - B) We often ask ourselves why we left London.
 - C) If history repeats itself and the unexpected always happens, how incapable must man be of learning from experience.
 - D) Do you three admire one another's courage?
 - E) The members argued amongst themselves for an hour.

13. Which of the following sentences contains a punctuation error?
- A) Call me tomorrow, you can give me an answer then.
 - B) When I finish here, and I will soon, I'll be glad to help you, and that's a promise I will keep.
 - C) I locked up, and there he was : the same hot guy from the gym and the party.
 - D) The conference has people who have come from Moscow, Idaho, Springfield, California, Alamo, Tennessee, and other places as well.
 - E) Bring any two items; however, sleeping bags and tents are in short supply.

M U F R E D A T

M U F R E D A T

14. 16. soruların aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The second phase of behaviorism, neobehaviorism, was associated with Edward C. Tolman (1886-1959), Clark Hull (1884-1952), and B. F. Skinner (1904-1990). Like Thorndike, Watson, and Pavlov, the neobehaviorists believed that the study of learning and a focus on rigorously objective observational methods were the keys to a scientific psychology. Unlike their predecessors, however, the neobehaviorists were more self-consciously trying to formalize the laws of behavior. They were also influenced by the Vienna Circle of logical positivists, a group of philosophers led by Rudolph Carnap (1891-1970), Otto Neurath (1882-1945), and Herbert Feigl (1902-1988), who argued that meaningful statements about the world had to be cast as statements about physical observations. Anything else was metaphysics or nonsense, not science, and had to be rejected. Knowledge, according to the logical positivists, had to be built on an observational base, and could be verified to the extent that it was in keeping with observation.

14. It is clearly stated in the passage that ---.
- Neobehaviorism and behaviorism are somewhat identical approaches.
 - Neobehaviorists were not affected by their predecessors.
 - Neobehaviorists took into account of metaphysics in their studies.
 - Neobehaviorism never dealt with reformulating the existing laws of behaviour.
 - Neobehaviorists contributed much to the studies of logical positivists.

15. Which of the following cannot be inferred from the above passage?

- Verification of the knowledge was in line with observations.
- Scientific psychology depends solely on objective observational methods.
- Nonscientific fields should be disregarded.
- The laws of behavior were tried to be redesigned more self-consciously.
- The thoughts of Thorndike, Watson, and Pavlov, and the neobehaviorists are in similar vein.

17. Sammy : I missed the Linguistics class on Monday. Were you there?
Miranda : Yes I was. Actually, I looked for you.
Sammy : ---.

- Miranda : Yes. Shall I lend them to you?
Which of the following alternatives best completes the given dialogue?
A) Has the lecturer announced the test results?
B) I know I should have been there, but I wasn't feeling well indeed.
C) I hope you were there. Did you take notes?
D) Well, I can tell you all the details that the lecturer emphasized.
E) I had to finish a paper, so I stayed home and worked all day long.

19. Megan : Please read this report on environmental pollution.
Phillip : ---.

- Megan : I see, so am I. It seems everyone has something to say about the issue and they all repeat themselves. But this report suggests something different.
Phillip: I guess I am curious now, I'm going to have a look at it.
Which of the following alternatives best completes the given dialogue?
A) It talks about the provision of renewable sources of energy.
B) Well, then; leave it on my desk. I'll send my comments soon.
C) Is it about glass recycling? If so, I'm not interested.
D) Why don't you give it to Mike; he likes to read that sort of stuff.
E) Why? I already got rather bored with the problem. It's all the same for years.

M Ü F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

18. Tom : Have you read this new book on Noam Chomsky that everyone's talking about?
Jack : ---.

- Tom : Why not?
Jack : I gather it's not very scholarly and it's rather disparaging of Newton.
Which of the following alternatives best completes the given dialogue?
A) I'm still only half-way through it. It's thrilling.
B) Really, is he still actively writing? I didn't know that!
C) I'm not surprised. Yet I don't think it will be popular as it was thought.
D) No, I haven't. And I don't intend to, either.
E) I gather it throws a new perspective on him; is that so?

20. Peers have a more important influence on a student's success at school than advisors do.
Which of the following alternatives best restates the given sentence?

- Both the classmates and the advisors are influential on a student's success at school.
- Student's success at school is influenced more by their peers than by their advisors.
- Students who get on well with their peers have higher grades at school than those who don't.
- Not only advisors, but also peers play an important role on a student's success at school.
- Advisors have a significant effect on their students' success at school.

M Ü F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

21. Students should not try to write down everything they hear in a lecture, but just make a summary of the most important points.
Which of the following alternatives best restates the given sentence?
- A) In order not to miss any crucial point, students write everything down they hear in a lecture.
 - B) As it is hard to write everything down in a lecture, many students try to make a summary of the most important points they hear.
 - C) Though summing up the most important points is easier, students try to write down everything they hear in a lecture.
 - D) Some students write everything down in a lecture; whereas, others solely sum up the major points.
 - E) Rather than writing down everything heard during a lecture, the most important points should be summed up by the students.

22. Phonetics was studied as early as the 3rd century BC in the Indian subcontinent, with Panini's account of the place and manner of articulation of consonants in his treatise on Sanskrit. The major Indic alphabets today order their consonants according to Panini's classification. Modern phonetics begins with attempts to introduce systems of precise notation for speech sounds. The study of phonetics grew quickly in the late 19th century partly due to the invention of phonograph, which allowed the speech signal to be recorded. --- In doing so, one was able to more carefully deduce the acoustic nature of the speech signal.
Which of the following alternatives best completes the given paragraph?
- A) Phoneticians were able to replay the speech signal several times and apply acoustic filters to the signal.
 - B) The phonographs had not been in use three weeks before their effect became apparent in the classroom.
 - C) With the invention of phonograph morphological studies were flourished.
 - D) A common format is a graph with two geometric dimensions: the horizontal axis represents time or ppm, the vertical axis is frequency.
 - E) But the use of the sonograph included a set of highly complex procedures.

6

23. Psycholinguistics is an interdisciplinary field. --- Psycholinguists study many different topics, but these topics can generally be divided into answering the following questions: how do children acquire language (language acquisition)?; how do people process and comprehend language (language comprehension)?; how do people produce language (language production)?; and how do people acquire a new language (second language acquisition)?
Which of the following alternatives best completes the given paragraph?
- A) It covers certain cultures around the world expand their communication base and intergroup and interpersonal relations take on escalating significance.
 - B) Although many diverse fields are incorporated in its scope.
 - C) It specifically concentrates on Language Acquisition processes of babies.
 - D) Hence, it is studied by researchers from a variety of different backgrounds, such as psychology, cognitive science, linguistics, and speech and language pathology.
 - E) It can help us understand why we speak differently in various social contexts, and help uncover the social relationships in a community.

24. (i) There are essentially two schools of thought as to how children acquire or learn language, and there is still much debate as to which theory is the correct one. (ii) The first theory states that all language must be learned by the child. (iii) The second view states that the abstract system of language cannot be learned, but that humans possess an innate language faculty, or an access to what has been called universal grammar. (iv) It plays an important role in the learning process and proposed the zone of proximal development (ZPD) where learners construct the new language through socially mediated interaction. (v) The view that language must be learned was especially popular before 1960 and is well represented by the mentalistic theories of Jean Piaget and the empiricist Rudolf Carnap.
Which of the sentences in the given paragraph is irrelevant, violating its unity and coherence?
- A) i
 - B) ii
 - C) iii
 - D) iv
 - E) v

7

25. (i) Code of conduct rules set the standard by which individuals within the school measure their relationships with others. (ii) They are based on experience and common sense as well as the traditions and changing needs of the school. (iii) Every code of conduct is different and should reflect the company's ethos, values and business style. (iv) Some do not need to be written down as they are part of the everyday life of the school, administered as a matter of course by the staff and the Headmaster. (v) The school rules are intended as guidelines for pupils in their conduct and for the Headmaster and staff in the exercise of their authority.
Which of the sentences in the given paragraph is irrelevant, violating its unity and coherence?
- A) i
 - B) ii
 - C) iii
 - D) iv
 - E) v

26. **Which of the following CANNOT be considered an influential concept on the literature produced in the Victorian Age (19th century)?**
- A) Industrial Revolution
 - B) Aristocracy
 - C) Evolution
 - D) Working Class
 - E) Inequality

27. An oxymoron is an expression that conjoins contradictory, mutually exclusive terms.
Which of the following is NOT an oxymoronic expression?
- A) objective opinion
 - B) deafening silence
 - C) definite possibility
 - D) sweet silence
 - E) living dead

28. **Which of the following is NOT correct regarding Geoffrey Chaucer and his masterpiece *The Canterbury Tales*?**
- A) Chaucer was an innovative writer who also influenced the following era, the Renaissance.
 - B) Chaucer lived during the Middle English Period.
 - C) *The Canterbury Tales* is a frame narrative that contains various independent stories.
 - D) *The Canterbury Tales* is the story of a group of thirty people who travel as pilgrims to Canterbury.
 - E) Chaucer is known as the father of English prose thanks to his *Canterbury Tales*.

29. --- is an artistic form in which human or individual vices, folly, abuses, or shortcomings are held up to censure by means of ridicule, derision, burlesque, irony, or other methods, sometimes with an intent to bring about improvement. Literature and drama are its chief vehicles, but it is also found in such mediums as film, the visual arts (e.g., caricatures), and political cartoons.
- Hyperbole
 - Tragedy
 - Satire
 - Cosmic Irony
 - Metaphor

31. Which of the following sentences uses denotative language?
- "If you prick us, do we not bleed? / If you tickle us, do we not laugh?"
 - I posted a video on YouTube about how boring and useless YouTube is.
 - Why, then, O brawling love! O loving hate! / O anything, of nothing first create!
 - The wind whispered through dry grass.
 - All the world's a stage, and all the men and women merely players.

33. Which of the following sentences doesn't include recursion?
- Fiona stayed at a lodge which was very luxurious.
 - The testees who passed the pretest will be able to attend the final test to get the job.
 - Jimmy and his girlfriend Sarah left home after supper.
 - Ian told me that he enjoyed the night very much.
 - Dave would like to know what I purchased from the mall.

36. Which of the following words cannot form minimal pairs?
- fought-sought
 - pin-sin
 - ice-though
 - put-pot
 - bold-cold

M U F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

30. "He is young Leopold, as in a retrospective arrangement, a mirror within a mirror (hey, presto!), he beholdeth himself. That young figure of then is seen, precious manly, walking on a nipping morning from the old house in Clambrassil to the high school, his book satchel on him bandolier wise, and in it a goodly hunk of wheaten loaf, a mother's thought."
- The foregoing excerpt from *Ulysses* by James Joyce uses --- as its narrative technique.
- Authorial intrusion
 - In Medias Res*
 - Unreliable Narration
 - Metatextion
 - Stream of Consciousness

M U F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

34. Which of the following sentence has undergone transformation?
- Every night she talks on the phone.
 - She will submit the paper to you.
 - Did he ask you to leave the house?
 - I assume there is not such a thing that exists.
 - There are children playing in the yard.

32. King Hrothgar, the ruler of the Danes, is troubled by the rampages of a demon named Grendel. Every night, Grendel attacks King Hrothgar's wealthy mead-hall, Heorot, killing Danish warriors and sometimes even eating them. Hrothgar was a great warrior in his time, but now he's an old king and can't seem to protect his people. Fortunately, a young Geat warrior travels to Heorot Hall from his own lands overseas to lend a helping hand.
- Which famous work of English Literature is summarised above?
- The Death of Arthur*
 - Sir Gawain and the Green Knight*
 - Piers the Plowman*
 - Beowulf*
 - Paradise Lost*

35. A number of --- form the dialect boundaries.
- Idiols
 - Pluggins
 - Accents
 - Isoglosses
 - Creoles

37. A: I heard that you are the new engineer.
B: Yeah, I am. I got my degree from University of Georgia State in 2001 and I have my M.A. on the seismological events in India zone in Middle East. Before I got here, I had been working as a field researcher many well-known companies.

- Which of the following maxims is violated as Speaker B fails to obey?
- Maxim of quantity
 - Maxim of manner
 - Maxim of relation
 - Maxim of quality
 - Semantic rules

38. Which of the following sentences includes a **deictic expression**?
- A) Taking photographs is forbidden in Military Zones.
 - B) Tom never goes on tracking in unknown routes.
 - C) London is the capital of England.
 - D) How many elective courses are you offered in the fall term?
 - E) Sally looked really exhausted the day before.

39. Saying "Work is the curse of drinking classes" instead of "Drink is the curse of working classes" is a speech error caused by ____ phenomena.
- A) Tip-of-the tongue
 - B) Slip-of the ear
 - C) Bits of slung
 - D) Spoonerism
 - E) Malapropism

40. Which of the following is regarded as **prelinguistic stage** in First Language Acquisition?
- A) The holophrastic stage
 - B) The babbling stage
 - C) The telegraphic stage
 - D) The one-word stage
 - E) The two-word stage

41. Which of the following is true about **Interlanguage**?
- A) It is a system similar to the first language but different from the second language.
 - B) It contains errors of transfer only while comparing languages.
 - C) It is a dynamic system changing parallel to increasing amount of input received by the learner.
 - D) It is static system different from the second language, but similar to the first language
 - E) It can change even the input does not exist.

42. In **Silent Way**, the use of mother-tongue can be seen in ____.
- A. introducing structural patterns
 - B. during the warm up session
 - C. while practicing sounds by using fidel chart
 - D. during structured feedback sessions
 - E. while correcting students' errors.

43. A1 have **information** to tell you, don't be late.
- B: **Uncountable**
- A: I have information to tell you, don't be late. Which of the following techniques is used above to show that something is wrong with the utterance of the student?
- A) Metalinguistic feedback
 - B) Repeating
 - C) Explicit correction
 - D) Recast
 - E) Echoing

44. A student with high **Intrapersonal Intelligence** prefers to learn by ____.
- A) moving, hearing and interacting with space
 - B) collaborating and sharing
 - C) listening, saying, seeing words
 - D) self-regulated instruction and individual projects.
 - E) sorting, categorizing and classifying information

45. "They aim to place test-takers along a mathematical continuum in rank order. Scores are usually reported back to the test-taker in the form of a numerical score and a percentile rank." Which type of test is mentioned above?
- A) Criterion-referenced tests
 - B) Norm-referenced tests
 - C) Discrete-point tests
 - D) Integrative tests
 - E) Communicative Language Tests

46. If the units of a coursebook includes expressions like "at work", "at school", "at a café" etc., it probably focuses on ____ syllabus.
- A) Lexical
 - B) Notional-functional
 - C) Situational
 - D) Task-based
 - E) Procedural

47. ... suggests an "invisible" view of language proficiency: that vocabulary, grammar, phonology, the "four-skills" and other points of language could not be disentangled from each other in language performance.

Which of the following completes the given utterance above?

- A) Discrete-point test
- B) Integrative test
- C) Divisibility hypothesis
- D) Performance test
- E) Unitary trait hypothesis

49. Which of the following is not true about lesson plans?

- A) They enable teachers to keep record of what has been done during teaching process.
- B) The frequency of using of written lesson plans increases along with the teachers' level of experience.
- C) They aid instructors to specify teaching aims.
- D) They include suggestions for further teaching experiences.
- E) They make it easier for teachers to expect potential problems while teaching.

M U F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

50. In this type of activity a city plan is given to students as well as a list including names and places of many buildings. Students are organized in pairs and each pair is given two copies of which one is taken by Student As and the other is taken by Student Bs. Bs are asked to design their own cities by selecting the buildings and places from the ones in the board as they wish. Student Bs are asked to keep their cities not known by their pairs. Then student As get their blank plans and Bs designed cities. Students As should ask questions to student Bs about the places and buildings to complete and design their cities accordingly.

Which of the following is the activity mentioned above?

- A) Opinion Gap
- B) Information Gap
- C) Problem-Solving
- D) Role-Play
- E) Reasoning Gap

48. Which of the following is true about young learners?

- A) They have a range of life experience that might be addressed throughout the lesson.
- B) They need individual attention and approval from the teacher.
- C) It is true that they can engage with abstract thoughts.
- D) They have clear goals and expectations from the learning process.
- E) There is a tendency towards young learners to be more disciplined.

1. E seçeneğindeki minority kelimesinden sonra "is" gelmesi gerekirken "are" kullanılmış.
CEVAP: E
3. Complex transitive verb hem bir belirli nesne hem de belirli nesneyi tanımlayan diğer bir nesnenin ya da tanımlayıcı bir öğenin kullanımını gerektirir. D şikkinde sadece tek bir nesne vardır ve ate fiili sadece transitive "geçişli fiil" olarak tanımlanabilir.
CEVAP: D

M Ü F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

4. Traditional Grammar'a göre cümle iki ana parçadan oluşur. Özne ve özneyi nitelleyen bir (predicete) yüklem. Bu durumda predicata özne hariç cümlenin geri kalan öğelerinin hepsidir. C seçeneğindeki "He saw her in the hospital." cümlesinde predicata doğru bir şekilde gösterilmiştir.
CEVAP: C

2. A,C,D ve E seçenekleri uncountable noun iken B seçeneğindeki movie kelimesi countable'dir.
CEVAP: B

5. Bir kelimede ki hece sayısını hesaplatırken "vowel" sayısına, morfiem sayısını hesaplatırken ise kık ve aldığı eklerin toplamına bakılır. Buna göre hece- morfiem sayıları sırasıyla "skyscraper" (3-3), "taller" (2-2), "married" (2-2), "singular" (3-2), "trappier" (2-2). Not: hece sayısını hesaplatırken yazılışa değil okunuşa dikkat ediniz.

CEVAP: D

7. Enroll in (kayıldınmak okul, kolej v.b), date back (geçmiş bir tarihte gönderme yapmak), concerned with (ilgili olmak), draw upon (kullanmak) ve er-gross in (birşeyle meşgul olmak-Orneğin, She's engrossed in books. Cümledeki anlamlı bir şekilde tamamlayan concerned with iladedir.

CEVAP: C

9. Cümledeki context'e göre classified "as" ile enough ise "for" ile kullanılır.

CEVAP: B

11. United States iladesi ve Great Serpent Mound başına "the" artikeli alınken, Adams County hiç bir artikelle ihtiyacı duymaz.

CEVAP: A

M O D E R N İ T

Y A A Y I N L A R I

6. Monomorphemic tek morfiemli demektir. Buna göre kelimenin hiçbir şekilde ek almamış olması gerekir. Homest-honesty, senior-seniorly, proximal-proximally, obscene-obscenely kelimelerinde türemiş (denkasyonel ekleri görmekteyiz) ancak liberty kelimesi ek almamış tek morfiemlidir.

CEVAP: A

8. Bogulduğın soru tarafında konuşma dilinde zaman kullanılması istendiğinden sağında ise sportan duduğundan bahsedilmektedir. Cümledeki bu iki parçanın en anlamlı bir şekilde tamamlayacak bağlaç "therefore" dur.

CEVAP: E

10. Although ziflik bağlacında zaman uyumu aranmamaktadır. Ancak ana cümledeki come across fill süretilik bildirmediklerinden continuous anlamlar içeren A ve D şıkları elenir. All day long iladesi present perfect continuous'u, this morning iladesi ise past simple'i işaret ettiğinden E seçeneği cümleyi en uygun şekilde tamamlar.

CEVAP: E

M O D E R N İ T

Y A A Y I N L A R I

12. E seçeneğindeki pronoun "The members" dan bahsettiği için temsilis olmalıdır. İlgili yerde possessive pronoun değil object pronoun kullanımı gerekir.

CEVAP: E

13. C seçeneğinde "the was" iladesinden sonra gelen "the" ögesinle ilişkin direkt bir bilgi vermektedir. Bu tür cümle yapılarında Semicolon (;) yerine dash (-) kullanılmaktadır.

CEVAP: C

14. "Unlike their predecessors, however, the neobehaviorists were more self-consciously trying to formalize the laws of behavior. They were also influenced by the Vienna Circle of logical positivists...." İfadisine göre "Neobehaviorists" atalarından etkilenmişlerdir aksine "Vienna Circle of logical positivists...." adı bir grubun etkisi altındadır.

CEVAP: C

16. Parçada yer alan "Knowledge, according to the logical positivists, had to be built on an observational base, and could be verified to the extent that it was in keeping with observation." ifadesine göre logical positivists bilgiyi gözlemsel bir tabana oturtmuşlardır. Diğer seçeneklerdeki bilgiler ya parçadaki ifadelerle ters düşmekte ya da buradaki ifadelerden çıkarılmamaktadır.

CEVAP: A

17. Diyaloğa göre Sammy Dilbilim dersini kaçırmıştır ve Mirand'ın verdiği son cevaba göre "I end them to you" Sammy'nin kaçırdığı ders notundan bahsedilmektedir.

CEVAP: C

18. Diyaloğa göre Chomsky hakkında çıkan, son kitabın okunup okunmadığı sorulmuştur "Have you read?". Soruya cevap verebilen ve "Why not?" ifadesiyle devam eden konuşmaya göre D seçeneği diyaloğu anlamlı bir şekilde tamamlamaktadır.

CEVAP: D

15. B seçeneğinde Bilimsel Psikolojinin "soley" yalnızca "objective observational methods" a dayıldığı ifade edilmektedir. Parçada ise bu çıkarıma varılabilecek bir ifade yer almamaktadır.

CEVAP: B

19. Diyaloğa göre çevre kirliliğiyle ilgili bir rapor okunması tavsiye edilmektedir. Megan'ın "I see; so am I. It seems everyone has something to say about the issue and they all repeat themselves. But this report suggests something different." ifadesine göre Phillip'in bende demesini gerektirecek tek cevap E seçeneğidir.

CEVAP: E

21. Cümleye anlamca en yakın ifade E seçeneğinde "Derste duyulan her şeyi yazmak yerine, en önemli noktalar öğrencilerce özetlenmelidir." ifadesinde verilmektedir.

CEVAP: B

M Ü F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

M Ü F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

22. Parçadaki sesbiliminin gelişim süreci anlatılmamıştır. Bu süreçte fonografin icatına vurgu yapılmıştır. Bu ses sinyallerinin kaydedilebileceği belirtilmiştir. Boşlukta sonra gelen ifade cihazın sunduğu bazı fonksiyonların sonuçlarına dair ipuçları verdiğinden, boşluğa bu fonksiyonlara dair bir ifade gelmelidir. Bu nedenle parçayı anlamca en iyi tamamlayan seçenek A seçeneğidir.

CEVAP: A

20. Cümleye anlamca en yakın ifade B seçeneğinde "Öğrencilerin başkanı danışmanlardan daha çok akranlarından etkilenmektedir" ifadesinde işlenmektedir.

CEVAP: B

5

4

23. Parçadan Psikodilbilimin disiplinlerarası bir alan olduğundan ve çok farklı alanlarda ve farklı konularda çalışmalar yapıldığından söz ediliyor. Buradan hareketle ilgili alanların bahsedildiği D seçeneği parçayı en iyi tanımlayan seçenektir.

CEVAP: D

26. 19. Yüzyılda Aristokrasî etkisini ve önemini yitirmiş bir sınıftır. Bu dönemde edebiyatı yenilerden Sanayi Devrinin (Industrial Revolution) tarıma sekte vurması ile şehrîlere göçerek işçi sınıfını (Working Class) oluşturan sınıftır. Bu sınıftır hayatta kalma mücadelesi ise Darwin'in Evrim Teorisi'nin (Evolution) "survival of the fittest" argümanının sosyal boyutunu ifade etmektedir. Diğer yandan bu sınıfın yaşamındaki zorluklar, üst sınıflar ile bu sınıf arasındaki eşitsizliğe (inequality) işaret etmektedir.

CEVAP: B

28. E şıklı harf diğer şıklarda verilen bilgiler doğrudur. E şıklıdaki yanlış bilgi ise şu şekilde düzeltilir: Chaucer is known as the father of English poetry.

CEVAP: E

31. B şıklıdaki irony ya da sarcasm, C şıklıdaki oxymoron (oxymoron), D şıklıdaki whispér kelimesi ile personification ve E şıklıdaki da world ve stage kavramlarının karşılaştırılması ile metaphor kullanıldığını görüyoruz. Böylece bu cümlelerin tanımı da connotative/figurative language kullanılmıştır diyebiliriz. A şıklıdaki ise tüm kelimelerin sözlük anlamlarına kullanıldığını, herhangi bir mecaz olmadığını görüyoruz.

CEVAP: A

24. I Cümlede göçüklerin dili nasıl edipni öğrendikleriyle ilgili iki görüş olduğundan bahsedilmektedir. II ve III. Cümleler "The first theory" ve "The second view" ifadeleriyle direkt olarak ilgiliken, IV. cümlede ise ilk iki görüşten farklı olarak Social Interactionist view ile ilgili bilgi verilmiştir. Anlam bütünlüğünü bozan seçenek D'dir.

CEVAP: D

25. I, II, IV ve V numaralı cümlelerde okullardaki code of conduct anlatılırken III'ü nolu cümlede ise iş hayatındaki yer ve önemi deir bilgi verilmektedir.

CEVAP: C

27. Oxyiron birbirine zıt yapı ya da ifadelerin anlam ifade edecek şekilde yan yana gelmesi ile oluşan bir söz sanatıdır. A şıklıda objective ve opinion kelimeleri dogaları itibarıyla birbiri ile çelişmektedir. Diğer şıklarda da buna benzer karşıtlıklar görülmektedir. D şıklıdaki sweet ve silence kelimeleri zıt/çelişikli anlamlar taşımamaktadır.

CEVAP: D

30. Verilen bölümde düşüncelerin birinden diğerine geçişimle sıradığını görüyoruz. Örneğin, son bölümde oku parçasından buğday ekmeğine ve bundan da bir annenin düşüncesine atlanıyor. Dolayısıyla burada, serbest geçişime dayanan stream of consciousness tekniği kullanılmıştır demek mümkün değildir.

CEVAP: E

32. Bir Eski İngilizce Dönemi eseri olan Beowulf'ta Danimarka kralı Hrothgar'ın ülkesine dadanan Gren-del adlı bir canavar için kahraman Beowulf'dan yardım istemesi ve Beowulf'un gelip halkı Gren-del'den kurtarışı anlatılmaktadır.

CEVAP: D

33. Recursion içeren cümle yapıları birbirini tekrar eden ya da iç içe geçmiş yapıları işaret eder. İlgili cümlelerde "that", "who", "which" v.b. relative clause'lar (subordination) yer alabilir. C seçeneğinde bahsedilen subordinating kelimelerden biri olmadığı gibi tekrar eden ya da iç içe geçmiş bir yapı bulunmamaktadır.

CEVAP: C

35. Bir bölgedeki bir kelimenin (Örme-si-dar) farklı yörelerde farklı biçimlerde kullanılması temsil eden tamamen hayali olarak izdüşüm eğrilerine "isogloss" denir. Bu eğriler birden fazla kelime için çizildiğinde eğriler kalınlaşarak dialekt sınırını oluşturur. Bu nedenle doğru cevap "isogloss-es"dir.

CEVAP: D

37. Diyaloğa göre A'nın sorusuna B'nin verdiği cevap gerekenden oldukça fazla ve gereksizdir. Maxim of quantity verilen cevabın gereken uzunluğa ve bilgilendirici olmasını istemektedir. Ne eksik ne de fazla olması gerekir.

CEVAP: A

39. İlgili örnek William A. Spooner'ın kendisiyle özdeşleşmiş konuşma hatalarından biridir. Bu tarz hatalarda ya cümle içinde farklı yerlerde bulunan kelimeler ya da kelimelerin baş sesleri yer değiştirmiştir.

CEVAP: D

M Ü F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

34. Transformation cümledeki öğelerin yer değiştirilmesi ile ilgilidir. Bilindiği üzere İngiliz dil yapısına göre sözdizimsel olarak default value SVO şeklindedir. A seçeneğinde cümle "She talks on the phone every night" olması gerekirken, "Every night she talks on the phone." haline dönüşmüş, every night adverbial'i cümle sonundan cümle başına gelmiştir.

CEVAP: A

36. Bir kelime çiftinin minimal pair olabilmesi için aynı pozisyondaki sesin (kelime baş, ortası ya da sonu) değişmesi gerekir. Değişim sadece tek sesle olmaz. Aşağıdaki fonetik sembollere baktığımızda E seçeneğinde hem kelime başındaki hem de kelime ortasındaki sesler değişmiştir. Bundan dolayı minimal pair olmayan seçenek bald-cold kelime çiftidir.

fought-sought / bɔ:t/ - /sɔ:t/
 toe-thought / təu/ - /ðəu/
 pin-sin / pɪn/ - /sɪn/
 put-pot / pʊt/ - /pɒt/
 bald-cold / bɔ:ld/ - /kəʊld/

CEVAP: E

M O F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

38. Değişik ifadeler bir cümlede tek başlarına anlamlı ifade etmeyen, bağlam içerisinde anlam bulan ifadelerdir. E seçeneğinde "the day before" ifadesinin anlaşılması için o günün hangi gün olduğunun bilinmesine yani belirli bir bağlama ihtiyacı vardır.

CEVAP: E

40. Prelinguistic stage kişinin dil öncesi yani konuşmaya başlamadan önceki dönemini işaret eder. Seçeneklerden sadece babbling stage'de hiçbir anlamlı dilsel bir üretim bulunmamaktadır.

CEVAP: B

41. İnterlanguage kişinin gelişmekte olan ikinci dilini ifade eder ve öğrenme devam ettiği dikkatli bir şekilde devamlı gelişerek değişmeye devam eder.

CEVAP: C

43. Öğrencinin yaptığı hataya öğretmenin verdiği cevap dilsel bir ipucu niteliğinde olduğundan metalinguistic feedback doğru seçenektir.

CEVAP: A

45. Sınava girenler bir matematiksel bir düzen içinde sıralayan, skorları sayısal skor ve yüzdellik dilimler halinde veren sınav türü ayrı anda birden kişiye testi olma kapasitesine sahip olan norm-referenced test'tir.

CEVAP: B

47. İlgili açıklamayı tanımlayan en iyi seçenek E seçeneği Unitary Trait Hypothesis'dir. Bu hipoteze göre dil becerileri ve dil alanları birbirinden ayrılmaz bir bütündür ve birlikte testi edilmelidir.

CEVAP: E

M Ü F R E D D A T

Y A Y I N L A R I

42. Silent Way yönteminde ana dil ders sonunda öğrencilerin o derste ne öğrendiklerini ve kendilerini nasıl hissettiklerini gibi konuların konuşulduğu yapılandırılmış dönüt verme" (structured feedback) bölümünde kullanılabılır.

CEVAP: D

44. İntrapersonal zeka kişiyi kendi kuramındaki içi düşünük zeka peşindedir. Bu zeka türüne sahip bir öğrenci D seçeneğinde belirtildiği üzere bireysel çalışmaya yatkındır.

CEVAP: D

46. Soru kökünde bahsedilen syllabus türü "iş", "okul" ve "kolej" gibi durum ve yerler üzerinden doğru cevap "situational syllabus"dir.

CEVAP: C

48. Çocuklar bireysel ilgi, alaka ve öğrenimlerinden arınma onay, özgü ve şevket beklerler. Bu şekilde duygusal bağ kurarak öğrenme ortamına konsantrasyon olabilirler. Diğer seçenekler ya adölescent ya da adultlar ile ilgilidir.

CEVAP: B

10

11

49. Öğretmenlikte kıdem ve tecrübe arttıkça ders planı kullanım sayısının arttığı bilgisi gerçeği yansıtmamaktadır birlikte asla genellenemez bir bilgidir. Genel kanı yeni mezun öğretmenlerin ders planına daha fazla ihtiyaç duyduğudur.

CEVAP: B

M Ü F R E D A T Y A Y I N L A R I

50. Paragrafa göre öğrencilerin biri diğerinin sahip olmadığı bilgiye sahiptir. A öğrencisi B öğrencisine sorular sorarak şehri aldığı bilgiler doğrultusunda tasarlayacaktır. Bu tarz soru cevap şeklinde ilerleyen aktiviteler information-gap tipinde sıklıkla görülür.

CEVAP: B

