

QUIZ 1

(Units 1-5)



A. Choose the correct answer. (2 points each)

- After Sedef _____ her project here, she _____ to Olympos for a vacation.
A) will finish / goes
B) finished / has gone
C) finishes / will go
D) has finished / went
- If somebody _____ on the telephone, I _____ it.
A) calls / won't answer
B) has called / don't answer
C) will call / wouldn't answer
D) called / haven't answered
- Young Billy lost all the money _____ I gave him yesterday.
A) when
B) who
C) which
D) what
- Unless Eda _____ tomorrow's meeting, we _____ the results.
A) attended / won't learn
B) doesn't attend / can't learn
C) attends / won't be able to learn
D) will attend / haven't been learning
- Murat wishes he _____ spend his summer holiday studying for exams.
A) mustn't
B) didn't have to
C) doesn't have to
D) can't
- If only there _____ something good on TV right now, we _____ so bored!
A) is / aren't
B) was / can't be
C) has been / mustn't be
D) were / wouldn't be
- Ankaragücü's goalkeeper _____ on holiday to Majorca as soon as he _____ his contract with the team.
A) will go / renews
B) goes / renewed
C) has gone / is going to renew
D) is going / will renew
- _____ you could come to the graduation ceremony—we'd all love to see you there.
A) Who
B) I wish
C) When
D) Unless
- Michael used to be able to speak French quite well, but he doesn't _____.
A) yet
B) no longer
C) any more
D) more
- _____ Nurdan returns the book she borrowed, I won't lend her anything again.
A) I wish
B) If
C) If only
D) Unless
- If a barbecue party _____ at the end of the year by the department, Cevzâ _____ herself a new dress.
A) will give / buys
B) is given / will buy
C) has been given / bought
D) gives / has bought
- When I _____ from high school, I _____ university immediately—I'd like to work for a year or two first.
A) graduate / won't start
B) graduated / wouldn't start
C) have graduated / don't start
D) will graduate / didn't start
- If you _____ the importance of recycling, I'm sure that you _____ all that paper into the garbage like that.
A) know / don't have to throw
B) would know / haven't thrown
C) have known / aren't throwing
D) knew / wouldn't throw
- Did you help that old man _____ you met on the street yesterday?
A) what
B) which
C) where
D) —

15. _____ your son _____ have long dark hair when he was a little boy?
 A) Has / been able to
 B) Is / going to
 C) Did / use to
 D) Was / able to
16. Alicia:
 - I've bought my plane tickets, and am flying back to Flagstaff tonight.
 Julester:
 - Oh! I wish you _____ with us for a few more days.
 A) have stayed B) could stay
 C) will stay D) are going to stay
17. If this hotel _____ better service, we _____ leave it.
 A) provided / wouldn't
 B) will provide / don't
 C) has provided / won't
 D) provides / didn't
18. Letters used to be a very common way of keeping in touch, but most people don't write letters _____—they use e-mail instead.
 A) neither B) no longer
 C) any longer D) either
19. If Özge _____ enough money, she _____ the car she's wanted for years.
 A) will save / could buy
 B) could save / bought
 C) can save / will buy
 D) saves / has bought
20. When I was a child, my parents _____ me presents when I was sick. It was wonderful.
 A) have bought
 B) used to buy
 C) have been buying
 D) must buy

B. Rewrite the following sentences using the words given in parentheses to give a similar meaning. (2 points each)

1. Arzu lost the earrings They were given to her on her birthday last month — (*which*)

2. I'm not good at maths, so I can't help you with your homework — (*if*)

3. Cengiz will water the houseplants tomorrow first, then, he will do the shopping — (*before*)

4. A student has been punished He skipped school to go to a football match — (*who*)

5. You don't know how to spell *mudâhale*, so you will lose the spelling contest — (*if only*)

6. Meliha won't apply for the job, because she doesn't like the company — (*if*)

7. Koray will practise the drums for a year, and then he will join a rock band — (*after*)

8. That tall girl is in my class She is walking with Ulaş — (*who*)

9. Don't leave your backpack on the chair Someone may steal it — (*if / be*)

10. Nilay works late in the evenings She doesn't have time to play with her children — (*if*)

C. Choose the correct answer to complete the passages. (2 points each)

Bill Gates, the person (1) _____ is known as the world's richest man, was born in 1955, and grew up in Seattle, Washington, with his two sisters. He attended public elementary school and then a private school (2) _____ he discovered his interest in software. At the age of 13, Gates began programming computers. In 1973, he entered Harvard University as a freshman. In his junior year, Gates left Harvard to devote his energies to Microsoft—the company (3) _____ he'd begun working on in 1975 with his childhood friend Paul Allen. They believed (4) _____ the computer would be a valuable tool on every office desktop and in every home someday, so they began developing personal computer software (5) _____ functions would be almost unlimited. The rest is history.

1.

- | | |
|---------|----------|
| A) when | B) where |
| C) who | D) which |

2.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| A) what | B) who |
| C) which | D) where |

3.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| A) which | B) where |
| C) who | D) when |

4.

- | | |
|----------|---------|
| A) that | B) what |
| C) which | D) how |

5.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| A) which | B) whose |
| C) that | D) what |

Berk: Hey, Gul

Gül: Hey, Berk. Isn't it great that school's almost over?

Berk: Yeah. So, Gul—what (6) _____ you do when school _____?

Gül: I'm not planning to wait even a day. (7) _____ the last bell rings, I'm going on a trip to the Black Sea, or maybe to the southeast.

Berk: Where will you go (8) _____ you visit the southeast?

Gül: Definitely Mardin—I've heard it's a beautiful place. Hopefully I can go to see Mount Nemrut, too.

Berk: Wow—that sounds great.

Gül: Actually, my parents and I (9) _____ go to the southeast every summer when I was very young, but we don't (10) _____

Berk: Well, I hope you have a nice holiday.

6.

- | |
|-----------------------|
| A) will / finishes |
| B) can / finished |
| C) did / has finished |
| D) may / will finish |

7.

- | | |
|---------------|------------|
| A) Before | B) Until |
| C) As soon as | D) If only |

8.

- | | |
|-----------|---------|
| A) unless | B) that |
| C) which | D) if |

9.

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| A) might | B) used to |
| C) can | D) will |

10.

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| A) still | B) no longer |
| C) any more | D) yet |

D. Read the passages below and then answer the questions according to them. (2.5 points each)

Edward P Jones was born in Washington, D C , in 1950 He graduated from the College of the Holy Cross in Worcester, Massachusetts, and earned his master's degree from the University of Virginia After that, he taught creative writing at the George Washington University and Princeton Jones' especially powerful story "Marie" appears in his first book, 1992's *Lost in the City* The book is a collection of stories about his hometown The book was nominated for the 1992 National Book Award, though it did not win the competition

Jane Austen (1775–1817) was born in Steventon, Hampshire She was the first British woman to become a famous novelist She was her parents' seventh child and second daughter, and began writing as a child to entertain her family Her books were about the daily lives of upper-class people in Bath, London, and the English countryside Her first novel, *Sense and Sensibility*, was published in 1811 *Pride and Prejudice*, her most famous novel, followed in 1813 She became ill in 1816, and moved to Winchester the next year in order to recover, but died almost at once

1. Edward Jones' works _____ .

- A) have won several awards across the country
- B) sometimes deal with the place where Jones grew up
- C) were mostly written at the College of the Holy Cross
- D) were all put together in one book in 1992

2. Jones _____ .

- A) continues to live in the town where he was born
- B) wrote his stories in very short sentences
- C) once knew someone whose name was Marie
- D) was born in the middle of the 20th century

3. The author of the passage seems to think that _____ .

- A) Jones was an excellent creative writing teacher
- B) *Lost in the City* did not really deserve the National Book Award
- C) "Marie" is the best story in Jones' 1992 book
- D) Jones is the best living American writer

4. *Lost in the City* _____ .

- A) was not finished until after 1992
- B) was about Jones' life at university
- C) does not include only one story
- D) was written before Jones' graduation

5. Before Jane Austen, _____ .

- A) there were no women writers in England
- B) there were no well-known British female novelists
- C) her parents had had eight children already
- D) Steventon in Hampshire was a very quiet place

6. At first, Austen's reason for writing was _____ .

- A) to provide enjoyment for others
- B) to enter a writing contest for children
- C) to try to understand literature better
- D) to help herself get an academic education

7. We understand that Austen's characters _____ .

- A) are from the higher levels of British society
- B) have many romantic and adventurous qualities
- C) are mostly real historical figures
- D) prefer the English countryside to Bath or London

8. *Pride and Prejudice* _____ .

- A) was the first book that Austen wrote
- B) exactly reflected Austen's own life
- C) won a literature award in 1813
- D) is Austen's most well-known book

GOOD LUCK

QUIZ 2

(Units 1-10)



A. Choose the correct answer. (2 points each)

1. Boy: What can I buy with \$0.75?
Cashier: _____ a bar of chocolate _____
a bag of cookies, but not the
two of them.
- A) Either / or B) Neither / nor
C) Some / too D) Both / and
2. A: Why didn't Larry enjoy the film? We all
had a good time, but he didn't.
B: Hmm. Maybe he _____ it before.
- A) sees B) had seen
C) could see D) was seeing
3. By the time the manager _____ back, Cem
_____ the work already.
- A) had come / would finish
B) has come / has finished
C) comes / finished
D) came / had finished
4. I have read _____ *Murder on the Orient
Express* _____ *Crooked House* by Agatha
Christie—they're very thrilling.
- A) either / or B) both / and
C) neither / nor D) some / none
5. So far this month, I _____ six essays, but
last month wasn't so busy, because I _____
only two.
- A) wrote / was writing
B) had written / have written
C) have written / had to write
D) write / will be able to write
6. I was surprised to hear that Arzu _____ a
degree when she _____ only 19.
- A) had been awarded / would be
B) awarded / has been
C) was awarded / was
D) had awarded / is
7. As soon as I _____ into my car, it _____
raining heavily.
- A) get / started B) had got / started
C) got / starts D) will get / starts
8. Child: Who was Bi Sheng? I heard his
name on a TV show.
Father: Bi Sheng was an 11th-century
Chinese salesman _____ invented
printing.
- A) who B) which
C) where D) when
9. We weren't at all pleased with the conditions
in the hotel _____ we stayed last summer.
- A) that B) which
C) what D) where
10. _____ Sema _____ Pinar is coming on the
trek in Maşukiye with us, because they're
busy studying for their final exams.
- A) Neither / nor
B) Either / or
C) Both / and
D) Only / but
11. The floors _____ before the windows _____.
- A) have been swept / cleaned
B) would sweep / have been cleaned
C) had been swept / were cleaned
D) had swept / had been cleaned
12. You _____ home from school all the time
when you were young, didn't you?
- A) can hurry
B) could hurry
C) have hurried
D) used to hurry
13. A: What did you think of Scott and Girija's
performance?
B: Oh, it's clear that they're _____ very
talented dancers.
- A) any B) either
C) none D) both
14. Recep _____ home from holiday and saw
that somebody _____ into his house.
- A) came / had broken
B) had come / broke
C) comes / will break
D) has come / breaks

15. Before she _____ on to Assos, Esra _____ some friends in Çanakkale.

- A) has gone / had visited
- B) will go / visited
- C) goes / will visit
- D) went / has visited

16. Before we bought our new apartment, it _____ by an old couple and nobody _____ in it for a long time.

- A) was owned / lives
- B) had been owned / had lived
- C) has been owned / lived
- D) had owned / had been lived

17. Unfortunately for Dursun, when he _____ to the bus stop this morning, the bus _____ already _____ .

- A) gets / is going
- B) will get / has gone
- C) got / had gone
- D) has got / was going

18. I wish I _____ buy that book _____ is on the top shelf, but I can't afford it.

- A) can / who
- B) can / that
- C) could / —
- D) could / which

19. _____ football _____ weightlifting are boring to me; I just don't find them interesting at all.

- A) Both / and
- B) Some / either
- C) Neither / nor
- D) Either / or

20. A: I'm 26 years old and I _____ three jobs so far. How about you?

B: I _____ even one job, but I'm only 16.

- A) had had / didn't have
- B) have had / haven't had
- C) have / wasn't having
- D) had / hadn't had

B. Rewrite the following sentences using the words given in parentheses to give a similar meaning. (2 points each)

1. I like the dress Canan is wearing it right now — (*which*)

2. Murat doesn't smoke His wife, Gulsun, doesn't smoke, either — (*neither*)

3. We must take Şebnem to the doctor immediately She's got a 40° fever — (*if / be*)

4. I was given this address by a woman I talked to her on the plane last week — (*who*)

5. Şeyda and Tuğba finished their work Then, they went out for a drink — (*after*)

6. I find working outdoors uncomfortable I find working with other people uncomfortable, too — (*both / and*)

7. I haven't got a car, so I can't give you a lift to the train station — (*if*)

8. Michael ate all the cake Then, his parents got home — (*before*)

9. The film had lots of action It had lots of special effects, too We watched it last night — (*which / both / and*)

10. Ayşe left Then, Mehmet arrived at the cafe — (*by the time / already*)

C. Choose the correct answer to complete the passages. (2 points each)

My son, Kaan, has a very messy room. For example, by the time I (1) _____ home at 7 o'clock yesterday, nothing in his room (2) _____. The toys (3) _____ He had (4) _____ left his bed messy _____ left his computer on. But today—for some reason—everything is different, because he (5) _____ his room in order. I wonder why

1.

- A) arrive B) was arriving
C) arrived D) had arrived

2.

- A) had done B) had been done
C) has been done D) did

3.

- A) couldn't tidy
B) haven't tidied
C) hadn't been tidied
D) weren't tidying

4.

- A) both / and B) neither / nor
C) either / both D) either / or

5.

- A) has been put B) was putting
C) had put D) has put

Kemal: Is there anything from the shopping list (6) _____ I forgot to buy?

Mrs. İmdat: Yes—you bought (7) _____ flour _____ rice

Kemal: Oh, no! But I thought that I (8) _____ everything (9) _____ you needed

Mrs. İmdat: Oh, don't worry. I'll get them myself soon

Kemal: Hey, guess what? I saw Ahmet at the market. Do you remember him—the boy (10) _____ father was a teacher at my school?

Mrs. İmdat: Oh, yes, I remember. How's he doing?

Kemal: Great

6.

- A) what B) where
C) that D) who

7.

- A) both / and B) neither / nor
C) either / and D) either / or

8.

- A) have bought B) had bought
C) would buy D) can buy

9.

- A) — B) what
C) whose D) where

10.

- A) who B) where
C) whose D) when

D. Read the passages below and then answer the questions according to them. (2.5 points each)

John Steinbeck was one of the most significant figures of 20th-century American literature. He wrote twelve novels, two short story collections, over ten film screenplays, many journalistic essays, and three travel narratives. His works show a keen sense of the environment and nature, especially of the Salinas Valley and Monterey Bay of the author's childhood. Steinbeck was rooted in the earth and the people of Salinas Valley, but he achieved worldwide recognition for sharp observations and powerful descriptions of the human condition that everyone could understand. He was a champion for people who were mostly ignored by society.

The period between 1450 and 1650 is known for European exploration of other parts of the world, this era is referred to as the Age of Discovery or the Age of Exploration. The European countries ventured into unknown areas, mostly in order to open up the way to Asia. While doing so, they also opened the Americas to European expansion. They wanted to get to Asia for a few different reasons: their desire for Asian products, like spices, their desire for more riches, such as gold and silver, and their desire to spread Christianity. Many different factors made it easier for European countries to expand at this time. One of these factors was technological advance. Another was political centralization in the major European countries.

1. John Steinbeck was _____ .

- A) the most important figure of his time
- B) an important writer of the 1900s
- C) a writer who spent most of his time writing for films
- D) a writer who usually expressed himself in novels

2. Some of Steinbeck's works have _____ .

- A) been completely ignored by society
- B) won important literary awards
- C) the author's childhood region as their setting
- D) been made into highly successful films

3. We learn from the passage that Steinbeck _____ .

- A) grew up near Salinas Valley and Monterey Bay
- B) wrote about people with serious health conditions
- C) uses imaginary places and people in his novels and stories
- D) was a very strong man and his eyes were very good

4. Steinbeck became known around the world because _____ .

- A) he wrote in different literary types
- B) his language was very simple
- C) everyone was interested in Salinas Valley
- D) his works appealed to everyone

5. The Age of Discovery _____ .

- A) is the same thing as the Age of Exploration
- B) remained unknown for about 200 years
- C) is the greatest period in the world's history
- D) has been given many different names

6. The Americas were first opened to the Europeans _____ .

- A) sometime before the year 1450
- B) while the Europeans were trying to reach Asia
- C) because the Europeans wanted to find new technology
- D) sometime after the year 1650

7. Becoming rich was _____ .

- A) an excellent way to spread the Christian religion
- B) the desire of every European in the Age of Exploration
- C) one reason for the exploration of new areas
- D) important for Europe's technological advance

8. European exploration was made easier because _____ .

- A) the political situation was favourable in Europe
- B) sea journeys were the only way to travel at the time
- C) geographers had become much better at making maps
- D) the Christian church controlled the Americas

GOOD LUCK

QUIZ 3

(Units 1-15)



A. Choose the correct answer. (2 points each)

1. "I am a careful driver," Cengiz said.
Cengiz said that _____ a careful driver.
A) I / was B) he / was
C) I / am D) he / is
2. Foolishly, Ben _____ a new car before he _____ his previous car.
A) can buy / sells
B) has bought / has sold
C) could buy / was selling
D) bought / sold
3. "You will visit my university next week," my father told me.
My father told me that _____ visit _____ university _____ .
A) he will / his / next week
B) you would / my / next week
C) I would / his / the following week
D) I will / my / the following week
4. "Are you thinking of changing jobs?" I asked Arzu.
I asked Arzu _____ she was thinking of changing jobs.
A) that B) how
C) if D) what
5. "Don't pick your nose!" I said to my younger brother.
I told my younger brother _____ his nose.
A) not to pick B) not picking
C) won't pick D) don't pick
6. "What time did you take your pills?" I asked Nuran.
I asked Nuran what time _____ pills.
A) it was taking / her
B) they took / their
C) you would take / your
D) she had taken / her
7. I'm tired, so I will _____ do any studying _____ help Mum with the shopping.
A) either / or B) neither / nor
C) either / neither D) both / and
8. "Do you do your homework regularly?" Ali said to me.
Ali asked me _____ homework regularly.
A) if you did your
B) whether I do his
C) if I did my
D) that I have done your
9. "Look for my keys immediately!" Elif said to Serhat.
Elif ordered Serhat _____ for _____ keys immediately.
A) will look / his B) look / my
C) looking / my D) to look / her
10. "What will you make for dinner tonight?" Serter's wife said to him.
Serter's wife asked him what _____ for dinner _____ .
A) he would make / that night
B) you will / tonight
C) you would / the following night
D) he will / that night
11. "I've already seen this movie," Mert said.
Mert said that he _____ already _____ movie.
A) — / saw this
B) has / seen this
C) had / seen that
D) would / see that
12. There was an awful noise when the car crashed _____ the tree.
A) off B) into
C) between D) for
13. Sue: "Who wrote that book?"
Sue _____ me who _____ that book.
A) asked / had written
B) said / wrote
C) told / had written
D) ordered / wrote
14. Last summer, I went back and visited the town _____ I was born for the first time ever.
A) who B) where
C) which D) that

15. When Berk went _____ a tunnel for the first time _____ his life, he got terribly frightened.

- A) from / for B) through / in
C) into / out of D) between / on

16. "I'm going to fix the TV tonight," Tahir said. Tahir says that _____ going to fix the TV _____.

- A) I am / tonight
B) he was / that night
C) you are / the following night
D) he is / tonight

17. _____ the age _____ 17, Berrin left Kayseri to attend Bilkent University in Ankara.

- A) For / through B) On / from
C) At / of D) In / about

18. I've got a lot of work to do—if only I _____ to do it all tonight!

- A) didn't have B) hadn't had
C) haven't had D) don't have

19. "Turn down the music! It's too loud!" Priscilla shouted.

Priscilla told me _____ down the music because it _____ too loud.

- A) turn / is B) to turn / has
C) turn / was D) to turn / was

20. The fish _____ we had for dinner was really delicious.

- A) when B) who
C) which D) where

B. Rewrite the following sentences using the words given in parentheses to give a similar meaning. (2 points each)

1. Osman said to his mum "Don't wait for me for dinner, because I'm going to eat out with my friends "

2. Birsen said to Sema "You can't gain wisdom without life experience "

3. Davut said to the police officer "Do you want to see my driving licence?"

4. Kerem said to me "Don't get out of the car on that side, because there's mud there "

5. Arzu said "I lost my keys last night "

6. Hakan said to Yasemin "I want to go for a holiday somewhere, but I don't know where to go "

7. I said to the Şişmanoğlus "Have you ever been to Cappadocia?"

8. My mother said to me "Will you take out the garbage before your father gets home?"

9. Ozden said to her father "I have six different classes this semester "

10. His father said to Soner "Don't play with matches, or you'll get burned "

C. Choose the correct answer to complete the passages. (2 points each)

Canan was minding her own business in Sultanahmet one day when an American tourist (1) _____ her where the Suleymaniye Mosque (2) _____. She told him he could see it if he just turned around. Then, he wanted to know if it (3) _____ by Sinan. Canan said he should buy a guidebook if he wanted to know that "Where (4) _____ get one?" said the tourist. Canan told him she had seen them on sale (5) _____ front _____ the mosque. The tourist thanked Canan and left.

1.

- A) asked B) ordered
C) claimed D) said

2.

- A) has been B) would be
C) was D) had been

3.

- A) had been built B) has been built
C) built D) had built

4.

- A) can he B) he could
C) I could D) can I

5.

- A) next to B) from to
C) on by D) in of

Ozan: I saw Ozge yesterday, and she said she (6) _____ for a new flat

Ali: Yes, I know. She called me last night, too, and wondered (7) _____ (8) _____ about any affordable flats for her.

Ozan: Hmm. I think we should tell her (9) _____ in Yeldeğirmeni. There are some affordable flats there, I think.

Ali: That's an idea. I also told her last night that she (10) _____ look in Hasanpaşa. Sometimes there are some good flats there, too.

6.

- A) has looked B) was looking
C) is looking D) will look

7.

- A) whether B) where
C) even if D) when

8.

- A) I know B) did you know
C) do you know D) I knew

9.

- A) should look B) look
C) to look D) must look

10.

- A) has to B) used to
C) could D) can

D. Read the passages below and then answer the questions according to them. (2.5 points each)

A robot can be defined as a programmed, self-controlled device with electronic, electrical, or mechanical parts. The idea of robots or robot-like devices can be traced back to medieval times. People of that era did not have a word for what is now called a "robot", but they did imagine mechanisms that could perform human-like tasks. There have been different attempts at building robots at different times in history. Miniature automata, or self-operating machines, became popular toys for the very rich in the 18th and 19th centuries. They were made to look and move like humans or small animals. The first automaton was Jacques de Vaucanson's *The Flute Player*. It was constructed in 1737, and it looked like a shepherd. It was able to play twelve different songs on a tiny flute while it was keeping time on a drum.

1. Robots _____ .

- A) were not even thought of by people during the Middle Ages
- B) are devices that have only been invented recently
- C) looked like shepherds in the 18th century
- D) are able to control themselves

2. We can understand from the passage that the word "robot" _____ .

- A) was first used in medieval times
- B) is an invention of modern times
- C) was first used by Jacques de Vaucanson
- D) is derived from the word "automaton"

3. *The Flute Player* _____ .

- A) was the first electronic robot that was designed
- B) had already been imagined in medieval times
- C) was able to make certain human-like movements
- D) controlled itself without even being programmed

4. Automata _____ .

- A) were used for entertainment in the 1700s and 1800s
- B) do not have any similarities to actual robots
- C) like *The Flute Player* were as good as real musicians
- D) could not actually do anything that was human-like

Albert Einstein was born in Ulm, Germany, in 1879. The next year, his parents moved to Munich, where Einstein began his education. Later, in 1894, his parents relocated to Italy, and Einstein was sent to Aarau, Switzerland, for schooling. In 1896, he entered the Swiss Federal Polytechnic School in Zurich to train himself as a teacher in physics and maths. In 1901, the same year that he earned his diploma, he also acquired Swiss citizenship. He was unable to find a teaching post, so he accepted a position as a technical examiner in the Swiss Patent Office. In his spare time in 1905, he produced four papers that changed the world of science. The same year, he earned his doctorate, and six years later he became a professor. Einstein's great talent as a scientist was his clear view of the exact problems that he wanted to solve, and his strong determination to actually solve them.

5. Albert Einstein's parents _____ .

- A) moved twice before Einstein was 16
- B) spent a lot of money on their son's education
- C) noticed his intelligence at a very early age
- D) supported his plan to teach physics and maths

6. When Einstein entered the Swiss Federal Polytechnic School, he _____ .

- A) was still living in Munich, Germany, with his parents
- B) knew that he would change the world of science someday
- C) was intending to be a teacher of mathematics and physics
- D) was actually planning for a career in the Swiss Patent Office

7. We learn from the passage that Einstein couldn't _____ .

- A) acquire his teaching diploma
- B) stay in Switzerland away from his parents
- C) solve especially difficult technical problems
- D) get a job as a teacher after his graduation

8. Einstein was a scientist who _____ .

- A) knew very well the things he wanted to do
- B) had less determination in his old age
- C) knew that he was the greatest in the world
- D) became a professor later than most others

GOOD LUCK

QUIZ 4

(Units 1-20)



A. Choose the correct answer. (2 points each)

1. I felt sorry _____ the children when we were _____ holiday because it rained every day.
A) about / to B) to / in
C) for / on D) into / at
2. A: Do you need any help with those bags?
B: No, thanks—I can handle them by _____.
A) yourself B) themselves
C) ourselves D) myself
3. I still haven't read _____ book that you gave me as _____ present for my last birthday.
A) the / a B) — / the
C) a / — D) a / the
4. Why do you always get so annoyed _____ other drivers?
A) for B) with
C) from D) to
5. _____ is going to help Merve do her science project, because she wants to do it _____.
A) Everyone / herself
B) Anybody / itself
C) Nobody / herself
D) Someone / themselves
6. The CD you want to listen _____ is probably on the shelf, so you can look _____ it there.
A) to / for B) on / after
C) by / at D) about / up
7. There are more languages in _____ world than there are people in _____ town I was born in.
A) — / the B) the / the
C) the / a D) a / —
8. A: I can't find the Terwiliger file. I guess that _____ took it.
B: _____ of the people in the office knew where it was, so I think you just misplaced it.
A) everyone / Any
B) anybody / Some
C) no one / All
D) somebody / None
9. A: Would you like _____ piece of chocolate cake?
B: No, thank you—but I'd love a piece of _____ cake. It's fruitcake, isn't it?
A) another / others
B) other / another
C) the other / other
D) another / the other
10. A: What does the word *tebliğ* mean?
B: I don't know, but you can _____ it _____ in the Turkish-English dictionary over there.
A) take ..off B) look...up
C) give...up D) carry. .out
11. I'd love to have _____ holiday in Nepal, because _____ Himalayas must be fantastic.
A) a / the B) — / the
C) the / — D) a / a
12. Our neighbour came and complained _____ us _____ our loud music.
A) to / about B) by / from
C) in / off D) with / on
13. A strange old man grabbed my arm and asked me where I _____.
A) have gone
B) am going
C) was going
D) will go
14. Yesterday at half past three, I saw Ayşe and Mehmet quarrelling _____ in the middle of Koşuyolu Park.
A) by / other B) to / the other
C) for / ourselves D) with / each other

15. Lola started running two hours ago, and she's still running now. She must be really out of _____ .

- A) fashion B) control
- C) breath D) order

16. Poor education _____ Turkey's most fundamental problem, because most of the other problems of the country _____ caused by poor education.

- A) is / is B) is / are
- C) are / are D) are / is

17. I am looking for _____ quiet for my holiday where I won't encounter _____ I know.

- A) somewhere / anyone
- B) anywhere / nowhere
- C) anything / nothing
- D) something / nobody

18. Because of heavy rain last night, the game was _____; it will be replayed later in the week.

- A) turned up B) put out
- C) gone on D) put off

19. My father is not very good _____ cooking, but he's really interested _____ eating

- A) on / with B) at / in
- C) by / to D) for / from

20. The Duzguns have made their plans, bought their plane tickets, packed their bags, and tomorrow they are _____ out for Rize.

- A) handing B) looking
- C) setting D) carrying

B. Rewrite the following sentences using the words given in parentheses to give a similar meaning. (2 points each)

1. The sun rose The farmer started working in the field — (*when*)

2. The landlady looked at least 90 years old She was so deaf that Kaan had to shout to make her hear him — (*who / himself*)

3. You will send us your CV Then, we can evaluate it — (*unless / not*)

4. My father repaired the leaking pipe yesterday, but in the process, he injured his finger — (*while*)

5. The fire spread to the whole house Then, the firefighters came to extinguish it — (*by the time / put out*)

6. Selin finished her homework Then, she turned on the TV to watch the match — (*as soon as*)

7. Burcu lived in Ipsala for many years Then, she moved to Istanbul — (*used to / but*)

8. I had a bad relationship with my sister when we were children, but now we are very close — (*not / get on well with*)

9. Cengiz isn't a careful driver He is in hospital now — (*if only*)

10. Esra said to me "Are you coming to my birthday party tomorrow?" — (*ask*)

C. Choose the correct answer to complete the passages. (2 points each)

The country (1) _____ Hande has always wanted to see most is China. She (2) _____ the Cantonese Chinese language for four years now, and she's very good at (3) _____. Next year, she's going to go to China for two weeks—to the city of Guangzhou, in southern China. She's very excited (4) _____ the trip. It will be her first time outside of Turkey. However, she's also a bit worried, because she's going to go there by (5) _____, and she hopes that everything will be alright.

1.

- A) where B) which
- C) who D) what

2.

- A) studied
- B) has been studying
- C) is studying
- D) was studying

3.

- A) it B) them
- C) herself D) itself

4.

- A) throughout B) from
- C) around D) about

5.

- A) her B) she
- C) herself D) hers

Last Monday, Oğuz woke up at 7 o'clock in the morning. (6) _____ sun was shining, and birdsong filled the air. For a while, he felt really happy—and then, he remembered that he didn't have a job. He could stay in bed all morning, lying there (7) _____—but he didn't want to. He went into the kitchen, made some coffee, and sat drinking it by the window. In the street outside, there were lots of people (8) _____ to work. (9) _____ in the crowd looked happy at all. Perhaps they didn't want to work! "Fools!" Oğuz shouted at them. "You're all fools! (10) _____ you have jobs!" That made him feel better.

6.

- A) Any B) A
- C) The D) —

7.

- A) in cash B) in silence
- C) in common D) in a hurry

8.

- A) to hurry B) hurried
- C) hurry D) hurrying

9.

- A) Nobody B) Somebody
- C) Anyone D) Everyone

10.

- A) At once B) At first
- C) At least D) At last

D. Read the passages below and then answer the questions according to them. (2.5 points each)

Many people think that Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart was one of the greatest musicians in history. He was born in the city of Salzburg on 27 January 1756. His father was Leopold, a composer, music teacher, and violinist. Mozart was born and brought up in a family where music was in the air, and so it's no surprise that he was attracted to music from a very early age. He composed his first short pieces when he was only five years old, his first symphony when he was eight, and his first opera when he was fourteen. Mozart's father saw his son's musical talent and decided to show it to all of Europe. And so, beginning in 1762, Mozart's father made his son go on exhausting tours of the most prestigious places and palaces in Europe. During this time, Mozart met many of the most important people in European music and politics.

There are three reasons why Canada is a desirable country to live in. First, Canada has an excellent health care system: all Canadians have access to medical services at a reasonable price. Second, Canada has a high standard of education: students are taught by well-trained teachers and are encouraged to continue studying at university. Finally, Canada's cities are clean and efficiently managed. Canadian cities have many parks and lots of space for people to live. As a result, Canada is a desirable place to live in.

1. **Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart is considered to be _____ .**
 - A) one of the best musicians of all time
 - B) someone whose musical talent developed late
 - C) one of history's greatest violinists
 - D) the most important person from Salzburg
2. **Mozart's father _____ .**
 - A) did not like making music at home in Salzburg
 - B) forced Mozart to perform throughout Europe
 - C) was not a very good composer himself
 - D) affected the early music that Mozart wrote
3. **Mozart began composing at an early age because _____ .**
 - A) he had to help his father write music
 - B) school started very early in Salzburg at the time
 - C) the atmosphere where he lived was full of music
 - D) he was taking private music lessons
4. **Mozart _____ .**
 - A) was not really appreciated outside of Salzburg
 - B) gave many concerts for important Europeans
 - C) was interested in both European music and European politics
 - D) did not actually have as much talent as his father Leopold had

5. **According to the passage, Canada _____ .**
 - A) has got a very good system of health care
 - B) is famous for its many national parks
 - C) is considered to be one of the world's most important countries
 - D) attracts many immigrants because it is so desirable
6. **Hospitals in Canada _____ .**
 - A) are mostly managed by private companies
 - B) often have very long waiting lists for patients
 - C) are famous for being clean and neat
 - D) provide health care at a relatively low price
7. **Canada's education system _____ .**
 - A) provides scholarships for every student
 - B) is several centuries old
 - C) uses very qualified teachers at its schools
 - D) requires everyone to have university degrees
8. **It is clear from the passage that Canada _____ .**
 - A) is a good place to live for a number of reasons
 - B) provides teacher training courses for all of its teachers
 - C) is more desirable for young people than old
 - D) has an excellent system of transportation

GOOD LUCK

TEST YOURSELF 1



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. We will have time for lunch our train leaves.
A) ago
B) so
C) before
D) or
E) but
2. You should sit at your desk the bell rings.
A) until
B) so
C) first
D) but
E) ago
3. As soon as the exam over, I the answers.
A) was / can check
B) has been / checked
C) is / will check
D) will be / am checking
E) is going to be / must check
4. This website will be very helpful for your schoolwork you can find information about almost anything here.
A) so
B) because
C) as soon as
D) but
E) or
5. Nepal is one of the world's poorest countries, education is a luxury for most of the children there.
A) as soon as
B) until
C) unless
D) so
E) before
6. I won't look at the answer key I answer all of the questions.
A) first
B) until
C) so
D) ago
E) since
7. the roads are wet, driving is more dangerous.
A) Until
B) Then
C) When
D) But
E) Before
8. Sheila us to Newcastle after her car
A) is driven / was repaired
B) drives / will repair
C) is driving / has repaired
D) will be driven / is being repaired
E) will drive / is repaired
9. What will you eat you go to that Italian restaurant in the shopping centre?
A) when
B) then
C) during
D) finally
E) but
10. I will lend you some money as soon as I paid.
A) get
B) am getting
C) will get
D) got
E) was getting

11. A: Shall I tidy my room now?
 B: You needn't tidy it now, you should do it your friends arrive this evening.
- A) when / then
 B) because / after
 C) but / before
 D) while / so
 E) until / and
12. Ali it when he
- A) would hate / has criticized
 B) hated / will criticize
 C) will hate / will be criticized
 D) hates / is criticized
 E) has hated / criticized
13. I think your dad will feel better he has had some time to rest at home.
- A) so
 B) when
 C) during
 D) until
 E) but
14. I'm sure Sedef you after she your e-mail.
- A) will call / gets
 B) calls / will get
 C) has called / can get
 D) was called / must get
 E) is called / has got
15. I promise that I will return the book I finish reading it.
- A) next
 B) but
 C) before
 D) so
 E) as soon as
16. Michael wants to have a holiday in Portugal just the new semester starts.
- A) ago
 B) so
 C) since
 D) before
 E) then
17. Sorry, Joe, but you won't be able to find a job you learn how to use a computer.
- A) and
 B) so
 C) while
 D) because
 E) until
18. Deirdre will pack her suitcase., she'll call a taxi and go to the airport.
- A) After
 B) While
 C) Then
 D) Because
 E) When
19. According to the weather forecast, there will be rain we leave home tomorrow.
- A) because
 B) when
 C) if
 D) or
 E) and
20. Unfortunately, there any time to check the accounts before the meeting
- A) wasn't / is starting
 B) hasn't been / could start
 C) mustn't be / will start
 D) isn't / has started
 E) won't be / starts

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. Normally, a child won't understand the concept of zero

- A) when they weren't interested in classroom activities
- B) so a chimpanzee could be taught to do simple arithmetic
- C) until he or she is about four years old
- D) because researchers had done several experiments
- E) before he started counting from one to ten

22. before it is too late to stop it.

- A) Since I first met Daniel in Kenya
- B) The mummy of a young woman has been found
- C) The hurricane caused major problems
- D) The government should do something about the economic recession
- E) I always get home late in the evenings

23. When you take a walk in Shanghai's Pudong district,

- A) you will see many fantastic buildings
- B) it was possible to have a rest in the park there
- C) it is the city's financial and commercial centre
- D) but you will be very impressed by the architecture
- E) to take part in an exciting tour of the city

24. until he retired in 1945.

- A) Selçuk really sees the world very positively
- B) Albert Einstein worked at Princeton University in New Jersey
- C) May Day is an ancient celebration of springtime
- D) Adolf Hitler has been hated all around the world
- E) My uncle is suffering from bad migraines

25. Arzu was born in Orhangazi, but she wants to move to İzmir

- A) when she saved enough money
- B) as soon as she finishes high school
- C) before she was stopped by the police
- D) after she recovered from her depression
- E) because her house is quite comfortable

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

26. I will consider all the offers before I make the final decision.

- A) I was considering everything while I was making the final decision.
- B) In the end, I decided that I might consider accepting the best offer.
- C) I won't decide until I have considered all the offers.
- D) I am certain, but I still want to think over the offers a bit more.
- E) When I feel sure about the offers, I will tell them my final decision.

27. Steph called the police as soon as she realized she was being followed.

- A) Steph thought that she should call the police, because she was being followed.
- B) The police approached Steph while she was still telephoning them.
- C) When the police arrived, Steph followed them to the police station.
- D) Whenever Steph sees someone following her, she telephones the police.
- E) Steph realized that someone was following her, so she called the police.

28. Sue almost never joined us when we invited her out on Saturday.

- A) When we wanted Sue to come out with us on Saturday, she rarely did.
- B) It was usually difficult for Sue to come out with us on Saturday.
- C) Sue never accepted our invitations to come out at weekends.
- D) We invited Sue to come out, but she is rarely free on Saturday.
- E) When Sue has joined us this Saturday, we will all go out together.

29. Fred will have an interview with the manager soon after he gives her his CV.

- A) Fred should give his CV to the manager during the interview.
- B) The manager will take Fred's CV just before she has an interview with him.
- C) Fred will explain his CV for the manager as soon as he sees her.
- D) Fred had to write another CV because the manager wanted to see a newer one.
- E) The manager asked to see Fred's CV before she talked to him.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. You know I won't let you go out until you tidy your room.

- A) Dışarı çıkmak için izin istemek yerine odanı toplayacağını biliyorum.
- B) Odanı topladığın zaman dışarı çıkabileceğini biliyorsun.
- C) Dışarı çıkıncaya kadar odanı dağıtmaman gerektiğini biliyorsun.
- D) Odanı toplayıncaya dek dışarı çıkmaya izin vermeyeceğimi biliyorsun.
- E) Biliyorsun ki, dışarı çıkmaya izin vermem için önce odanı toplaman gerekir.

31. Your cousin says he won't talk to you even after you apologize to him.

- A) Kuzenin, sen ondan özür dilemedikçe seninle asla konuşmayacağını söyledi.
- B) Kuzenin, ondan özür dilemezsen seninle konuşmayacağını söylüyor.
- C) Önce kuzeninle konuşup ondan özür dilemelisin.
- D) Sen onunla konuşup özür diledikten sonra bile kuzenin, seninle asla konuşmayacağını söylemiş.
- E) Kuzenin sen ondan özür diledikten sonra bile seninle konuşmayacağını söylüyor.

32. When the new motorway is opened, we won't waste so much time in traffic anymore.

- A) Yeni otoyol açılınca artık trafikte bu kadar çok zaman harcamayacağız.
- B) Yeni otoyol açılıncaya kadar trafikte zaman kaybetmeye devam edeceğiz.
- C) Artık trafikte harcadığımız zamanın azalması için yeni bir otoyol açılmalı.
- D) Yeni otoyolu açarlarsa trafikte harcadığımız süre azalır.
- E) Yeni bir otoyol açarlarsa trafikte çok zaman kaybetmeyiz.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Basın toplantısı biter bitmez başkan sekreterine telefon etti.

- A) The chairperson called his secretary as soon as the press meeting was over.
- B) The secretary will be called by the chairperson after the press meeting ends.
- C) The chairperson should call his secretary, because the press meeting has finished.
- D) The chairperson won't call the secretary until the press meeting is over.
- E) When the chairperson called the secretary, the press meeting was already over.

34. Maaşımı alınca kirayı hemen ödeyebileceğimden emin değilim.

- A) I don't think I will be able to get my salary before I pay the rent.
- B) I am not sure that I will be able to pay the rent straightaway when I get my salary.
- C) As soon as I get my salary, I will make sure that I can pay the rent.
- D) I am not certain that they will give me my salary soon, so I can't pay the rent right away.
- E) I don't think I can pay the rent until I am paid my full salary.

35. Daha büyük bir eve taşınmak istiyoruz, ama önce babamı ikna etmek zorundayız.

- A) We have to persuade my father first if we want to move into a bigger house.
- B) If we manage to persuade my father, we can move into a bigger house.
- C) We can't move into a bigger house before we manage to persuade my father.
- D) We want to move into a bigger house, but we have to persuade my father first.
- E) We can't move into a bigger house because my father isn't convinced yet.

TEST YOURSELF 2



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

- If anyone calls, tell them I back later.
A) was called
B) would call
C) called
D) will call
E) have called
- Hidayet onto the school basketball team if he harder.
A) will get / trains
B) could get / would train
C) has got / trained
D) can get / was training
E) gets / will train
- What you if you in the Amazon rainforest?
A) will...do / lose
B) have...done / are lost
C) would...do / were lost
D) were .doing / lost
E) do do / will be lost
- Don't make any move, the dog will attack you.
A) while
B) when
C) if
D) unless
E) or
- Our flat a peaceful place if the neighbours so much noise.
A) was / wouldn't make
B) should be / won't be made
C) would be / didn't make
D) might be / haven't made
E) will be / aren't made
- If the weather forecast correct, over 20 centimetres of snow tonight.
A) has been / must fall
B) is / will fall
C) was / can fall
D) can be / is falling
E) will be / was falling
- It would be great you came with us, but I know you have a lot of work to do.
A) if
B) until
C) when
D) because
E) finally
- The factory will close down it increases its production.
A) during
B) while
C) because
D) unless
E) or
- She much younger if she so much make-up.
A) has looked / isn't wearing
B) looked / wouldn't wear
C) is looking / doesn't wear
D) would look / didn't wear
E) was looking / weren't wearing
- He will only be able to start paying off his debts he finds a job.
A) and
B) unless
C) but
D) first
E) when

11. TV channels sometimes interrupt their regular programming there's important news.
- A) unless
B) if
C) until
D) during
E) but
12. Elephants have poor eyesight. In fact, usually they a mouse if it them.
- A) weren't seen / would approach
B) didn't see / has approached
C) haven't seen / would approach
D) wouldn't see / approached
E) aren't seen / approaches
13. George! What do you think your mother if she here now?
- A) will say / was
B) said / would be
C) could say / has been
D) was saying / is
E) would say / were
14. My neighbour's baby is due next month. They it Şeyda if it a girl.
- A) will name / is
B) name / would be
C) have been named / will be
D) are naming / has been
E) would be named / were
15. Meat quickly bad, unless it in a refrigerator.
- A) is turned / will keep
B) will turn / has kept
C) turns / is kept
D) turned / would keep
E) has turned / were kept
16. You how someone is feeling if you his or her body language.
- A) have understood / were studied
B) understood / will study
C) can understand / study
D) will understand / are studied
E) would understand / are studying
17. I really don't know how I my time if I a television in the house.
- A) will be spent / don't have
B) spent / wouldn't have
C) have spent / am not having
D) was spending / weren't having
E) would spend / didn't have
18. Nobody can help you you tell us everything about the murder, so you should talk—now!
- A) if
B) but
C) so
D) because
E) unless
19. You've been dialling the same wrong number for five minutes! I it again if I were you.
- A) checked
B) would check
C) have checked
D) am checking
E) will check
20. That young boxer no chance of winning the fight unless he some weight.
- A) had / has gained
B) has / would gain
C) would have / was gained
D) will have / gains
E) has had / is gained

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. if it has too much saturated fat.

- A) Many people can't remember to take pills
- B) You really need to eat more fruit
- C) A meal isn't very healthy
- D) Cherries are said to be good for the heart
- E) I just didn't like it at all

22. If the glaciers of Antarctica and Greenland continue to melt,

- A) global sea levels may begin to rise
- B) people would never go skiing there
- C) the world wouldn't be very warm anymore
- D) they are a lot heavier than rocks
- E) there have been at least four major ice ages

23. You will be able to see some extremely strange animals

- A) because they can easily hide themselves from humans
- B) while you're travelling through Madagascar
- C) when their environment began to be in danger
- D) and its capital is called Antananarivo
- E) since it was first settled about 1,500 years ago

24. Some people get angry very easily

- A) while they are watching or playing sports
- B) just as he was talking to her on the phone
- C) because football can be very satisfying
- D) as soon as the match finished
- E) if they didn't cry and scream so often

25. You really shouldn't open that package

- A) as soon as you opened your present
- B) while the postman was delivering it
- C) if they haven't been addressed to you
- D) because they didn't belong to you
- E) unless you are asked to open it

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

26. It will be useless to ask Cathy to help us.

- A) Don't ask Cathy to help us, because she's lazy.
- B) Cathy refused to help us when we asked her.
- C) We couldn't help Cathy, so she didn't ask us for help again.
- D) It won't be any use if we ask Cathy for help.
- E) It was not a good idea for us to ask for Cathy's help.

27. Don't disturb me unless it is something urgent.

- A) When you need something fast, you can call on me.
- B) Unless something terrible happens, please leave me alone.
- C) You can only interrupt me if it is some sort of emergency.
- D) You will not be disturbed if you do not wish to be.
- E) I will only bother you if there is some sort of emergency.

28. I drink coffee at night, so it takes me ages to get to sleep.

- A) I wouldn't take a lot of time to fall asleep if I didn't drink coffee at night.
- B) Drinking coffee sometimes makes it very difficult for me to get to sleep at night.
- C) I couldn't sleep last night, because I drank a lot of coffee.
- D) I always want some coffee just before I go to bed, but then I can't get to sleep.
- E) For me, sleeping at night is not very easy, because I drink lots of coffee.

29. I needn't go to work tomorrow because it is a holiday.

- A) I wouldn't go to work tomorrow if it were a holiday.
- B) Because tomorrow is a holiday, I don't have to go to work.
- C) I go to work every day, unless it is a holiday.
- D) I like holidays a lot because I don't go to work then.
- E) Tomorrow will be a good holiday because I won't have to be at work.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. If we have a positive attitude towards people, we can lead a happier life.

- A) Mutlu bir yaşam sürenlerin insanlara karşı yaklaşımı olumludur.
- B) İnsanlara olumlu yaklaşan kişiler daha mutlu bir yaşam sürebilmektedir.
- C) Daha mutlu olmak istiyorsak insanlara olumlu yaklaşmalıyız.
- D) İnsanlara karşı olumlu bir tavrımız olursa daha mutlu bir yaşam sürebiliriz.
- E) Mutlu bir yaşam sürüyorsak insanlara daha olumlu bir tavırla yaklaşabiliriz.

31. New Guinea is the biggest tropical island in the world, and there are many unique species there.

- A) Yeni Gine dünyanın en büyük tropik adasıdır ve burada pek çok eşsiz canlı türü vardır.
- B) Dünyanın en büyük tropik adalarından biri olan Yeni Gine'de pek çok eşsiz canlı türü bulunur.
- C) Dünyanın en büyük tropik adası olan Yeni Gine'de pek çok eşsiz türe rastlayabilirsiniz.
- D) Pek çok tropik türün bulunduğu Yeni Gine dünyadaki eşsiz adalardan biridir.
- E) Yeni Gine dünyanın, eşsiz canlı türlerini barındıran büyük tropik adalarından biridir.

32. Insomnia can sometimes lead to depression if it isn't treated.

- A) Bazen depresyonun nedeni, tedavi edilmeyen uykusuzluktur.
- B) Depresyonu tedavi etmezseniz, uykusuzluğa yol açar.
- C) Tedavi edilmezse, uykusuzluk bazen depresyona neden olabilmektedir.
- D) Uykusuzluğa yol açan depresyon hemen tedavi edilmelidir.
- E) Nedeni depresyon olan uykusuzluk, çoğu zaman tedavi edilebilmektedir.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Gelişimsel psikolojide insanlardaki fiziksel, zihinsel ve sosyal değişimler gözlemlenir.

- A) Developmental psychology monitors people's physical, mental, and social changes.
- B) In developmental psychology, physical, mental, and social changes in people are monitored.
- C) People with physical, mental, and social changes are dealt with by developmental psychology.
- D) Developmental psychology deals with the physical, mental, and social changes in people.
- E) People monitor their physical, mental, and social changes with the help of developmental psychology.

34. Esas olarak kontakt lens fikri, kontakt lensler ilk kez 1887'de İsviçre'de üretilmeden çok önce, Leonardo da Vinci'nindir.

- A) The first contact lenses were made in Switzerland in 1887, but long before that, Leonardo da Vinci had developed the idea.
- B) The original idea for contact lenses belongs to Leonardo da Vinci, but the first actual lenses were made in Switzerland in 1887.
- C) When the first contact lenses were made in Switzerland in 1887, they were inspired by an idea of Leonardo da Vinci's.
- D) Leonardo da Vinci had the original idea for contact lenses a long time before they were first made in Switzerland in 1887.
- E) Leonardo da Vinci had the original idea for contact lenses, but they were actually first made in Switzerland in 1887.

35. Kırmızı şarap, aşırı miktarda tüketilmedikçe sağlığa yararlıdır.

- A) Red wine is good for health, unless it is consumed in excessive amounts.
- B) If red wine is consumed in large amounts, it is no good for health.
- C) Red wine is not consumed in large amounts, but actually it is good for health.
- D) When red wine is consumed in moderate amounts, it is good for health.
- E) Red wine is very good for health if it is consumed moderately.

TEST YOURSELF 3



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

- I wish I some posters on my walls, but my parents don't let me decorate my room.
A) could put
B) have put
C) am putting
D) will put
E) can put
- Celia: Are you good at diving?
Paul: Yes—I lessons when I on holiday last summer.
A) took / was
B) would take / could be
C) will take / am
D) could take / were
E) was taking / would be
- You're always making fun of me. I wish you doing that.
A) have stopped
B) can stop
C) will stop
D) stopped
E) are stopping
- If only I time to stay here in Glasgow, but I have to go to London tonight.
A) have had
B) have
C) will have
D) should have
E) had
- Oh—it's so hot! Don't you wish we in the sea right now?
A) are swimming
B) can swim
C) were swimming
D) have swum
E) must swim
- I wish my father here with me now. I really miss his company.
A) has been
B) will be
C) is
D) were
E) should be
- I haven't seen Emily she got married.
A) since
B) if
C) when
D) while
E) before
- I wish I didn't have to stay and work here you are travelling through the United States.
A) if only
B) while
C) so
D) or
E) during
- Many people think Cappadocia needs a protection plan, new buildings are beginning to ruin the area.
A) during
B) so
C) because
D) if only
E) where
- Computer games are popular among young people
A) any
B) a few
C) quite
D) some
E) many

11. Many blue sharks in fishing nets, and they usually die there.

- A) are catching
- B) will catch
- C) have caught
- D) were caught
- E) are caught

12. Generally, tropical cyclones in the Atlantic by a combination of wet weather, winds, and warm ocean waters.

- A) are formed
- B) were forming
- C) would form
- D) would be formed
- E) have formed

13. The Leaning Tower of Pisa between 1173 and 1372.

- A) has been built
- B) was built
- C) was building
- D) were built
- E) would be built

14. you see Michael you get to school, tell him that I will phone him tonight.

- A) Before / if
- B) I wish / because
- C) After / unless
- D) If / when
- E) When / if only

15. My sister hasn't come to visit us more than two weeks.

- A) ago
- B) since
- C) for
- D) once
- E) yet

16. I hate living in this crowded city! I wish I to buy a house in the countryside.

- A) will afford
- B) can afford
- C) could afford
- D) am affording
- E) have afforded

17. I out with my friends this evening if I this terrible headache.

- A) was going / don't have
- B) went / wouldn't have
- C) will go / haven't had
- D) would go / didn't have
- E) have gone / mustn't have

18. It's a pity that Mr. Pitt is so lonely. He must wish his children so far away.

- A) aren't living
- B) didn't live
- C) won't live
- D) haven't lived
- E) can't live

19. The day before next week's exam, you probably harder than you usually

- A) should ..study / do
- B) will...study / did
- C) have...studied / will
- D) were...studying / had
- E) can ..study / must

20. The concert started half an hour, so you've missed a few songs.

- A) about
- B) for
- C) since
- D) ago
- E) after

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. In the winter, there is little wind in Santiago, Chile,

- A) because it was founded by Pedro de Valdivia
- B) as it is the country's commercial centre
- C) and its transportation system is excellent
- D) so smog is a big problem there
- E) while the Great Chilean Earthquake was the largest ever

22. Florida has more water parks than anywhere else in the United States

- A) but they didn't have the chance to go there
- B) so the visitors had to look for empty seats
- C) because the weather there can be very hot
- D) when we saw the large water slide
- E) just before he left with two suitcases

23. Children may develop healthy eating habits later in life

- A) like peeling potatoes or setting the table
- B) if their mealtimes become pleasant events
- C) during the first few years of their life
- D) but the family ate at different times
- E) when they needed the energy for their lively activities

24. In New Orleans, only half of the people are living in the city,

- A) because many of them have not yet returned after Hurricane Katrina
- B) after they were given plastic tents and food
- C) if the government helps them to recover
- D) since they were saved by rescue workers
- E) so clean water became another serious problem

25. The tourism industry will develop

- A) but he hasn't made a reservation for his summer holiday yet
- B) when Singapore began to attract tourists
- C) because they have invited all their relatives
- D) while people were swimming in the sea
- E) if they open a Disneyland theme park in Malaysia

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

26. How I wish I had enough money to go to the Maldives for my holiday.

- A) I'd really like to spend my holiday in the Maldives, but I can't afford it.
- B) I'm planning to spend my next holiday in the Maldives if I can save enough money.
- C) At last, I have managed to save plenty of money, so I can go to the Maldives for a holiday.
- D) I'd like to go to the Maldives for a holiday because it's not very expensive there.
- E) I can only go to the Maldives for my next holiday if I can start saving up now.

27. Tina won't solve her problems unless she consults a lawyer.

- A) It is very difficult for Tina to solve her problems without a lawyer.
- B) If Tina talks to a lawyer, her problems will be solved immediately.
- C) Tina must talk to a lawyer, or she won't solve her problems.
- D) The lawyer says that she will be able to help Tina solve her problems.
- E) Tina wishes she could find a good lawyer to help her solve her problems.

28. The teacher didn't stop talking when Harry came in.

- A) When Harry came in to have a talk, the teacher didn't see him at first.
- B) Harry entered, but the teacher continued talking.
- C) We were listening to the teacher talk when Harry came in.
- D) The teacher continued talking about Harry when he entered.
- E) The teacher didn't stop Harry when he started talking

29. Listening to loud music for a long time will give you a headache.

- A) You shouldn't listen to loud music for a long time if you have a headache.
- B) Listening to music for a while may help you get rid of a headache, but it shouldn't be loud.
- C) You got that headache while you were listening to loud music.
- D) When you have a headache, it is not good to listen to music at a very high volume for a long time.
- E) You will get a headache if you listen to music at a very high volume for a long time.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. The Nile gets its name from the Greek word *neilos*, meaning "river valley".

- A) Nil nehrine adını veren *neilos* sözcüğü Yunanca'da "nehir vadisi" anlamına gelir.
- B) Yunanca'da *neilos* sözcüğü "nehir vadisi" anlamına gelir ve Nil nehri adını buradan almıştır.
- C) Yunanca'da Nil sözcüğünün karşılığı, "nehir vadisi" anlamını veren *neilos*'tur.
- D) Nil nehri adını Yunanca'da "nehir vadisi" anlamına gelen *neilos* sözcüğünden alır.
- E) "Nehir vadisi" anlamına gelen Nil, aslında Yunanca bir sözcük olan *neilos* ile aynıdır.

31. When the Arctic Ocean became covered with pack ice, most of the species in it disappeared.

- A) Arktik Okyanusu buzla kaplanınca, buradaki canlı türlerinin çoğu yok oldu.
- B) Arktik Okyanusu'nda birçok canlı türünün yok olması, bu denizin buzlarla kaplanmasından sonra gerçekleşmiştir.
- C) Arktik Okyanusu'nu kaplayan buzlar, buradaki birçok canlı türünün yok olmasına neden olmuştur.
- D) Arktik Okyanusu buzla kaplandı ve sonrasında buradaki canlı türlerinin çoğu yok oldu.
- E) Buzların Arktik Okyanusu'nu kaplaması sonucu, buradaki canlı türlerinin çoğu yok oldu.

32. The ability to plan daily tasks is very important while you are preparing for an exam.

- A) Bir sınava hazırlanırken en önemli şey günlük işleri planlamada becerikli olmaktır.
- B) Bir sınava hazırlanırken aynı zamanda günlük işleri halletmek önemli bir beceridir.
- C) Önemli bir sınava hazırlanıyorsan, günlük işleri planlama becerini geliştirmelisin.
- D) Günlük işleri çok iyi planlamak, özellikle önemli bir sınava hazırlanırken gereklidir.
- E) Bir sınava hazırlandığınız sırada günlük işleri planlama becerisi çok önemlidir.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Keşke beni her gördüğün zaman okulundan yakınmasan.

- A) When you come to see me, you should never complain about school.
- B) I don't want you to make any complaints about school during your visit.
- C) You always complain about your school when you see me.
- D) I wish you didn't complain about your school whenever you see me.
- E) Every time you visit me, I listen to your complaints about your school.

34. Güneş şemsiyesi ilk kez Mezopotamya'da, bir üstünlük simgesi olarak kullanılmıştır.

- A) In Mesopotamia, parasols were used by superior people at first.
- B) The ancient people of Mesopotamia used the first parasol as a symbol of superiority.
- C) Parasols were first used in Mesopotamia as signs of superiority.
- D) In Mesopotamia, having a parasol meant that you were superior to others.
- E) When the first parasol was used in Mesopotamia, it symbolized superiority.

35. Kitabımı yarın geri getirmezsen, bir daha asla sana ödünç bir şey vermem.

- A) I can only lend you another book if you remember to bring my book back tomorrow.
- B) I've decided not to lend you anything from now on, unless you bring my book back tomorrow.
- C) I'll lend you another book if you bring the one you have back tomorrow.
- D) You should bring my book back tomorrow if you want me to lend you something again.
- E) I will never lend you anything again unless you bring my book back tomorrow.

TEST YOURSELF 4



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

- Barrow, Alaska, is a town is known as "the top of the world".
A) whose B) who
C) where D) when
E) which
- Thomas Edison was a telegraph operator he became a full-time inventor.
A) before B) which
C) because D) or
E) how
- A 2001 study showed that dolphins may have the ability themselves in mirrors.
A) recognize
B) recognizing
C) recognized
D) to recognize
E) recognizes
- Dogs parents are the same breed are called purebred.
A) whose B) that
C) where D) which
E) who
- An avalanche is a moving mass of snow may contain ice, soil, and rocks.
A) where B) that
C) whose D) who
E) —
- The King Edward VI Grammar School was probably the school Shakespeare learned Latin.
A) — B) which
C) whose D) where
E) who
- Some people believe everything they read in the newspapers.
A) that B) who
C) how D) what
E) where
- They're building a new primary school on the street we live.
A) that B) which
C) where D) who
E) whose
- The number I dialled turned out to be the number of the pharmacy on our street.
A) whose B) where
C) who D) what
E) —
- I think the doctor gave me those antibiotics is very inexperienced.
A) which B) —
C) who D) whose
E) why

11. The giant panda name is Tai Shan was born in July 2005 at the Smithsonian National Zoological Park in Washington, DC.
- A) whose B) which
C) who D) —
E) where
12. According to legend, a cow caused the great fire destroyed much of Chicago in 1871.
- A) why B) whose
C) where D) —
E) that
13. The World Wildlife Fund reports that there a serious drought in Turkey if more modern agricultural methods
- A) has been / won't be used
B) was / wouldn't be used
C) will be / aren't used
D) could be / don't use
E) is / can't use
14. The Indianista novel is a 19th-century Brazilian literary type idealizes the life of the South American Indian.
- A) when B) who
C) which D) whose
E) when
15. The Grand Canyon is a place has been visited by humans for more than 10,000 years.
- A) where B) when
C) because D) which
E) so
16. In the early 20th century, New Guinea was among the world's last wild places it was very far from civilization.
- A) which B) because
C) where D) after
E) whose
17. Wilhelm von Bode was an art critic and museum director hard work helped bring Berlin's museums to an important position worldwide.
- A) whose B) who
C) which D) during
E) after
18. Ms. Berry is the person I sent the message to.
- A) why B) whose
C) where D) what
E) —
19. Grace for several jobs last month, but unfortunately, she any response yet.
- A) is applying / isn't receiving
B) was applying / didn't receive
C) has applied / doesn't receive
D) applied / hasn't received
E) applies / won't receive
20. The mountain climbers use bottled oxygen because there wasn't enough air to breathe.
- A) must B) had to
C) may D) can
E) needed

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. Nampula is the province

- A) who decided to join us for the trip
- B) when we went sightseeing there a few years ago
- C) which has Mozambique's oldest buildings
- D) that was the hottest weather I have ever experienced
- E) why he wanted to go to such a distant place

22. whose excellent plays and novels are known around the world.

- A) Luigi Pirandello was an Italian author
- B) I have just read a new detective novel
- C) My mother really needs a long holiday
- D) The woman who has written this drama
- E) Grimm's fairy tales are good for all ages

23. Tuscany, in central Italy, is full of olive plantations

- A) which is Europe's largest active volcano
- B) where some of the world's best olive oil is made
- C) because we haven't seen that statue yet
- D) but there have been several complaints about him
- E) that no one was hired by the plantation owner

24. Since the Chauvet Cave, in France, was first discovered in 1994,

- A) scientists have studied its wall paintings and animal bones
- B) which is the oldest evidence of human artwork
- C) people were living there during the last ice age
- D) it was found by three amateur cave explorers
- E) archaeologists are still trying to solve the mystery

25. Hunters are mostly interested in animals

- A) because they were such intelligent creatures
- B) which is based on a true story of survival in the forest
- C) but you should be careful when you are camping
- D) whose fur or meat will bring them a good profit
- E) while they were still chasing the foxes

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

26. The school doesn't let the students chew gum in the classrooms.

- A) Chewing gum in the classrooms is difficult for students at this school.
- B) The school punishes the students who chew gum in the classrooms.
- C) The students never chew gum in this school's classrooms
- D) It is almost impossible to chew gum in the classrooms here.
- E) The students aren't allowed to chew gum in the classrooms.

27. I feel sorry for Nehir because she has failed all her exams.

- A) I am upset with Nehir because she always fails her exams.
- B) Nehir is unhappy because she couldn't pass any of her exams.
- C) Nehir has failed all of her exams, and so we are both very sad.
- D) Nehir has not passed any of her exams, so I feel bad for her.
- E) If I helped Nehir with her exams, she would be more successful on them.

28. The concert ticket was too expensive for Ryan.

- A) Ryan didn't have enough money to buy the concert ticket.
- B) If I had enough money, I would buy the concert ticket which was too expensive for Ryan.
- C) Ryan didn't want to buy the expensive concert ticket.
- D) Buying expensive concert tickets is impossible for someone like Ryan.
- E) Ryan wishes that the concert ticket was cheaper.

29. Help me, or I won't be able to finish all the work.

- A) I sometimes need your help when I have too much work.
- B) If I can't finish all the work, you will have to help me.
- C) I can't finish all the work unless you help me.
- D) If I were you, I would help you to finish the work.
- E) I wish I could finish all the work without help.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. Until the 18th century, the only people who lived in Australia were the Aborigines.

- A) Aborijinler ilk olarak 18. yüzyılda Avustralya'da yaşamışlardır.
- B) Aborijin, 18. yüzyıla kadar Avustralya'da yaşayan insanlara verilen isimdir.
- C) 18. yüzyıla kadar Avustralya'da yaşayan halka Aborijin denilmektedir.
- D) 18. yüzyıla kadar Avustralya'da yaşayan tek halk Aborijinlerdi.
- E) İlk Aborijinler 18. yüzyılda Avustralya'da yaşayan insanlardı.

31. When you live in another country, you have to accept the people and the customs there.

- A) Bir başka ülkede yaşamak zorundaysan oradaki insanları ve gelenekleri kabul etmen gerekir.
- B) Bir başka ülkede yaşarken oradaki insanları ve gelenekleri kabul etmek zorundasın.
- C) Başka bir ülkede yaşayanlar o ülkenin insanlarını ve geleneklerini kabul etmek zorunda kalırlar.
- D) Başka bir ülkede yaşasam oradaki insanları ve gelenekleri kabullenmek zorunda kalırdım.
- E) Başka ülkede yaşayacaksan oradaki insanlara ve geleneklere uyum sağlarsın.

32. All the nations in the world must work together to save the rainforests before it is too late.

- A) Dünyadaki uluslar birlikte çalışırlarsa geç olmadan yağmur ormanlarını kurtarabilirler.
- B) Dünyadaki bütün uluslar çok geç olmadan yağmur ormanlarını kurtarmak için birlikte çalışmalıdır
- C) Geç olmadan yağmur ormanlarını kurtarmak için bütün dünya insanları birlikte çalışacaktır
- D) Yağmur ormanlarını çok geç olmadan kurtarabilmek için tüm dünya ulusları iş birliği yapabilir
- E) Dünya uluslarının tümü çok geç olmadan ortaklaşa çalışırsa yağmur ormanları kurtarılabilir

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Zararsız olanlar dahil bütün örümceklerden korkuyorsan, bu bir fobidir.

- A) Spiders are not all dangerous, so you needn't be afraid of all of them.
- B) If you are afraid of all harmless spiders, then you have a phobia
- C) If you have a phobia of spiders, you will be afraid of all of them, even the harmless ones.
- D) You needn't have a phobia of spiders that are harmless.
- E) If you are afraid of all spiders, including the harmless ones, this is a phobia.

34. 19. yüzyılın sonlarından önce gökdelenler yoktu çünkü insanlar gerekli teknolojiye sahip değildi.

- A) Skyscrapers didn't exist before the late 19th century because people didn't have the necessary technology.
- B) People didn't have the necessary technology, so they couldn't build skyscrapers until the late 19th century.
- C) Building skyscrapers wasn't easy before the late 19th century, because the necessary technology didn't exist.
- D) When people started building skyscrapers in the late 19th century, they needed to have the necessary technology first.
- E) If late-19th century people had the necessary technology, they would start building skyscrapers

35. Ergen, yaşı 13 ile 19 arasında olan kişidir.

- A) A person who is between the ages of 13 and 19 is called a teenager
- B) Between the ages of 13 and 19, people are called teenagers.
- C) A teenager is a person whose age is between 13 and 19.
- D) In order to be called a teenager, a person must be between the ages of 13 and 19.
- E) A person whose age is between 13 and 19 is known as a teenager

TEST YOURSELF 5



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

- There so much traffic on this street when I was a child.
A) can't be
B) hasn't been
C) mustn't be
D) didn't use to be
E) shouldn't be
- People to the radio more often before the television
A) were listening / has invented
B) would listen / invented
C) listened / would be invented
D) used to listen / was invented
E) have listened / has been invented
- While I was trying to reach the top shelf yesterday, I off the ladder.
A) have fallen
B) used to fall
C) would fall
D) could fall
E) fell
- Eva started learning Spanish two months, but she hasn't learned much
A) before / so
B) ago / yet
C) for / still
D) just / since
E) while / yet
- You may not succeed immediately, you should keep trying anyway
A) if
B) until
C) because
D) unless
E) but
- She will never have any friends she doesn't learn to be more polite.
A) if
B) unless
C) so
D) as soon as
E) after
- Antonio Vivaldi's *The Four Seasons* is a piece of music I take great pleasure in.
A) whose
B) who
C) which
D) where
E) why
- There are many farming villages in Peru, but farming brings in enough money to support a family there.
A) any more
B) no longer
C) any longer
D) no more
E) not enough
- After Hurricane Katrina, you couldn't see many tourists in New Orleans
A) any more
B) no longer
C) no more
D) more than
E) as much
- The maths teacher had to explain again because was able to answer the questions.
A) everything / nobody
B) somebody / anything
C) nothing / something
D) everyone / somebody
E) anything / everybody

11. It's almost impossible to get on time in Istanbul, because there are too many cars on the roads.
- A) any more
B) something
C) nowhere
D) no longer
E) anywhere
12. I didn't stay at work very long today I wasn't feeling very well.
- A) if only B) so
C) unless D) although
E) because
13. Valparaíso in Chile is historically important, it was declared a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 2003.
- A) after B) until
C) so D) before
E) while
14. The Gobi Desert of Mongolia and China is desert on the continent of Asia.
- A) very large
B) larger than
C) as large as
D) the largest
E) too large
15. Since 1980, the percentage of American children who are overweight
- A) is tripling
B) has tripled
C) triples
D) was tripling
E) had to triple
16. Chocolate, red wine, and oranges are types of food can cause painful headaches.
- A) which B) where
C) whose D) why
E) when
17. A few decades ago, Chinese people much shorter than they are now, on average.
- A) have been
B) had to be
C) used to be
D) will be
E) can be
18. Partly because of pollution, the fish in the Aral Sea there, so they're dying quickly.
- A) survived / no more
B) can't survive / any more
C) haven't survived / no longer
D) don't survive / as much
E) survive / some more
19. Give me a call as soon as you there, or I about you.
- A) arrive / will worry
B) arrived / was worrying
C) have arrived / worried
D) will arrive / worry
E) are arriving / have worried
20. In the late 20th century, Hong Kong, Singapore, Taiwan, and South Korea the name "East Asian Tigers".
- A) were giving
B) were given
C) have given
D) will be given
E) have been given

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. After UNESCO included the Mevlevî *sema* ceremony on its new list,

- A) which is a tradition that is over 700 years old
- B) so the *sema* symbolizes universal love and friendship
- C) they will be pleased by UNESCO's decision
- D) Konya began to attract more tourists than before
- E) who wish to visit the Mevlânâ's tomb there

22. Your dog may enjoy eating chocolate,

- A) so it needs to run as fast as possible
- B) when it was very hungry in the evening
- C) before it had its main meal of the day
- D) unless there were some vitamins in them
- E) but it can cause death in some cases

23. When I was a high school student,

- A) learning English means studying hard
- B) life has got a lot easier than it was before
- C) I will have an exhausting physics class
- D) my parents have always supported me
- E) I used to get nervous before exams

24. The Royal Shakespeare Company announced a festival

- A) after people have watched it on television
- B) because Shakespeare also wrote many beautiful sonnets
- C) which will have performances of all Shakespeare's historical plays
- D) until she managed to find two tickets for Sunday's show
- E) so the performance dates are not certain yet

25. I couldn't cook anything for dinner this evening

- A) because there was nothing in the fridge
- B) so all the guests arrived at the same time
- C) if only I bought lots of meat and vegetables
- D) when the waitress wrote down our order
- E) if the gas on the stove has a problem

26. I am sure someone will warn you if you wear shorts to work.

- A) You aren't allowed to wear shorts in your job.
- B) I don't think you should wear shorts if you are working.
- C) If I were you, I would be careful about wearing shorts at work.
- D) It is certain that you will be warned if you have shorts on at work.
- E) You will have to change those shorts before you go to work.

27. Are you sorry that you didn't go to university?

- A) Was the university that you went to a bad one?
- B) Do you regret not going to university?
- C) Did you feel sad when you were at university?
- D) Did you go to university a few years ago?
- E) Do you ever wish you were at university now?

28. Don has lost weight in the last two years.

- A) Don is not as heavy as he was two years ago.
- B) Don has been on a diet for the last two years.
- C) It is two years since Don started his diet.
- D) Don is almost as heavy as he was two years ago.
- E) When I last saw Don two years ago, he was heavier.

29. During my childhood, our home was in Bristol.

- A) We used to live in Bristol when I was a child.
- B) I wasn't a child any more while we were living in Bristol.
- C) We have lived in Bristol since I was a child.
- D) We had to leave Bristol in my childhood.
- E) I have so many childhood memories in Bristol.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. All the stories which were written by O. Henry end in surprising events.
- A) O. Henry hep sonu şaşırtıcı olan öyküler yazmıştır.
 B) O. Henry'nin öykülerinin sonu hep şaşırtıcı olmuştur.
 C) O. Henry'nin yazdığı öykülerin hepsinde şaşırtıcı bir son vardır.
 D) O. Henry tarafından yazılmış tüm öyküler şaşırtıcı olaylarla biter.
 E) O. Henry öykülerini hep şaşırtıcı bir olayla bitirirdi.
31. For centuries, Chinese judges wore dark glasses to hide the expression of their eyes in court.
- A) Yüzylerce yıl önce Çinli yargıçlar, mahkemede koyu renk gözlük takarak göz ifadelerini gizlerlerdi.
 B) Yüzyıllar boyunca Çinli yargıçlar, göz ifadelerini gizlemek için mahkemede koyu renk gözlük takmışlardır.
 C) Çinli yargıçlar tarafından mahkemede takılan koyu renk gözlüklerin amacı göz ifadelerini gizlemektir.
 D) Yüzyıllar boyu mahkemede göz ifadelerini gizlemek isteyen Çinli yargıçlar koyu renk gözlük taktılar.
 E) Yüzylerce yıl önce Çinli yargıçlar, koyu renk gözlüğü mahkemede göz ifadelerini gizlemek için kullanmışlardır.
32. Many people remember with nostalgia the old days when they lived their lives at a much slower pace.
- A) Hayatın çok daha yavaş bir tempoda aktığı eski günler, bugün birçok insanın özlemine duyduğu bir şeydir.
 B) Birçok insan, hayatlarını son derece yavaş bir tempoda yaşadıkları eski günleri unutamamaktadır.
 C) Birçok insanın özlem duyduğu şey, eski günlerdeki gibi, hayatı çok daha yavaş bir tempoda yaşayabilmektir.
 D) Hayatın çok daha yavaş bir tempoda aktığı eski günler, bugün birçok insanın hala hatırladığıdır.
 E) Birçok insan, hayatlarını çok daha yavaş bir tempoda yaşadıkları eski günleri özlemle anımsamaktadır.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Amerika'ya ulaştıktan sonra Columbus, kraliçeye seyahatiyle ilgili bilgi vermek için İspanya'ya döndü.
- A) After Columbus reached America, he returned to Spain to inform the queen of his voyage.
 B) Before Columbus went to America, he left from Spain on a voyage for the queen.
 C) Columbus returned to Spain before he informed the queen of his journey to America.
 D) After he left America, Columbus returned to Spain and told the queen about his journey.
 E) Columbus reached America, and afterwards he returned to Spain to tell the queen about his voyage.
34. Ayvalık çevresindeki adalarda Bizans döneminden kalmış pek çok manastır ve kilise bulunmaktadır.
- A) Monasteries and churches which date from the Byzantine period are situated on the islands of Ayvalık.
 B) There are many islands around Ayvalık where several monasteries and churches of the Byzantine period can be seen.
 C) Many monasteries and churches which date from the Byzantine period remain on the islands around Ayvalık.
 D) Ayvalık has several islands where there are a number of monasteries and churches of the Byzantine period.
 E) On the islands around Ayvalık, there are many monasteries and churches which date from the Byzantine period.
35. Keşke bu harika kitabı yazan kişiyle tanışabilsem.
- A) I wish the person who I have just met were the writer of this wonderful book.
 B) If only the person who wrote this excellent book would meet me.
 C) I would like to introduce myself to the author of this magnificent book.
 D) How I wish I could meet the author of this beautiful book.
 E) I wish I could meet the person who wrote this marvellous book.

TEST YOURSELF 6



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

- Mert was very happy with his birthday present, and he held onto it tightly with hands.
A) neither B) some
C) both D) either
E) all
- Hue Lin speaks Japanese Vietnamese. She only speaks Chinese.
A) neither / nor
B) both / and
C) either / or
D) or / and
E) if / but
- I've seen two flats so far, but of them seems to be very suitable for me.
A) all B) each
C) both D) some
E) neither
- Did you hear Jason's speech? He about the last Turkish presidential election.
A) should speak
B) used to speak
C) would speak
D) will speak
E) spoke
- A *Christmas Carol in Prose, Being a Ghost Story of Christmas* by Charles Dickens In 1843.
A) was written
B) has written
C) has been written
D) wrote
E) must be written
- Some scientists think that comets may be responsible for the birth the death of dinosaurs.
A) all / of
B) neither / but
C) either / or
D) both / and
E) nor / not
- Every morning, their son their daughter walks to town to do the shopping.
A) both / and
B) either / or
C) neither / or
D) nor / but
E) each / of
- The UN's World Environment Day is celebrated every year June 5 all the world.
A) in / in B) at / over
C) on / around D) of / into
E) for / through
- Researchers in Singapore have claimed that, in some ways, dark soy sauce is vitamin C.
A) very healthy
B) as healthy
C) the healthiest of
D) healthier than
E) too healthy
- L'Anse aux Meadows, on Newfoundland in Canada, is probably the first place Europeans settled in the Americas.
A) how B) where
C) when D) who
E) what

11. Few crops are grown in Iceland the harsh weather conditions there make farming difficult.
- A) after B) so
C) as soon as D) because
E) but
12. Dogs and cats sometimes eat grass, especially they have an upset stomach.
- A) when B) why
C) who D) which
E) whose
13. I love books because they can tell a lot about the world as we turn pages.
- A) their / its B) me / its
C) us / their D) we / our
E) myself / them
14. You can buy of these trousers—they're nice.
- A) all / every
B) neither / either
C) both / any
D) some / neither
E) either / both
15. I'm afraid of his parents has offered to give him financial support during his university education.
- A) either B) neither
C) all D) both
E) nor
16. He's in his early twenties, but he has won a lot of gold medals in his life.
- A) still / already
B) any more / yet
C) already / so
D) just / no longer
E) yet / still
17. The bank robbers escaped they could.
- A) the quickest for
B) very quick
C) quicker than
D) as quickly as
E) very quickly like
18. you the woman who to Robert over there around here before?
- A) Did...see / will talk
B) Will...see / talked
C) Can...see / was talking
D) Did...use to see / talks
E) Have...seen / is talking
19. You should try not to make so mistakes while you're writing a composition, or you may get a bad grade.
- A) more B) much
C) little D) few
E) many
20. I watch documentaries dramas, but I love paparazzi programs.
- A) neither / nor
B) some / any
C) either / or
D) both / or
E) also / but

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. Mr. and Mrs. Flubber's car is very old,

- A) after they bought it at a very low price
- B) but it has never caused them any trouble
- C) because both of them need repairing
- D) when the mechanic has checked the engine
- E) while they were driving through the city

22. It is not necessary to water the plants every day

- A) while she was away on holiday
- B) because it gets very hot in the afternoon
- C) during the winter months
- D) so they are really blooming now
- E) and the flowers died quite fast

23., we saw the lights of the town in the distance.

- A) Before she meets us at the bus stop
- B) Until we finally arrive at the airport
- C) As soon as we leave the town
- D) While we were sleeping comfortably
- E) After we drove for a few hours

24. Here are the poetry books

- A) while she was reading them very carefully
- B) that my aunt has sent me a lovely present
- C) which must go back to the library tomorrow
- D) because they are less popular than novels
- E) but I haven't managed to read it yet

25. There were two candidates for class president,

- A) but neither of them seemed good enough to me
- B) so students had a difficult time trying to make a choice between all of them
- C) when a classmate has called to tell me the result
- D) we will be able to talk to just one of them
- E) before they have time to fill in the forms

26. It is very unusual for Cindy to get up so early.

- A) Cindy rarely gets up as early as this.
- B) I'm surprised to see Cindy awake at this time.
- C) Cindy usually wakes up earlier than she did today.
- D) Cindy is unusual because she always wakes up late.
- E) Cindy finds it difficult to get up very early.

27. I wish you would change your mind about selling your house.

- A) You made a big mistake by selling your house.
- B) If I were you, I would sell my house.
- C) When you sold your house, I was very upset.
- D) I want you to give up the idea of selling your house.
- E) I'm glad that, in the end, you decided not to sell your house.

28. Sheila started her seashell collection when she was a little child.

- A) Collecting seashells has always been one of Sheila's favourite hobbies.
- B) When Sheila was a child, she collected lots of seashells.
- C) Sheila liked to collect seashells when she was a child.
- D) The last time Sheila collected seashells was many years ago.
- E) Sheila has been collecting seashells since her childhood.

29. You aren't allowed to take these documents out of the office.

- A) We have to keep all of the documents here in the office.
- B) The boss recently forbade anyone to take documents out of the office.
- C) These documents mustn't be taken out of the office.
- D) They usually don't let us take these documents out of the office.
- E) I don't think we will be able to take these documents out of the office.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. The thief who stole my computer last week hasn't been caught yet.

- A) Geçen hafta bilgisayarımı çalan hırsız henüz yakalanmadı.
- B) Bilgisayarım geçen hafta çalındı, ama hırsız hala yakalanmadı.
- C) Bilgisayarımı çalan hırsız geçen hafta hala yakalanmamıştı.
- D) Geçen hafta yakalanan hırsız benim de bilgisayarımı çalmıştı.
- E) Hırsız geçen hafta yakalandı, ama bilgisayarım hala bulunamadı.

31. It is getting more and more difficult to bear the rat race of the big city.

- A) Büyük kentin keşmekeşine katlanmak artık çok zor.
- B) Büyük kentin keşmekeşi giderek daha katlanılmaz bir hal almaktadır.
- C) Büyük kentin keşmekeşi her geçen gün artmaktadır.
- D) Büyük kentin keşmekeşine katlanmak giderek zorlaşmaktadır.
- E) Büyük kentin keşmekeşine ancak büyük bir güçle katlanılabilir.

32. When Orhan Veli died at the age of 36, he left behind many beautiful poems.

- A) Birçok güzel şiir yazmış olan Orhan Veli öldüğünde 36 yaşındaydı.
- B) Orhan Veli 36 yaşında öldüğünde geride pek çok güzel şiir bıraktı.
- C) 36 yaşında ölen Orhan Veli çok güzel şiirler yazmıştı.
- D) Çok güzel şiirler yazan Orhan Veli öldüğünde sadece 36 yaşındaydı.
- E) Geride çok güzel şiirler bırakan Orhan Veli 36 yaşında öldü.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Dünyanın en yüksek aktif yanardağlarından biri olan Cotopaxi, 1738'den beri en az elli kez patlamıştır.

- A) Cotopaxi, one of the highest active volcanoes in the world, has erupted at least fifty times since 1738.
- B) Cotopaxi, which has erupted at least fifty times since 1738, is one of the highest active volcanoes in the world.
- C) One of the most active high volcanoes in the world is Cotopaxi, because it has erupted at least fifty times since 1738.
- D) Cotopaxi has been erupting since 1738, so it is one of the highest active volcanoes in the world.
- E) When Cotopaxi erupted fifty times in 1738, it became one of the highest active volcanoes in the world.

34. Doğum günü pastası geleneği, Ortaçağ'da Alman çiftçileri arasında bir çeşit kutlama olarak başlamıştır.

- A) The celebration which started the tradition of birthday cake was held among German farmers in the Middle Ages.
- B) German farmers in the Middle Ages held a celebration with a birthday cake, so the tradition started then.
- C) In the Middle Ages, birthday cakes began a tradition of celebration among German farmers.
- D) The German farmers who started the tradition of birthday cake held many celebrations in the Middle Ages.
- E) The tradition of birthday cake started in the Middle Ages as a kind of celebration among German farmers.

35. İtfaiye erleri yangını söndürmeye çalışırken köylüler endişeyle bekledi.

- A) When the firefighters arrived to put out the fire, the villagers were waiting anxiously.
- B) While the villagers were waiting anxiously, the firefighters put out the fire.
- C) The villagers waited anxiously while the firefighters were trying to extinguish the fire.
- D) The villagers waited anxiously until the firefighters extinguished the fire.
- E) The villagers were anxious while they were waiting for the firefighters to arrive.

TEST YOURSELF 7



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Bruno said that he Dan Brown's latest novel the previous month.
A) reads
B) had read
C) has read
D) may read
E) will read
2. When I spoke to Barbara, she about the arrangement already.
A) would hear
B) has heard
C) had heard
D) could hear
E) used to hear
3. I know that a person's friendship is real when he or she by me in difficult times.
A) stood
B) stands
C) had stood
D) will stand
E) was standing
4. Marie Curie the 1911 Nobel Prize in Chemistry because she radium and polonium.
A) had won / has discovered
B) would win / has been discovering
C) has won / used to discover
D) could win / was discovered
E) won / had discovered
5. The air in this city wouldn't be so bad they built more parks and fewer roads.
A) if
B) so
C) but
D) while
E) before
6. At the moment, archaeologists an amazing discovery which in Virginia recently.
A) discussed / had been made
B) will discuss / is made
C) were discussing / has made
D) are discussing / was made
E) discuss / will be made
7. Arzu that she her car unlocked, so she went back to lock it.
A) would realize / has left
B) had realized / left
C) realizes / will leave
D) has realized / leaves
E) realized / had left
8. When I went to check the renovation work, it obvious that the workmen much during the whole day.
A) had been / haven't done
B) has been / weren't doing
C) will be / didn't do
D) was / hadn't done
E) is / don't do
9. Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart while he a requiem mass in D-minor.
A) had died / would compose
B) died / was composing
C) has died / composed
D) dies / will compose
E) could die / has composed
10. As we all of our money at the shops, we to go to the cinema afterwards.
A) were spending / can't afford
B) had spent / couldn't afford
C) have spent / hadn't afforded
D) would spend / won't afford
E) will spend / didn't afford

11. Sydney is Australia's oldest city—it in 1788 as a place for British prisoners.

- A) was founded
- B) founded
- C) had founded
- D) has been founded
- E) could be founded

12. The car down on the highway because Mehmet the oil.

- A) had broken / hasn't checked
- B) has broken / wasn't checked
- C) broke / hadn't checked
- D) will break / isn't checked
- E) was broken / didn't check

13. So, John—when was the last time you Thai food?

- A) are eating
- B) have eaten
- C) eat
- D) had eaten
- E) ate

14. I'm so happy to hear that you a prize for your short story.

- A) have been given
- B) had given
- C) are given
- D) should be given
- E) will give

15. When Cem came home, the expression on his face it clear that he a bad day at school.

- A) was making / was having
- B) makes / has had
- C) had made / has
- D) made / had had
- E) has made / would have

16. I a bad cold last week, but I to work anyway.

- A) have had / have had to go
- B) have / have to go
- C) had / had to go
- D) had had / will have to go
- E) was having / had had to go

17. Suddenly I remembered that I my wallet at the football stadium.

- A) must leave
- B) have left
- C) was leaving
- D) will leave
- E) had left

18. While I, I noticed that there an accident at the crossroads.

- A) have been driving / is
- B) have driven / would be
- C) will be driving / was
- D) drove / has been
- E) was driving / had been

19. I couldn't believe my eyes, because my aunt at all since I last her many years before.

- A) wouldn't change / have seen
- B) hadn't changed / saw
- C) wasn't changing / would see
- D) didn't change / was seeing
- E) hasn't changed / had seen

20. Good ideas unless someone good use of them.

- A) are wasted / makes
- B) wasted / made
- C) have been wasted / is made
- D) had wasted / was made
- E) will be wasted / had made

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. In the zoo yesterday, we saw the gorilla
- A) because it lives in the forests of Africa
 - B) if it continues to be hunted for its meat
 - C) but they are known to use simple tools
 - D) which saved a child's life a year ago
 - E) so it is the most populous species of gorilla
22. The Statue of Liberty was intended to be a universal symbol of freedom
- A) that explosions in 1916 seriously damaged the statue
 - B) after we had climbed all the way to the top
 - C) when it was given to the United States by France in 1886
 - D) where there are 25 different windows
 - E) but the poem that is written on it is quite well-known
23. Helen Keller became both blind and deaf
- A) because she is still very famous in the United States
 - B) when she was nineteen months old
 - C) until she joined the Industrial Workers of the World
 - D) if another film is made about her life
 - E) who had invented her own sign language by the age of seven
24. Watching a comedy film can be good for your health
- A) because laughter helps to relieve stress
 - B) while we were both sitting on the couch
 - C) since you know a lot of very funny jokes
 - D) before I even turned on the television
 - E) even if it were the funniest film ever made
25. Ants use a technique
- A) where scientists conducted a two-year study
 - B) that there are almost 12,000 known species of ant
 - C) which involves leaving a chemical trail for other ants to follow
 - D) until they finally found the right path
 - E) as soon as they had managed to arrive
26. City centres are more dangerous than they were 20 years ago.
- A) 20 years ago, I wasn't aware that city centres were dangerous places.
 - B) It has been 20 years since I was last in a city centre as dangerous as this one.
 - C) City centres aren't as safe as they used to be 20 years ago.
 - D) 20 years ago, there were many very dangerous city centres.
 - E) In the last 20 years, city centres have become the most dangerous parts of cities.
27. I wasn't early enough to find anyone at home awake.
- A) When I got home, I found everyone awake, waiting for me.
 - B) When I got home late, I used to find my family sleeping.
 - C) Everyone was still awake when I arrived home.
 - D) I didn't expect to find anyone awake when I got home.
 - E) By the time I arrived home, everyone had gone to sleep.
28. The robbers escaped in a very old car.
- A) I was surprised that the robbers managed to get away in that old car.
 - B) Somebody saw the robbers inside a very old automobile.
 - C) The robbers were very old, but they managed to escape in a car.
 - D) The car which the robbers escaped in was very old.
 - E) The robbers have bought an old car in order to be able to escape.
29. The house had burnt down before the fire brigade arrived.
- A) The fire brigade didn't arrive until the house was burnt down.
 - B) The fire brigade arrived, but they failed to put the fire out.
 - C) If the fire brigade doesn't arrive on time, the house will burn down.
 - D) The house would burn down unless the fire brigade arrived on time.
 - E) The fire brigade were quite late, but they still tried to stop the house from burning down.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. Unfortunately, someone had taken the book I was thinking of borrowing from the library.

- A) Kütüphaneden almayı düşündüğüm kitabı bir başkasının almış olması büyük şanssızlıktı.
- B) Ne yazık ki, benim kütüphaneden almayı düşündüğüm kitabı bir başkası almıştı.
- C) Maalesef, kütüphaneden almayı düşündüğüm kitabı sorduğumda, onu bir başkasının aldığını öğrendim.
- D) Benim almayı düşündüğüm kitap kütüphanede yoktu, çünkü başka biri onu almıştı.
- E) Birisi benden önce davrandığı için, ne yazık ki, kütüphaneden istediğim kitabı alamadım.

31. Unemployment and poverty are problems that arise as a result of the growth of the global economy.

- A) Küresel ekonomideki büyümenin en önemli sonucu, işsizlik ve yoksulluğun artması olmuştur.
- B) Küresel ekonomideki büyümenin sonucunda işsizlik ve yoksulluk gibi sorunlar ortaya çıkmıştır.
- C) Küresel ekonomideki gelişme, işsizlik ve yoksulluk gibi sorunlara neden olmuştur.
- D) İşsizlik ve yoksulluğun nedeni, küresel ekonomideki büyümenin getirdiği sorunlardır.
- E) İşsizlik ve yoksulluk, küresel ekonominin büyümesi sonucunda ortaya çıkan sorunlardır.

32. I didn't know what to do when Dursun told me that he had left school.

- A) Dursun'la konuşana dek, onun okulu bırakmaya karar verdiğini bilmiyordum.
- B) Bana Dursun'un okulu bıraktığı söylendiği zaman ne yapacağımı şaşırdım.
- C) Dursun'un neden okulu bırakmaya karar verdiğini anlamadım.
- D) Dursun bana okulu bıraktığını söylediğinde ne yapacağımı bilemedim.
- E) Dursun bana okulu bıraktığından söz edince nasıl davranacağımı şaşırdım.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Louis Braille, görme engellilerin okumasını sağlayan bir sistem icat etti.

- A) Louis Braille is the man who invented the system that enabled blind people to read.
- B) The system which Louis Braille invented enables blind people to read.
- C) The system that enables blind people to read was invented by Louis Braille.
- D) Louis Braille invented a system which enables blind people to read.
- E) Blind people became able to read because of a system that Louis Braille invented.

34. Biz taşınmadan önce evin boyanması gerekiyor.

- A) The house needs to be painted before we move in.
- B) The house will probably be painted before we move in.
- C) When we move in, we will have to paint the house.
- D) The house won't be painted until we move in.
- E) After the house had been painted, we moved in.

35. Aikido denilen dövüş sporu saldırı değil savunma teknikleri üzerine yoğunlaşır.

- A) Aikido is a martial art which doesn't use techniques for offense, but only for defense.
- B) The martial art called aikido does not concentrate on techniques for attack, but for defense.
- C) Aikido is a martial art that concentrates on defense and doesn't use techniques for attack.
- D) Aikido is a martial art, but it only uses defense and doesn't concentrate on attacks.
- E) Defense is concentrated on in the martial art called aikido, and attacks are not used.

TEST YOURSELF 8



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Experts are warning drivers to be more careful in the summer, traffic becomes heavier then.
A) during
B) so
C) because
D) until
E) where
2. Napoleon to the Atlantic island of Saint Helena after he at the Battle of Waterloo.
A) had been exiled / was defeated
B) was exiled / had been defeated
C) has been exiled / defeated
D) was exiled / has been defeated
E) would be exiled / defeated
3. Haiti is the country has the lowest quality of life in the Western hemisphere, according to the United Nations.
A) whose
B) where
C) when
D) which
E) who
4. The Roman city of Pompeii under ash when Mount Vesuvius in 79 AD.
A) was being buried / erupts
B) buried / was erupting
C) had buried / had erupted
D) has been buried / has erupted
E) was buried / erupted
5. Artificial snow for the first time by Ukichiro Nakaya in 1936.
A) had created
B) was created
C) created
D) has been created
E) has created
6. Originally, New York City by the Dutch settlers as Fort Amsterdam, in the year 1624.
A) has been founded
B) founded
C) had founded
D) was founded
E) would found
7. When Sami arrived at the office, he that the Terwiliger file
A) saw / had been stolen
B) had seen / has stolen
C) has seen / was stolen
D) was seen / stole
E) will see / is stolen
8. I knew Nuri a pop singer, because I him on TV before.
A) had been / would see
B) will be / have seen
C) could be / was seen
D) has been / saw
E) was / had seen
9. Joan the photographs which she at the party the day before herself.
A) has developed / was taken
B) developed / had taken
C) had developed / took
D) will develop / has taken
E) was developed / could take
10. I down the street when, suddenly, I my old high school English teacher.
A) have walked / would notice
B) walked / have noticed
C) was walking / noticed
D) had walked / was noticing
E) am walking / will notice

11. "You in class before nine o'clock in the morning," the teacher warned the students who at 9:10.
- A) have to be / had arrived
 B) were / were arriving
 C) must be / will arrive
 D) have been / arrived
 E) can be / arrive
12. I wasn't able to play the bass very well I started practising it every day.
- A) until
 B) while
 C) after that
 D) because
 E) unless
13. Thomas Jefferson John Adams died on the exact same day.
- A) Each / and
 B) Neither / nor
 C) Either / or
 D) Both / and
 E) Some / but
14. The Grimm brothers many folk tales while they through Germany.
- A) were collecting / had travelled
 B) had collected / would travel
 C) collect / travelled
 D) have collected / travel
 E) collected / were travelling
15. Accidents if parents their children some basic safety rules.
- A) were prevented / had taught
 B) prevent / are taught
 C) can be prevented / teach
 D) had been prevented / taught
 E) have been prevented / were teaching
16. Oh, a very long time since I to Cecil.
- A) had passed / have spoken
 B) has passed / spoke
 C) was passing / speak
 D) is passing / had spoken
 E) would pass / was speaking
17. Fred for the airport before I home, so I wasn't able to see him.
- A) had left / arrived
 B) leaves / have arrived
 C) left / was arriving
 D) was leaving / had arrived
 E) has left / arrive
18. Everybody left the room with sad faces Mr. Adams had told them the bad news.
- A) so
 B) until
 C) while
 D) after
 E) if
19. I couldn't help laughing I saw Nigel's funny tie.
- A) before
 B) until
 C) so
 D) when
 E) but
20. Before Michael university, he three years working in order to save money.
- A) has started / spent
 B) starts / has spent
 C) started / had spent
 D) was starting / would spend
 E) had started / spends

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. Not much is known about the family

- A) because they are very honest and open people
- B) when the house was first built in the early 1940s
- C) until their guests finally began to arrive
- D) when it had been destroyed by the neighbours
- E) who lived in this house many years ago

22. Luckily, Terence had turned off the electricity

- A) whose properties were a mystery to scientists
- B) until they had finally been repaired
- C) so it has been dark for a long time now
- D) before he started fixing the fuse box
- E) even if I screamed out of fear

23. Soon after Muammer was caught,

- A) his wife is crying all the time
- B) the police have begun questioning him
- C) they had already found him guilty
- D) he has denied robbing the bank
- E) he was sent to high-security prison

24. Canan didn't say a word to me

- A) until I told her that we had been at school together
- B) while she is trying to find a taxi at the corner
- C) as soon as I have arrived at her birthday party
- D) after she has made a really terrible mistake
- E) so we go to a different restaurant every Saturday

25. Of course, Mehmet and Ayşe fell in love

- A) and she has unfortunately been poisoned
- B) whose families do not get along well
- C) as soon as they saw one another
- D) when a beautiful love story will begin
- E) after they have met each other

26. The boys left home too late to catch the school bus.

- A) Because the school bus came too early, the boys couldn't catch it.
- B) The boys didn't leave home early enough, and so they missed the school bus.
- C) The boys will catch the school bus unless it comes too early.
- D) If the boys aren't too late, they will be able to catch the school bus.
- E) The boys didn't leave home until the school bus had arrived.

27. The Hotel Erika was the worst one we'd ever stayed at.

- A) We left the Hotel Erika because it was worse than the others.
- B) We have never felt worse than we did while we were staying at the Hotel Erika.
- C) We will never stay at a hotel as bad as the Hotel Erika again.
- D) We have not stayed at many hotels that were as bad as the Hotel Erika.
- E) We had never before stayed at a hotel that was as bad as the Hotel Erika.

28. Tim was nervous because he hadn't spoken in public before.

- A) After he had made his first speech in public, Tim felt very exhausted.
- B) Tim hadn't ever made a speech in public before, so he felt nervous.
- C) Tim frequently spoke in public, until finally he became exhausted.
- D) Tim had never felt as nervous while he was speaking in public as he did on this occasion.
- E) Tim wouldn't speak in public if he were nervous.

29. When I met Ali, he had been in Çorum for three years.

- A) When I was in Çorum three years ago, I met Ali.
- B) Ali had been in Çorum for three years before I met him.
- C) After I met Ali, I stayed with him in Çorum for three years
- D) I had lived in Çorum for three years before I met Ali.
- E) Ali was living in Çorum when I met him there three years ago.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. After construction on the dam had been stopped, the valley was turned into a national park.
- A) Barajın yapımı durdurulduktan sonra vadi milli parka dönüştürüldü.
 B) Vadinin milli parka dönüştürülebilmesi için barajın yapımı durduruldu.
 C) Vadi milli park olmadan önce barajın yapımı durdurulmuştu.
 D) Barajın yapımı durdurulabilseydi, vadi milli parka dönüştürülecekti.
 E) Vadi milli parka dönüştürülünce barajın yapımı durduruldu.
31. If you know some basic concepts about nature, you can understand ecological events.
- A) Doğayla ilgili bazı temel kavramları bilersen ekolojik olayları anlayabilirsiniz.
 B) Ekolojik olaylarla ilgileniyorsan doğayla ilgili bazı basit kavramları bilmelisin.
 C) Ekolojik olaylar hakkında hiç bilgin yoksa doğayla ilgili temel kavramları anlayamazsın.
 D) Ekolojik olayları anlayabilmek için doğayla ilgili bazı temel kavramları bilmek gerekir.
 E) Ekolojik olayları anlamak, ancak doğayla ilgili bazı temel kavramları bilmekle mümkün olur.
32. Çatalhöyük is one of the earliest known settlements where human beings lived together.
- A) Çatalhöyük, insanların bir arada yaşamaya başladıkları ilk yerleşimlerden biri olarak bilinir.
 B) İnsanların birlikte yaşadıkları en eski yerleşimin Çatalhöyük olduğu bilinmektedir.
 C) Çatalhöyük, insanların bir arada yaşadığı, bilinen en eski yerleşimlerden biridir.
 D) Çatalhöyük, insanların bir araya gelerek ilk kez yerleşik düzene geçtikleri bir yerdir.
 E) İnsanların bir araya gelerek oluşturdukları ilk yerleşimlerden biri de Çatalhöyüktür.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Saatlerce yolculuk yaptıktan sonra çay içmek için mola verdik.
- A) We were planning to stop to have some tea after we travelled for a few hours.
 B) Before we travelled for hours, we stopped to have some tea.
 C) While we were travelling, we stopped for hours to have some tea.
 D) We travelled for hours before we stopped to have some tea.
 E) After we had travelled for hours, we stopped to have some tea.
34. Soğuk algınlığına neden olan iki yüzün üzerinde virüs vardır.
- A) More than two hundred viruses can cause the common cold.
 B) There are over two hundred viruses that cause the common cold.
 C) The number of the viruses that cause the common cold is above two hundred.
 D) Of all the viruses, there are only two hundred that cause the common cold.
 E) Over two hundred viruses have been proven to cause the common cold.
35. Tutumlu biri değilsen asla para biriktiremezsin.
- A) You will never be able to save money unless you are a thrifty person.
 B) You could save money if you were a thrifty person.
 C) If you want to save money, you must be thrifty.
 D) You will never be able to save money because you are not thrifty.
 E) You will never be called a thrifty person unless you are able to save money.

TEST YOURSELF 9



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Inflation again in the past two months, so prices are now starting to rise.
A) is rising
B) has risen
C) would rise
D) will rise
E) rises
2. Aslihan and I to Sezen Aksu's songs since we children.
A) have been listening / were
B) are listening / have been
C) had been listening / are
D) had listened / will be
E) were listening / would be
3. Osman had a sore throat after the match because he so much.
A) has shouted
B) has been shouting
C) will shout
D) is shouting
E) had shouted
4. We glad that we all the final exams, so we went out to celebrate.
A) will be / are passing
B) are / have been passing
C) were / had passed
D) have been / were passing
E) had been / will pass
5. Eda couldn't find her way to Kahraman's house because she his address.
A) loses
B) has lost
C) was losing
D) had lost
E) is losing
6. Yermak Timofeyevich while he across the Wagay River in Siberia.
A) was drowned / was swimming
B) drowned / would swim
C) has been drowned / swims
D) had been drowned / has swum
E) is drowned / had swum
7. The doctor me some new pills which he says better than the old ones.
A) gave / had been
B) is giving / were
C) has given / will be
D) was giving / have been
E) had given / are
8. Do you think Elvis Presley so famous if he alive today?
A) will be / is
B) would be / were
C) has been / was
D) was / would be
E) is / will be
9. I writing my report, but I won't give it to the teacher till next week.
A) have finished
B) was finishing
C) finish
D) used to finish
E) had finished
10. *Şair Evlenmesi* was the first modern play in Turkish, and in the year 1860 by the journalist Şinasi.
A) used to be written
B) wrote
C) has been written
D) was written
E) had written

11. When I phoned Tim yesterday, he your e-mail yet.
- A) hasn't received
 - B) didn't receive
 - C) isn't receiving
 - D) hadn't received
 - E) doesn't receive
12. I just checking the exam papers, so we for a coffee now if you like.
- A) had...finished / must go
 - B) have...finished / can go
 - C) am...finishing / go
 - D) was...finishing / could go
 - E) will...finish / have gone
13. Basically, a ballad a folk song or poem that a story.
- A) was / will tell
 - B) has been / is told
 - C) is / tells
 - D) will be / was telling
 - E) had been / was told
14. The dog knows that it for eating my shoes, so it under the table.
- A) is going to be punished / is hiding
 - B) has been punished / hid
 - C) had punished / was hiding
 - D) will be punished / had been hidden
 - E) was punishing / will be hidden
15. I this poor kitten in the streets in this cold weather. Let's take it home.
- A) didn't think / survived
 - B) hadn't thought / has survived
 - C) don't think / will survive
 - D) won't think / would survive
 - E) haven't thought / survives
16. Scuba divers losing their lives if they to the ocean surface very quickly.
- A) have risked / were rising
 - B) risked / have risen
 - C) will risk / rose
 - D) risk / rise
 - E) had risked / will rise
17. I was surprised to see Gill as assistant manager, because I that she
- A) don't know / has been promoted
 - B) haven't known / was promoting
 - C) hadn't known / has promoted
 - D) won't know / would be promoted
 - E) didn't know / had been promoted
18. The United States president William Henry Harrison in office in 1841, before he actually do anything.
- A) died / could
 - B) was dying / must
 - C) has died / would
 - D) had died / can
 - E) would die / will
19. Jeff still the results of his blood tests when I him about an hour ago.
- A) didn't receive / have phoned
 - B) hasn't received / was phoning
 - C) hadn't received / phoned
 - D) won't receive / had phoned
 - E) doesn't receive / would phone
20. Thousands of people to attend the concert that at the Ravioli Theatre tonight.
- A) have expected / had held
 - B) expect / is holding
 - C) were expected / will hold
 - D) are expecting / was held
 - E) are expected / is being held

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. Tourists who take a boat trip along the Seine

- A) has been painted by a great number of artists
- B) had been impressed by its quiet beauty
- C) is the best way to enjoy the scenery along the river
- D) will see old bridges and historic buildings
- E) runs through the centre of the city of Paris

22. Novosibirsk is both the largest city in Siberia

- A) that has a lot of interesting cultural activities to enjoy
- B) or the large city of Irkutsk to its east
- C) until it developed into an important railway centre
- D) nor very cold during the winter
- E) and the Siberian Federal District's administrative centre

23. Pat Conroy was still a student at military school

- A) where he married a young woman
- B) when he wrote his first book, *The Boo*
- C) after he had taught English in a high school
- D) that was made into the 1974 film *Conrack*
- E) which has earned him international fame

24. Vampire bats can be dangerous to farm animals

- A) as they came out to feed after sunset
- B) because they can spread the rabies virus
- C) but the three species are all related
- D) which do not suck blood as many believe
- E) where they approach it from the ground

25. In the United States, Black History Month is an annual celebration

- A) which has existed in some form since 1926
- B) who greatly influenced black America
- C) that it is celebrated in October in the UK
- D) because I don't know much about it yet
- E) so it has received a lot of strong criticism

26. I speak Spanish badly, but I think I speak it better than you.

- A) I speak Spanish about as badly as you do.
- B) In my opinion, my Spanish is the best in class.
- C) My Spanish is fluent, but yours is quite bad.
- D) It will be difficult for you to be able to speak Spanish as well as I do.
- E) I think you speak Spanish worse than I do.

27. It started raining at eight o'clock this morning, and it hasn't stopped yet.

- A) It had been raining for eight hours when it stopped this morning.
- B) It has been raining since eight o'clock this morning.
- C) It has been eight hours since the rain started this morning.
- D) The rain stopped in the morning, about eight hours ago.
- E) The last time it rained was at about eight o'clock in the morning.

28. I am sure that Firat isn't telling the truth.

- A) I know that Firat is always telling lies.
- B) Firat doesn't have to tell the truth.
- C) I believe Firat will tell the truth later.
- D) I feel certain that Firat is lying.
- E) Firat certainly won't tell the truth.

29. We went to the station to catch the train, but it was no longer there.

- A) After we arrived at the station, we saw the train leaving.
- B) We almost missed the train that we had to catch to go home.
- C) The train had left before we arrived at the station.
- D) The train waited at the station until we arrived there.
- E) The train which we wanted to take was about to leave when we got to the station.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. When I came back home, I realized that I had left my mobile phone in the café.

- A) Eve döndüğümde cep telefonumu kafede bıraktığımı fark ettim.
- B) Cep telefonumu evde unuttuğumu fark edince kafeden geri döndüm.
- C) Cep telefonumu evde bıraktığımı ancak kafeden dönünce fark ettim.
- D) Eve dönünceye kadar cep telefonumu kafede bıraktığımı farkında değildim.
- E) Cep telefonumu unuttuğumu fark ederek hemen kafeden eve geri döndüm.

31. Physical exercises which are done regularly every day reduce exam anxiety.

- A) Sınav kaygısının azalması her gün düzenli olarak fiziksel egzersiz yapılmasına bağlıdır.
- B) Sınav kaygısını azaltmak için her gün düzenli olarak fiziksel egzersiz yapılmalıdır.
- C) Sınav kaygısını azaltan fiziksel egzersizler her gün yapılabilir.
- D) Her gün düzenli olarak fiziksel egzersiz yaparsanız sınav kaygınız azalacaktır.
- E) Her gün düzenli olarak yapılan fiziksel egzersizler sınav kaygısını azaltır.

32. The first toothpaste was produced by an ancient Egyptian doctor about four thousand years ago.

- A) Eski Mısır'da bir doktor, dört bin yıl kadar önce, ilk diş macununu üretmiştir.
- B) Eski Mısırlı bir doktor yaklaşık dört bin yıl önce diş macunu üretmeyi başarmıştır.
- C) Yaklaşık dört bin yıl önce yapılan ilk diş macunu, eski Mısırlı bir doktora aitti.
- D) İlk diş macunu yaklaşık dört bin yıl önce eski Mısırlı bir doktor tarafından üretilmiştir.
- E) Eski Mısırlı bir doktorun yaptığı diş macunu ilk kez dört bin yıl önce kullanılmıştır.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Tüm zamanların en iyi bestecilerinden biri olan Beethoven için, "müziğin Shakespeare'i" denilmektedir.

- A) Beethoven is considered to be the best composer of all time, and he is called the "Shakespeare of music".
- B) Beethoven, one of the best composers of all time, has been called the "Shakespeare of music".
- C) Beethoven is called the "Shakespeare of music", and is one of the best composers of all time.
- D) The "Shakespeare of music" is Beethoven, because he has been regarded as the best composer of all time.
- E) Beethoven is one of the best composers of all time, and so he is rightly called the "Shakespeare of music".

34. Dağcılar bir tırmanışın sonundaki başarıma duygusunun her şeyden üstün olduğuna inanırlar.

- A) Mountaineers have always believed that the feeling of achievement at the end of a climb is superior to everything.
- B) According to mountaineers, the sense of achievement at the end of a climb is superior to everything.
- C) It is believed that the sense of achievement at the end of a climb is superior to everything for mountaineers.
- D) The sense of achievement at the end of a climb is superior to everything for mountaineers.
- E) Mountaineers believe that the sense of achievement at the end of a climb is superior to everything.

35. Bu şirkette çalışmaya başladığımdan beri iletişim becerileri hakkında çok şey öğrendim.

- A) I learned a lot about communication skills when I started working in this company.
- B) Ever since I started working in this company, I have improved my communication skills.
- C) I've learned a lot about communication skills since I started working in this company.
- D) Communication skills is one of the things I've learned since I started working in this company.
- E) While I was working in that company, I learned a lot about communication skills.

TEST YOURSELF 10



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

- Zen Buddhism throughout Japan after it to the country in the year 1191.
A) has been spread / was introduced
B) was spreading / has introduced
C) had spread / was introducing
D) spreads / introduces
E) spread / had been introduced
- Johann Wolfgang Goethe seriously interested in writing while he law at the University of Leipzig.
A) became / was studying
B) will become / studies
C) has become / is studying
D) had become / would study
E) becomes / has studied
- When tea England around 1650, it quickly highly popular.
A) reached / became
B) is reached / becomes
C) has reached / was becoming
D) would reach / had become
E) will reach / has become
- I to any full operas before I *La Traviata* last month.
A) won't listen / had seen
B) haven't listened / saw
C) didn't listen / have seen
D) hadn't listened / saw
E) wasn't listening / have seen
- There a lot more vineyards in this region during my childhood.
A) must be
B) used to be
C) have been
D) could be
E) are
- We any hot water until the central heating
A) haven't had / has repaired
B) didn't have / has been repaired
C) aren't having / repairs
D) hadn't had / was repairing
E) won't have / is repaired
- By the time a cease-fire in Palestine, many civilians
A) has announced / will die
B) is announced / died
C) was announced / had died
D) has been announced / would die
E) announced / have died
- they had fitted the carpets and curtains, we moved into our new apartment.
A) If
B) As soon as
C) Until
D) How
E) During
- the light is bothering you, your headache is probably of the migraine type.
A) Until
B) If
C) Which
D) Whose
E) Where
- Mount Fuji in Japan last in 1707, but it a high risk of eruption anymore.
A) was erupting / didn't have
B) had erupted / won't have
C) has erupted / isn't having
D) erupted / doesn't have
E) erupts / isn't going to have

11. I wasn't able to connect the printer I had read the instructions carefully.
- A) because B) so
C) until D) while
E) since
12. I'm sorry, but you any television before you your dinner.
- A) can't watch / finish
B) mustn't watch / finished
C) won't watch / are finished
D) weren't watching / have finished
E) didn't watch / would finish
13. The artist Pablo Picasso hard when he in April 1973.
- A) had worked / has died
B) has worked / died
C) worked / would die
D) is working / has died
E) was working / died
14. Kelly his third piece of cake by the time I my first one.
- A) will eat / finished
B) has eaten / was finishing
C) had eaten / finished
D) ate / had finished
E) was eating / have finished
15. I some shopping after work—some friends for dinner tonight.
- A) can do / have come
B) will do / had come
C) had done / come
D) have to do / are coming
E) am doing / came
16. I think my little sister to be a doctor when she up.
- A) had planned / has grown
B) is planning / grows
C) planned / is growing
D) has planned / will grow
E) plans / grew
17. I any of the people at Cem's party on Saturday, so I really bored.
- A) haven't known / get
B) don't know / had got
C) won't know / have got
D) hadn't known / will get
E) didn't know / got
18. Mike us know as soon as he any news about Nâzım's condition.
- A) will let / hears
B) lets / heard
C) let / will hear
D) had let / has heard
E) has let / was hearing
19. Until it raining this morning, it unbearably hot throughout the week.
- A) has started / is
B) will start / has been
C) had started / will be
D) started / had been
E) starts / was
20. How do you think you if your teacher your book report severely?
- A) react / has criticized
B) have reacted / were criticizing
C) would react / criticized
D) had reacted / would criticize
E) reacted / criticize

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. The Nazca lines are a group of huge pictures

- A) who developed advanced farming methods
- B) whose shapes can only be seen from the air
- C) but the language that they spoke remains unknown
- D) when travellers first noticed them in the desert
- E) that the Nazca people produced fine textiles

22. Topkapı Palace was opened as a museum

- A) because it is closed on Tuesdays
- B) so it used to be the Sultan's residence
- C) while the tourists are waiting in line to get in
- D) but the tickets for the Harem are extra
- E) after all of its rooms had been repaired

23. Scrabble is a very popular word game

- A) unless you get the highest score
- B) when the last World Scrabble Championship was held
- C) all of the words can be found in a dictionary
- D) which was invented by Alfred Mosher Butts in 1938
- E) if only you were willing to learn how to play it

24. The Milky Way is so named

- A) because its light appears white from Earth
- B) after it had finally been measured
- C) where the night sky was quite clear
- D) when they first appeared in our solar system
- E) until we've learned the actual number of stars

25. Why did you let the man go

- A) after he has confessed to the crime
- B) before he signed the papers
- C) until the ambulance arrives
- D) who has stolen the jewellery
- E) unless you are able to learn the date

26. The missing girls were last seen just before the summer holiday.

- A) The missing girls have not been seen since they went on holiday last summer.
- B) When the summer holiday began, the girls were kidnapped.
- C) The last time we saw the girls was when we were on holiday in summer.
- D) After the summer holiday was over, the girls disappeared.
- E) Nobody has seen the missing girls since the summer holiday started.

27. The teacher will be angry with you if you postpone doing your homework.

- A) Tell your teacher when you have finished your homework, so he won't get angry.
- B) Your teacher won't be angry with you if you do your homework late.
- C) Putting off doing your homework will make your teacher angry.
- D) You will only make your teacher angry if you do not do your homework.
- E) Your teacher usually gets angry when you forget to do your homework.

28. The plane didn't take off until they cleared the runway of snow.

- A) Just as the plane was taking off, they started to clear the snow along the runway.
- B) The plane was ready to take off, because they had cleared the runway of snow.
- C) When they had cleared the snow along the runway, the plane took off.
- D) The runway was covered in snow, so the plane couldn't take off.
- E) If the runway was not covered in snow, the plane would take off.

29. The plane had just taken off when the engine failed to work.

- A) The engine will fail to work if the plane takes off.
- B) When the plane took off, the engine had already stopped.
- C) The engine hadn't worked while the plane was taking off.
- D) When the plane was about to take off, the engine exploded.
- E) The engine broke down soon after the plane took off.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. I didn't notice the broken window until the guests had left.

- A) Konuklar evden ayrılırken camın kırılmış olduğunu fark ettim.
- B) Konuklar gidinceye kadar kırık camı fark etmedim.
- C) Camın kırıldığını anladığımda konuklar henüz gitmemişti.
- D) Camın kırık olduğunu fark ettiğimde konuklar çoktan gitmişti.
- E) Konuklar gitmeden camın kırık olduğunu fark edemedim.

31. The famous playwright George Bernard Shaw wanted to change the spelling of the English language.

- A) Ünlü oyun yazarı George Bernard Shaw, İngiliz dilinin yazımını değiştirmek istiyordu.
- B) George Bernard Shaw, İngiliz dilinin yazımını değiştirmek isteyen ünlü bir oyun yazarıydı.
- C) Ünlü oyun yazarlarından George Bernard Shaw, İngiliz dilinde değişiklik yapmak istemiştir.
- D) George Bernard Shaw, İngiliz dilinin yazımını değiştirmiş olmasıyla ünlü bir oyun yazarıdır.
- E) İngiliz dilinin yazımı ünlü bir oyun yazarı olan George Bernard Shaw tarafından değiştirilmiştir.

32. El Yunque is a tropical rainforest which is home to the endangered boa constrictor.

- A) El Yunque, nesli tükenmekte olan boa yılanlarına ev sahipliği yapan tropikal bir yağmur ormanıdır.
- B) Nesli tükenmekte olan boa yılanları tropikal bir yağmur ormanı olan El Yunque'da yaşarlar.
- C) Nesli tükenmekte olan boa yılanları en çok, tropikal bir yağmur ormanı olan El Yunque'de bulunmaktadır.
- D) El Yunque hem tropikal yağmur ormanlarına hem de nesli tükenmekte olan boa yılanlarına ev sahipliği yapar.
- E) Tropikal yağmur ormanı El Yunque'da yaşayan boa yılanlarının nesli tükenmektedir.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Kara Ölüm adı verilen veba salgını patlak verdiği zaman Avrupa nüfusunun neredeyse yarısı öldü.

- A) When the plague epidemic called the Black Death broke out, over half of the population of Europe died immediately.
- B) About half of the population of Europe died when the plague epidemic called the Black Death broke out.
- C) The plague epidemic which killed about half of the population of Europe came to be called the Black Death.
- D) The Black Death, a kind of plague, broke out and killed over half of the population of Europe.
- E) More than half of the population of Europe died of the Black Death when that plague epidemic broke out.

34. Cappuccino hazırlanırken en önemli unsur sütün sıcaklığıdır.

- A) Cappuccino is prepared with milk, whose temperature is the most important element.
- B) The temperature of milk is a very important element when cappuccino is being prepared.
- C) If you are preparing cappuccino, it is important to check the temperature of the milk.
- D) While cappuccino is being prepared, the most important element is the temperature of the milk.
- E) Among the most important elements during the preparation of cappuccino is the temperature of the milk.

35. 2006 Prens Asturias Ödülü sahibi Paul Auster gençler arasında sevilen bir yazardır.

- A) Young people like the 2006 Prince of Asturias Award winner Paul Auster.
- B) Paul Auster, who is popular among young people, won the 2006 Prince of Asturias Award.
- C) The 2006 Prince of Asturias Award winner Paul Auster is a popular writer among young people.
- D) The 2006 Prince of Asturias Award has been given to the popular children's author Paul Auster.
- E) In 2006, Paul Auster won the Prince of Asturias Award by becoming popular among young people.

TEST YOURSELF 11



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. A friend of mine has said that I a balanced diet, so I weight easily.
A) won't have / hadn't lost
B) didn't have / haven't lost
C) haven't had / wouldn't lose
D) don't have / can't lose
E) shouldn't have / wasn't losing
2. Sorry! I didn't know that this your seat.
A) can be
B) is
C) has been
D) was
E) will be
3. The mayor announced that the new school would be opened month.
A) the previous
B) last
C) the following
D) before
E) ago
4. Josh said that he up diving if he more time, but he's always busy.
A) would take / had
B) is taking / has
C) has taken / will have
D) was taking / has had
E) took / had had
5. When I got home, my father that he me a present.
A) says / will buy
B) said / had bought
C) is saying / would buy
D) was saying / has bought
E) will say / bought
6. Doing stretching exercises will be good for you you have to sit a lot during the day.
A) as soon as
B) which
C) so
D) by the time
E) if
7. Yasemin told me that she'd watched a good thriller on TV night.
A) after
B) the following
C) tomorrow
D) the previous
E) yesterday
8. The doctor told my father that he taking regular walks if he his heart to cause problems soon.
A) has started / wouldn't want
B) should start / didn't want
C) can start / doesn't want
D) started / hadn't wanted
E) had started / hasn't wanted
9. It is reported in the paper that the cost of living by 5% in recent months.
A) has risen
B) is rising
C) was rising
D) had risen
E) rises
10. The secretary said that she the report yet, but she so first thing the following morning.
A) wasn't typing / had done
B) won't type / has done
C) hadn't typed / would do
D) wouldn't type / will do
E) hasn't typed / does

11. I that the game of chess in India.

- A) hadn't known / has been invented
- B) don't know / invented
- C) haven't known / has invented
- D) won't know / is invented
- E) didn't know / was invented

12. He to prison if he guilty by the jury.

- A) went / would be found
- B) would go / found
- C) will go / is found
- D) has gone / had found
- E) was going / has been found

13. Eda looked at me in amazement when I her that she the lottery.

- A) have told / won
- B) had told / has won
- C) told / had won
- D) was telling / wins
- E) will tell / can win

14. I didn't see Mustafa at all because, when I arrived home, he for a meeting at the school.

- A) would leave
- B) had left
- C) was leaving
- D) leaves
- E) has left

15. I gave my sister my apologies and said that I was sorry that couldn't attend performance.

- A) she / my
- B) I / her
- C) me / hers
- D) her / mine
- E) myself / herself

16. No one believed Hilmi when he said that he law at university.

- A) was studying
- B) will study
- C) is studying
- D) has been studying
- E) has studied

17. Gloria promised that she me how to drive.

- A) has taught
- B) will teach
- C) is teaching
- D) would teach
- E) taught

18. Biray: **Mihraca just can't give up smoking.**

Önder: **What?!? She told me that she it up three months ago.**

- A) will give
- B) gives
- C) has given
- D) is giving
- E) had given

19. The Yangtze River in Chinese as Chang Jiang, or "long river", because it one of the longest rivers in the world.

- A) was known / will be
- B) knows / was
- C) is known / is
- D) knew / has been
- E) has known / had been

20. The archaeologists at the site reported that they some coins from the 1st century BC.

- A) are finding
- B) find
- C) have found
- D) had found
- E) will find

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. Lagos has the highest population density in Nigeria,

- A) and so its traffic jams can be quite bad
- B) who are stuck in their cars for a long time
- C) than the rest of southern Nigeria
- D) but it is certainly more than 10 million
- E) that began as a small Yoruba settlement

22. In the end, I went to the cinema by myself

- A) because nobody wanted to come with me
- B) so the film won a number of Academy Awards
- C) but all of them enjoyed the film anyway
- D) while the walls of my apartment are being painted
- E) who absolutely loves action movies

23. Michael actually likes ants,

- A) when he saw a lot of them on the wall
- B) unless they are crawling on his skin
- C) because he is terrified of all insects
- D) so his only choice is to kill them
- E) that they are highly social animals

24. My cousin has just telephoned to say

- A) because she still hasn't received my message
- B) but unfortunately I couldn't hear her voice
- C) that she has won a scholarship for her master's degree
- D) who I'll invite to the summer house this year
- E) if only she could be with us these days

25. "Mayday" is the international request for help that is used by captains and pilots

- A) until after the ship had already sunk beneath the waves
- B) which comes from the French *m'aider*
- C) before the electricity went out
- D) if people's lives are in immediate danger
- E) that should not be used in less serious situations

26. You only have money problems because you spend more than you earn.

- A) Unless you save most of the money that you earn, you will have money problems.
- B) You must find a better job in order to earn more money and spend more.
- C) If you didn't spend more than you earn, you wouldn't have money problems.
- D) Your money problems are occurring because you do not earn enough money to spend.
- E) Don't spend more than your salary, or you'll always have money problems.

27. Canan said that it started to snow after she had got up that morning.

- A) Canan said that she got up while it was snowing that morning.
- B) Canan said that she got up before the snow started that morning.
- C) Canan said that the snow had started before she got up that morning.
- D) Canan said that the snow had already stopped when she got up that morning.
- E) Canan said that, as soon as she got up that morning, she saw that it was snowing.

28. Pelin has lost hope of becoming a film star.

- A) Pelin thinks that film stars are hopeless people.
- B) When Pelin first decided to be a film star, she was very hopeful about it.
- C) Pelin doesn't really want to be a film star anymore.
- D) I hope that Pelin won't be able to become a film star.
- E) Pelin no longer believes that she will be a film star.

29. I had no idea Cem spoke French until we went to Bordeaux.

- A) I first realized that Cem knew French when we were in Bordeaux.
- B) Before we went to Bordeaux, Cem had never tried to speak French.
- C) While we were travelling to Bordeaux, Cem suddenly started to speak French.
- D) It was difficult to understand the French that Cem was speaking in Bordeaux.
- E) I don't think Cem speaks French when he travels to Bordeaux.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. When she got downstairs, she was surprised to see that the children had prepared breakfast.

- A) Aşağıya indiğinde çocukların kahvaltı hazırlamış olduğunu görünce şaşırıldı.
- B) Aşağıya inince çocukların hazırladığı kahvaltıyı görmek onu şaşırttı.
- C) Çocuklar kahvaltıyı hazırlarken o aşağıya inince şaşırıldı.
- D) Aşağıda çocuklar kahvaltı hazırladıktan sonra o geldi ve çok şaşırıldı.
- E) Aşağıya inince, şaşkınlık içinde, çocukların kahvaltı hazırladığını gördü.

31. Dave says that he will visit his relatives if he ever goes to the town where he was born.

- A) Dave'in dediğine göre, doğduğu kasabada yaşayan akrabaları onun ziyaretini bekliyor.
- B) Dave, doğduğu kasabadaki akrabalarını bir gün mutlaka ziyaret edeceğini söylüyor.
- C) Doğduğu kasabada akrabaları olan Dave, onları ziyaret etmek istiyor.
- D) Dave, bir gün doğduğu kasabaya gidersen akrabalarını ziyaret edeceğini söylüyor.
- E) Dave, akrabalarını ziyaret etmek için doğduğu kasabaya gittiğini söylüyor.

32. As soon as I arrived home, I realized that the meat I had bought in the supermarket was rotten.

- A) Süpermarketten çıktım ve daha eve varmadan, etin bayat olduğunu fark ettim.
- B) Süpermarketten aldığım et bayatmış, ama ben bunu eve gidince anladım.
- C) Süpermarketten aldığım etin bayat olduğunu daha eve varmadan anladım.
- D) Eve geldim ve kısa süre sonra, süpermarketten aldığım etin bayatlamış olduğunu anladım.
- E) Eve gelir gelmez, süpermarketten aldığım etin bayat olduğunu fark ettim.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Başbakan, ekonomideki son gelişmelerin önemli olduğunu söyledi.

- A) The prime minister said that the latest developments in the economy were important.
- B) The prime minister says that there will be some important developments in the economy.
- C) The prime minister is saying that there have been some important developments in the economy lately.
- D) The prime minister has said that the latest developments will affect the economy.
- E) Recently, the prime minister has been discussing the important developments in the economy.

34. Benjamin Franklin'in yaşadığı evlerden biri, kısa süre önce müzeye dönüştürüldü.

- A) Benjamin Franklin lived in a house which was later turned into a museum.
- B) One of the houses where Benjamin Franklin lived has recently been turned into a museum.
- C) Only one of Benjamin Franklin's houses is currently being used as a museum.
- D) Benjamin Franklin turned one of his houses into a museum a short time ago.
- E) The house in which Benjamin Franklin lived will soon be turned into a museum.

35. Konser vermek için Türkiye'ye geldiğinden beri Muse büyük bir ilgi odağı oldu.

- A) Muse came to Turkey for a concert and became a great focus of attention.
- B) Muse was a great focus of attention when they came to Turkey for a concert.
- C) Since Muse came to Turkey to give a concert, they have become a great focus of attention.
- D) After Muse arrived in Turkey, they gave concerts which became a great focus of attention.
- E) The concerts which Muse are giving in Turkey have attracted many people since they arrived.

TEST YOURSELF 12



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Arzu asked me I was going to take part in the competition the following day.
A) what
B) if
C) when
D) who
E) that
2. Peter asked me who 1956's *Miserable Miracle* by.
A) has written
B) had been written
C) was writing
D) will be written
E) is writing
3. Tolga said that he to talk with me about the problems he at school.
A) has wanted / will have
B) had wanted / is having
C) wants / had had
D) will want / has
E) wanted / was having
4. Alfred wonders what to his sister these days.
A) was happening
B) had happened
C) is happening
D) happened
E) would happen
5. Levent asked me whether I him move house at the weekend.
A) could help
B) can help
C) have helped
D) may help
E) had helped
6. Clarence me if I had ever seen a UFO, and I I hadn't.
A) said / told
B) wondered / answered
C) told / asked
D) asked / said
E) questioned / wondered
7. On the way to İzmir, Ayşe wanted to know we would stop for a drink—I said we could have some ayran in Susurluk.
A) that / if
B) whether / that
C) what / where
D) why / whether
E) how / what
8. Harry so hard recently. I don't know why the boss him a pay rise when he asked her for one.
A) had worked / doesn't give
B) was working / won't give
C) worked / wasn't giving
D) has been working / didn't give
E) will work / hasn't given
9. So, Nâzım, you in Gölpazarı for a long time now?
A) did ..live
B) were...living
C) have...been living
D) are...living
E) had...lived
10. Miranda whether I could give her a lift to the airport the next day.
A) said
B) wanted
C) wondered
D) told
E) explained

11. My elder brother in Samsun for a few years, but then he a job in Ankara.

- A) is staying / has found
- B) has stayed / had found
- C) has been staying / finds
- D) stays / will find
- E) stayed / found

12. I don't know if Helen to the party or not, but she there.

- A) was invited / wasn't
- B) had been invited / isn't
- C) will be invited / hasn't been
- D) has been invited / hadn't been
- E) is invited / wouldn't be

13. Children may develop cavities they eat too many sweets.

- A) whether
- B) if
- C) unless
- D) before
- E) which

14. Nobody asked me whether or not I happy with my new job.

- A) will be
- B) have been
- C) am being
- D) was
- E) can be

15. Tracy asked me I visited my aunt lived in Ashington.

- A) how often / who
- B) what / whose
- C) that / when
- D) whether / where
- E) if / why

16. I wondered what I if I my flight the following morning.

- A) have done / am missing
- B) did / would miss
- C) would do / missed
- D) was doing / have missed
- E) had done / were missing

17. Jason complained that he allowed to go out at night because his father very strict.

- A) hadn't been / would be
- B) isn't / will be
- C) hasn't been / was being
- D) won't be / had been
- E) wasn't / was

18. Nefise said that all the food before she at the party.

- A) was eaten / has arrived
- B) had been eaten / arrived
- C) will be eaten / had arrived
- D) is eaten / will arrive
- E) has been eaten / arrives

19. My brother has told me that he wishes he on holiday to India.

- A) could go
- B) will go
- C) has gone
- D) can go
- E) is going

20. A couple of tourists asked me the nearest supermarket was.

- A) when
- B) where
- C) how long
- D) why
- E) how often

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. A lot of people are saying

- A) because they have worked in agriculture
- B) whether this problem will be solved or not
- C) but the education there is very poor
- D) when the exam is scheduled for
- E) that there are a lot of mistakes on the exam

22. Two ten-month-old Siamese twins were recently separated

- A) which will probably take a whole day
- B) when surgeons try to rebuild their bodies
- C) after they had had a successful operation
- D) that several doctors have participated
- E) while they were taking many blood tests

23. The reporters at the press conference wanted to know

- A) whether security levels were high enough
- B) that would protect the archaeological exhibit
- C) when did the thieves break into the museum
- D) if the camera system is working efficiently
- E) where have most of the visitors come from

24. that she was much too tired to play any basketball.

- A) I calmly asked her
- B) They wanted to know
- C) We could easily notice
- D) She wondered
- E) He angrily told

25. At the beginning of class, Mr. Hobbledehoy asked the students

- A) why they hadn't done their homework
- B) that everybody was ready for the quiz
- C) when they will complete their term projects
- D) if the principal has talked about discipline
- E) who were we complaining about

26. I could never succeed in life without Aslıhan's support.

- A) I will be successful in life unless Aslıhan tries to help me.
- B) If Aslıhan didn't support me, I couldn't succeed in life.
- C) When Aslıhan tells me what to do in life, I am usually successful.
- D) I didn't succeed in life because Aslıhan didn't help me.
- E) Aslıhan wasn't succeeding in life until I started giving her my support.

27. I would like to know who this house belongs to.

- A) You can tell me who has bought this house.
- B) Someone had to tell me who the house belonged to.
- C) I wonder if this house belongs to someone I know.
- D) The owner of this house is not someone who I know.
- E) I want to learn whose house this is.

28. "Why don't we stay for another two days in this fantastic resort?" said Nancy to her husband.

- A) Nancy asked her husband the reason why they wouldn't be able to stay at that beautiful resort for two days.
- B) Nancy and her husband liked the resort so much that they wanted to extend their holiday two more days.
- C) Nancy couldn't think of a reason why they couldn't stay at that wonderful resort for two days.
- D) Talking to her husband, Nancy suggested extending their holiday in that marvellous resort two more days.
- E) Nancy decided to talk to her husband and persuade him to extend their holiday at that fabulous resort for another two days.

29. Serdar was very nervous because it was his first time on a TV talk show.

- A) Serdar was too nervous to perform well on the TV talk show.
- B) Serdar always feels nervous when he appears on TV talk shows.
- C) When people like Serdar are on a TV talk show, they look very nervous.
- D) Serdar shouldn't go on a TV talk show if he feels so nervous.
- E) Serdar had never been on a TV talk show before, so he was nervous.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. Oktay Sinanoğlu is the most talented scientist Turkey has ever had, so he is known as the "Einstein of Turkey".
- A) "Türkiye'nin Einstein'ı" olarak tanınan Oktay Sinanoğlu, Türkiye'nin sahip olduğu en yetenekli bilim adamıdır.
- B) Oktay Sinanoğlu Türkiye'nin sahip olduğu en yetenekli bilim adamıdır, bu yüzden "Türkiye'nin Einstein'ı" olarak tanınır.
- C) Oktay Sinanoğlu, Türkiye'deki en yetenekli bilim adamı olması nedeniyle "Türkiye'nin Einstein'ı" olarak bilinir.
- D) En yetenekli bilim adamlarından biri olan Oktay Sinanoğlu, "Türkiye'nin Einstein'ı" diye anılmaktadır.
- E) "Türkiye'nin Einstein'ı" adı verilen Oktay Sinanoğlu, Türkiye'nin sahip olduğu en yetenekli bilim adamları arasındadır.
31. In the Middle Ages, some people believed that their wounds would heal and illnesses would be cured if they ingested diamonds.
- A) Ortaçağ'da bir inanışa göre, elmas yutanların yaraları iyileşiyor ve hastalıkları tedavi ediliyordu.
- B) Ortaçağ'da bazı insanlar, elmas yutarlarsa, yaralarının iyileşeceğine ve hastalıklarının tedavi edileceğine inanıyorlardı.
- C) Ortaçağ'da bazı insanlar, yaralarının iyileşeceği ve hastalıklarının tedavi olacağı inancıyla elmas yutarlardı.
- D) Ortaçağ'da insanlara, yaralarının iyileşmesi ya da hastalıklarının tedavisi için elmas yutturulurdu.
- E) Ortaçağ'da bazı insanların inançları nedeniyle elmas, yaraların iyileşmesi ve hastalıkların tedavisi için kullanılırdı.
32. The philosophers of the Age of Enlightenment wanted to combat ignorance and superstition to build a better world.
- A) Aydınlanma Çağı'nda filozoflar, daha iyi bir dünya kurmak için cehalet ve batıl inançla savaşmak istediler.
- B) Aydınlanma Çağı'nda filozoflar, cehalet ve batıl inançla savaşarak daha iyi bir dünya kurmaya çalıştılar.
- C) Cehalet ve batıl inançla savaşan Aydınlanma Çağı filozofları, daha iyi bir dünya kurmayı amaçladılar.
- D) Daha iyi bir dünya kurmak arzusunda olan Aydınlanma Çağı filozofları, cehalet ve batıl inançla savaşmışlar.
- E) Aydınlanma Çağı, filozofların cehalet ve batıl inançla savaşarak daha iyi bir dünya kurmaya çalıştıkları bir dönemdir.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Ezgi bana ne zaman yeni bir araba alacağını sorduğunda hiçbir şey demedim.
- A) I didn't say anything after Ezgi asked me whether I wanted to buy a new car.
- B) When Ezgi asked me when I would buy a new car, I didn't say anything.
- C) When I was asked by Ezgi about buying a new car, I couldn't say anything.
- D) Ezgi wondered if I would buy a new car, but I didn't give an answer.
- E) I didn't say anything until Ezgi asked me when I was going to buy a new car.
34. Müdür, ayrılmadan önce kağıdı imzalamak zorunda olduğumu söyledi.
- A) I was asked by the manager to sign the paper before I left.
- B) I was told that the manager had to sign the paper before I left.
- C) The manager told me that the paper had to be signed before I left.
- D) The manager was told that I had to sign the paper before I left.
- E) The manager said that I had to sign the paper before I left.
35. Kimchi, Kore'de her gün yenen geleneksel bir sebze yemeğidir.
- A) In Korea, the traditional vegetable dish called *kimchi* is eaten every day.
- B) A traditional vegetable dish that is called *kimchi* is eaten every day in Korea.
- C) People in Korea eat a traditional vegetable dish called *kimchi* every day.
- D) *Kimchi* is a traditional vegetable dish which is eaten in Korea every day.
- E) Traditional vegetable dishes like *kimchi* are eaten every day in Korea.

TEST YOURSELF 13



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The watchman told the children out of the swimming pool's deep end.
A) stayed
B) staying
C) stay
D) stays
E) to stay
2. When Arzu saw Cem's pale face, she told him working if he well.
A) don't continue / won't feel
B) not to continue / wasn't feeling
C) not continuing / hasn't felt
D) not continue / doesn't feel
E) didn't continue / hadn't felt
3. Impatiently, Peter asked his mum it would take to make the fruitcake.
A) whether
B) how often
C) when
D) how long
E) where
4. The weather forecaster says that it better next week than it so far this week.
A) would be / had been
B) is / would be
C) will be / has been
D) was / is
E) has been / was
5. I told Eda that I sure that I her not to touch anything on my desk.
A) had been / would warn
B) was / had warned
C) am / was warning
D) have been / warned
E) will be / could warn
6. My parents have always told me people who older than me.
A) to respect / are
B) respected / were
C) must respect / have been
D) respecting / had been
E) respect / will be
7. The guard at the entrance us not to take any photos in the museum.
A) wanted to know
B) said
C) wondered
D) warned
E) explained
8. The students complained that they enough time to complete their answers in the exam.
A) haven't been given
B) didn't give
C) don't give
D) not to be given
E) hadn't been given
9. Sheila asked me if I her phone number, and I said yes—but now I see that I it after all.
A) was having / haven't had
B) had / don't have
C) have / didn't have
D) am having / wasn't having
E) had had / am not having
10. You shouldn't criticize the book you haven't read it.
A) whether
B) unless
C) if
D) after
E) as soon as

11. The ticket inspector told the guy who about to light a cigarette in the sleeping compartment.
- A) is / don't smoke
 B) was / not to smoke
 C) has been / didn't smoke
 D) had been / not smoke
 E) will be / not smoking
12. I'm always telling Haydar his violin so loudly, but he never listens.
- A) not play
 B) don't play
 C) not to play
 D) mustn't play
 E) not playing
13. My aunt wondered it normally took me to get ready for school in the morning.
- A) how often B) what time
 C) how long D) when
 E) how much
14. "..... careful while you your answers on the answer sheet," said the teacher to the students just before the exam.
- A) To be / marked
 B) Been / have marked
 C) Being / will mark
 D) Are / were marking
 E) Be / are marking
15. At first, the police didn't believe Mehmet's story, but in the end, he convince them that he was innocent.
- A) ought to
 B) was able to
 C) can
 D) must
 E) should
16. Politely, the student to the teacher for interrupting her, and asked if she repeating her last sentence.
- A) apologized / would mind
 B) apologizes / will mind
 C) has apologized / minded
 D) will apologize / had minded
 E) had apologized / has minded
17. Do you mind us how long you a member of this club?
- A) asking / are
 B) wondering / will be
 C) saying / were
 D) telling / have been
 E) answering / had been
18. The guide has informed the tourists that the Cathedral of Beira partly made of stones which from Portugal about 500 years ago.
- A) has been / will be brought
 B) is / were brought
 C) had been / had brought
 D) was / have been brought
 E) will be / brought
19. Many people say that Vincent van Gogh his best work while he in Arles in southern France.
- A) has produced / had lived
 B) was producing / has lived
 C) produced / was living
 D) is producing / lived
 E) had produced / would live
20. My mother says she wishes Ezgi and I more successful and hardworking.
- A) can be
 B) will be
 C) have been
 D) are
 E) were

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. The doctors were sure

- A) how the nurse checks his temperature
- B) when the patient will take the medicine
- C) that the operation is very short
- D) if any blood was needed during the operation
- E) that the little girl would quickly recover

22. Early that morning, my mother told me to start working on my school project.

- A) not to wait till the next day
- B) to follow her advice about studying
- C) never try to postpone things
- D) don't forget to do your homework
- E) not even thinking about trying

23. As a general rule, it is better to throw away things

- A) that is all over the floor
- B) which you no longer need
- C) after you had used them
- D) so I had to buy a new one
- E) than you did yesterday

24. You send chemicals called endorphins to your brain

- A) and neither does my brother
- B) if only you spent more time reading
- C) that it can be an excellent way to relieve stress
- D) while you were sleeping very peacefully
- E) when you laugh or exercise for a long time

25. China is the only country

- A) because the problem is worse in rural areas
- B) where more women commit suicide than men
- C) whose family lives in the city of Nanjing
- D) but some traditions still have a great influence on people
- E) that things have become very chaotic there

26. I don't think anyone in the world drives as badly as Mildred.

- A) I believe that Mildred is the worst driver in the world.
- B) I don't know anyone who drives as badly as Mildred.
- C) Mildred is known around the world for her bad driving.
- D) Everyone in the world knows that Mildred is a bad driver.
- E) We all think Mildred should drive more carefully.

27. The injury has made it impossible for José to play baseball.

- A) José is unable to play baseball because of his injury.
- B) José was a good baseball player before he had the injury.
- C) If José played baseball well, he wouldn't have an injury.
- D) José is not allowed to play baseball because he has an injury.
- E) Playing baseball was José's passion until he had the injury.

28. I only remembered it was my birthday when you phoned me.

- A) I was happy because you remembered to call me on my birthday.
- B) You could remind me of my birthday if you phoned me.
- C) As soon as I realized that it was my birthday, you called me.
- D) You always phone me to remind me of when my birthday is.
- E) I didn't remember that it was my birthday until you called.

29. The houseplants will die if no one gives them any water.

- A) It is hard for houseplants to live without the water that people give them.
- B) When you gave the houseplants too much water, they died.
- C) Unless the houseplants are given water, they will die.
- D) After the houseplants were watered, they were able to survive.
- E) The houseplants have all died because no one remembered to water them.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. The biggest mistake which can be made while preparing espresso is the use of too much water.

- A) Espresso yaparken çok fazla su kullanmak yanlıştır.
- B) Espresso hazırlanırken yapılabilecek en büyük yanlış çok fazla su kullanmaktır.
- C) Espresso hazırlanmasında yapılan büyük bir yanlış çok fazla su kullanılmasıdır.
- D) Espresso yapmak için çok fazla su kullanmamak gerekir.
- E) Espresso hazırlarken fazla su kullanırsanız büyük bir yanlış yapmış olursunuz.

31. We had to climb the stairs, as the lift had broken down.

- A) Asansör bozulunca merdivenleri çıkarız.
- B) Bozuk asansör yüzünden merdivenleri kullanmamız gerekiyordu.
- C) Asansör bozuk olsaydı merdivenleri çıkmak zorunda kalırdık.
- D) Asansör arıza yaptığı için merdivenleri çıkmak zorunda kaldık.
- E) Asansörün bozuk olduğunu görünce merdivenleri çıktık.

32. Anton Chekhov continued writing short stories while he was studying medicine in Moscow.

- A) Anton Çehov Moskova'da tıp öğrenimi görürken kısa öyküler yazmaya devam etti.
- B) Kısa öyküler yazan Anton Çehov, aynı zamanda Moskova'da tıp öğrenimi görmüştür.
- C) Tıp öğrenimi gören Anton Çehov, Moskova'da bulunduğu sırada kısa öyküler de yazmıştır.
- D) Anton Çehov kısa öyküler yazarken bir taraftan Moskova'da tıp öğrenimi görmeye başladı.
- E) Anton Çehov Moskova'da tıp öğrenimi gördükten sonra kısa öyküler yazmaya başladı.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Saman nezlesine sebep olan polenler kürese! ısınma nedeniyle hızla artmaktadır.

- A) Hay fever is caused by global warming's rapidly increasing the amount of pollen.
- B) The incidences of hay fever, which is caused by pollen, are increasing because of global warming.
- C) The pollens which cause hay fever are increasing rapidly due to global warming.
- D) Global warming increases rapidly when different pollens cause hay fever.
- E) Pollen would cause more hay fever if global warming increased.

34. Bilim adamları uzun süredir kişilik ve fiziksel özellikler arasındaki ilişkiyi çözümlenmeye çalışmaktadırlar.

- A) It took scientists a long time to analyze the relationship between personality and physical characteristics.
- B) Scientists have been trying to analyze the relationship between personality and physical characteristics for a long time.
- C) The relationship between personality and physical characteristics was analyzed by scientists a long time ago.
- D) It has been a long time since scientists began analyzing the relationship between personality and physical characteristics.
- E) A long time ago, scientists were trying to analyze the relationship between personality and physical characteristics.

35. Öğretmen sınav kağıtlarını teslim etmemizi istediğinde daha soruların yarısını bile yanıtlamamıştım.

- A) When the teacher asked us to hand in the exam papers, I hadn't even answered half of the questions.
- B) The teacher told us to hand in the exam papers, even though I hadn't answered more than half of the questions.
- C) Because the teacher told us to hand in the exam papers, I left more than half of the questions unanswered.
- D) I had finished answering about half of the questions, and just then the teacher asked us to hand in the exam papers.
- E) I had to hand in my exam paper when the teacher asked us to do so, but I hadn't answered half of the questions yet.

TEST YOURSELF 14



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. When he back, Alyosha mentioned that he all his time with his family during the holiday.
A) comes / is spending
B) has come / has spent
C) will come / spends
D) came / had spent
E) was coming / would spend
2. Researchers claim that more than five people from food poisoning every day.
A) would die
B) had died
C) die
D) have died
E) were dying
3. At the police station, the man was told to everything that he
A) to confess / had done
B) confessing / has done
C) confessed / was doing
D) confess / did
E) had to confess / does
4. Nilay told me that the problem at the following day's meeting.
A) is going to be solved
B) can solve
C) had solved
D) has been solved
E) would be solved
5. Our French teacher asked us Mariama Bâ's two novels.
A) would read
B) to read
C) read
D) reading
E) should read
6. The mayor has just announced that the new stadium 40,000 spectators when it
A) has seated / was completed
B) would seat / will be completed
C) seated / has been completed
D) will seat / is completed
E) had seated / completed
7. Frank very careful in the sun because he very fair skin.
A) would be / is having
B) can be / will have
C) might be / had had
D) must be / has
E) could be / was having
8. When I was in my first year at university, I until morning very often.
A) used to study
B) have studied
C) had studied
D) am studying
E) have to study
9. When I offered the children out to the park, they all said they to watch their favourite cartoon at home.
A) taken / have preferred
B) took / had preferred
C) take / prefer
D) taking / preferred
E) to take / would prefer
10. While the old lady in the other direction, the pickpocket her wallet.
A) looks / was stealing
B) looked / had stolen
C) will look / steals
D) was looking / stole
E) had looked / has stolen

11. My son to Yalın's new album ever since he it.
- A) will listen / had bought
 B) has listened / has bought
 C) has been listening / bought
 D) was listening / buys
 E) is listening / was buying
12. When you fill in the health form, you have to state you have had this problem before.
- A) how many
 B) what
 C) which
 D) whom
 E) whether
13. It in this article that, at the moment, researchers hard to develop artificial blood.
- A) says / are working
 B) said / work
 C) had said / have worked
 D) will say / worked
 E) has said / were working
14. When I met an old high school friend of mine, she said that she university the year before and at a bank.
- A) has finished / is working
 B) would finish / had worked
 C) was finishing / will work
 D) had finished / was working
 E) finished / has been working
15. This amphitheater is beautiful! I wish I my camera with me now.
- A) was having
 B) had
 C) have had
 D) have
 E) am having
16. I've heard that Peter somewhere in Haiti these days.
- A) has worked
 B) was working
 C) is working
 D) had worked
 E) would work
17. We to end our vacation and go home, because we very little money left.
- A) have decided / had had
 B) will decide / are having
 C) decide / have
 D) had decided / will have
 E) decided / had
18. The British soap opera *Coronation Street* has been on television 1960.
- A) since
 B) for
 C) until
 D) during
 E) before
19. Our literature teacher says that Victor Hugo as a novelist, but his poetry actually better than his novels.
- A) is known / is
 B) was known / will be
 C) has known / had been
 D) to be known / was
 E) being known / has been
20. Last year, Rachel told me that she to study architecture in Italy, but I've heard that, now, she classical music here at the conservatory.
- A) could plan / was studying
 B) has been planning / studied
 C) is planning / had studied
 D) was planning / is studying
 E) would plan / has studied

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. Rapa Nui, or Easter Island, is famous for the large stone busts

- A) whose population is made up of fewer than 4,000 people
- B) as soon as the new ATM machine had been built
- C) but the inhabitants were cutting down too many trees
- D) so we had to look for a hotel in the capital, Hanga Roa
- E) that are called *moai* in the native language

22. The flight attendant wanted to know

- A) who I am looking for
- B) if I am going to fully enjoy the journey
- C) that the flight would take just two hours
- D) whether he could bring me a drink
- E) what did I want to eat

23. We were told by the tourist guide

- A) where we will stop for a tea break
- B) not to touch any of the items in the museum
- C) how many cathedrals are there in Paris
- D) if only the bus had waited for us
- E) which highway has just been closed

24. William S. Burroughs was an American writer

- A) who experienced a lot of censorship
- B) which is also known as the "Gateway to the West"
- C) how he used a special writing technique
- D) but in the end he was never able to quit heroin
- E) where he lived until his death in 1997

25. The poet Fuzûlî was not happy with the Ottoman bureaucracy,

- A) ever since he wrote *Opium and Wine*
- B) so he wrote a text to complain about it
- C) because his pen name has a double meaning
- D) who was born in either Karbala or an-Najaf
- E) but unfortunately it was not accepted

26. Saying that there was room for only four passengers in his car, the taxi driver didn't want to take all of us.

- A) Because the taxi driver didn't want to take more than four of us, we decided not to hire his car.
- B) The taxi driver only allowed four of us to get into his car, so the rest had to take another taxi.
- C) The taxi driver said his car was big enough to take only four passengers, but we all managed to fit in.
- D) Normally, as the taxi driver said, his car would only take four people, but he allowed us all to get into his car in the end.
- E) The taxi driver refused to take all of us, because he said his car was only large enough for four people.

27. He will let you drive his car if you are very careful.

- A) If you weren't so careless, he would let you borrow his car.
- B) He didn't lend you his car because you're not a careful driver.
- C) You won't be allowed to take his car unless you are very careful with it.
- D) It is very important for him that you drive his car carefully.
- E) You should drive his car carefully if you want to borrow it from him.

28. In the end, Iris managed to find a good job.

- A) It was not easy for Iris to find a job.
- B) I told you that Iris would find a good job in the end.
- C) Iris was finally able to get a good job.
- D) It became necessary for Iris to change her job in the end.
- E) Iris finally found a good job as a manager.

29. Ece was drinking tea when I saw her in the café.

- A) As I was walking into the café, Ece ordered a tea.
- B) Ece had already finished her tea when I met her in the café.
- C) I watched Ece finish her tea and then walked into the café.
- D) Ece and I drank tea when we saw each other in the café.
- E) While Ece was drinking tea in the café, I saw her.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

30. Emre said he was sorry that he had kept us waiting.

- A) Emre üzgün olduğunu, ama bizi bekleteceğini söyledi.
- B) Emre bizi beklettiği için üzgün olduğunu söyledi.
- C) Emre üzgün olduğunu söyleyerek bizi beklettiği için özür diledi.
- D) Emre bizi bekletmek zorunda kaldığı için çok üzgündü.
- E) Emre üzgün olduğunu söyledi, ama yine de bizi bekletti.

31. *Lord of the Flies* tells about a group of children who have to live on a desert island.

- A) *Sineklerin Tanrısı* ıssız bir adada yaşamak zorunda kalan bir grup çocuğu anlatır.
- B) ıssız bir adada yaşamak zorunda olan bir grup çocuk *Sineklerin Tanrısı*'nin konusunu oluşturur.
- C) Bir grup çocuğun ıssız bir adada yaşamayı nasıl başardıkları, *Sineklerin Tanrısı*'nda anlatılmıştır.
- D) *Sineklerin Tanrısı* ıssız bir adaya gitmek zorunda olan bir grup çocuğun öyküsüdür.
- E) Bir grup çocuğun yaşam öykülerini anlatan *Sineklerin Tanrısı*, ıssız bir adada geçer.

32. Many people lost their interest in radio after television was invented.

- A) Televizyonun icadı birçok insanın radyoya olan ilgisini yok etti.
- B) Birçok insanın radyoya karşı ilgisini yitirmesinde televizyonun icadı etkili oldu.
- C) Televizyon icat edildikten sonra birçok insan radyoya karşı ilgisini yitirmiştir.
- D) Televizyon icat edildiği zaman radyoya duyulan ilgi hemen yok oldu.
- E) Televizyonun icadından sonra çok az insan radyoya olan ilgisini sürdürdü.

33. Geçen hafta açılan Meksika restoranına gidebiliriz.

- A) Let's go to the Mexican restaurant which has been open since last week.
- B) We must go to the Mexican restaurant which opened last week.
- C) The Mexican restaurant which opened last week is a good place to go.
- D) We can go to the Mexican restaurant which opened last week.
- E) A Mexican restaurant opened last week, so we can go there.

34. Durağa varınca otobüsün henüz gittiğini öğrendim.

- A) As soon as I arrived at the bus stop, they told me that the bus had just left.
- B) When I arrived at the bus stop, I found out that the bus had just left.
- C) When I reached the bus stop, I noticed that the bus was just about to leave.
- D) I reached the bus stop and saw that the bus had not left yet.
- E) I noticed that, when the bus left, I was just arriving at the bus stop.

35. Arkadaşımı arayıp onunla sinemaya gidemeyeceğimi söyledim

- A) I wouldn't be able to go to the cinema, so I phoned my friend to tell her about this.
- B) When my friend called me, I told her that I couldn't go to the cinema with her.
- C) When I called my friend, I had already decided not to go to the cinema with her.
- D) My friend knew that I wasn't going to the cinema with her, because I had phoned her.
- E) I phoned my friend and said that I wouldn't be able to go to the cinema with her.

TEST YOURSELF 15



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

- I hope you remembered to invite Sue the party next Saturday.
A) in / at
B) — / on
C) of / for
D) for / in
E) to / —
- The average temperature in winter is 0° Centigrade Alaska.
A) below / in
B) above / by
C) from / over
D) across / at
E) about / without
- Amelia Earhart disappeared during her attempt to become the first female pilot to fly the world.
A) around
B) among
C) between
D) against
E) since
- The firefighting team organized quickly when they realized that the fire was spreading rapidly the forest.
A) without
B) of
C) through
D) during
E) between
- The road Beşiktaş and Ortakoy in İstanbul is very crowded weekends.
A) from / to
B) between / at
C) with / by
D) through / of
E) into / up
- The university library has a different schedule July September.
A) along / for
B) at / until
C) on / at
D) between / into
E) from / to
- Aslıhan: I am the train now.
Michael: Okay. I'll meet you the station.
A) behind / below
B) by / from
C) around / above
D) on / at
E) in / of
- Dilârâ hid the bed until she thought that the monsters had left her room.
A) towards
B) among
C) between
D) across
E) under
- Alexandria was the capital Egypt more than 1,300 years.
A) in / from
B) of / for
C) before / since
D) with / to
E) out of / into
- John Keats is my favourite the British Romantic poets
A) since
B) on
C) across
D) during
E) among

11. This elevator doesn't go the ninth floor, so we can't use it our stay here.

- A) along / opposite
- B) below / while
- C) above / during
- D) in front of / under
- E) through / after

12. I'll miss you a lot the time we'll be away each other.

- A) during / from
- B) at / with
- C) from / about
- D) outside / at
- E) over / to

13. The mountaineers got up dawn and reached the summit the afternoon.

- A) on / at
- B) at / in
- C) in / on
- D) of / in
- E) for / of

14. Merve put her books the table and sat the armchair.

- A) over / for
- B) round / at
- C) in / above
- D) with / down
- E) on / in

15. Umut walked the shop, got his car, and started the long drive home.

- A) in / on
- B) out of / into
- C) towards / against
- D) by / under
- E) behind / below

16. When I left home, I saw Alice walking the park her dog, Hector.

- A) towards / with
- B) in / on
- C) — / within
- D) above / —
- E) up / down

17. In quiet excitement, I opened the ancient box—but there was nothing

- A) inside
- B) out of
- C) into
- D) through
- E) across

18. The film was really boring, so we left the cinema the middle of it and went shopping instead.

- A) on / from
- B) at / to
- C) — / for
- D) in / —
- E) for / into

19. Oh dear! I've just dropped my keys that hole.

- A) with
- B) from
- C) into
- D) about
- E) for

20. human history, there have been many different types of government.

- A) Inside
- B) Throughout
- C) Without
- D) Towards
- E) Around

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. Archaeologists discovered an ancient Byzantine port in Yenikapı

- A) after they have cleared away the area's *gecekondu*
- B) because those are the great historical cities
- C) while they were working with the Marmaray project
- D) when it is expected to be finally completed
- E) whether it was originally called the Eleutherios harbour

22. Brasília's futuristic buildings and wide roads

- A) were completed on 21 April 1960
- B) that Lúcio Costa was its main urban planner
- C) have dry winters and wet summers
- D) which are quite clean and very modern
- E) are the country's two capital cities

23. Charlize Theron grew up on a farm in South Africa,

- A) when she finally got her first award nomination
- B) after she's completed her first film
- C) as soon as she arrived in New York City
- D) then she travelled to Italy to be a model
- E) until she wins an Oscar for Best Actress

24. Recycling is particularly important for children

- A) whether anyone will listen to our complaints or not
- B) before any more trash was burned
- C) so it doesn't damage the environment
- D) after they had made a large profit
- E) because it encourages them to do something useful

25. The police stopped all the drivers

- A) when the camera takes their photos
- B) that they had broken the speed limit
- C) who were ignoring the traffic rules
- D) while he is talking on his cellphone
- E) after they have driven carelessly

26. They'll be here soon if their plane isn't delayed.

- A) We'll wait here for a while until their plane lands.
- B) They won't arrive early if there is a delay in their flight.
- C) Unless there is a delay in their flight, they'll arrive in a short time.
- D) I wish their plane weren't delayed today, so they could get here sooner.
- E) They can't be here already, because their flight has been delayed.

27. A club member who had a funny surname made a long speech.

- A) The speech of the club member with a strange surname was very long.
- B) Everyone laughed at the club member because his speech was too long.
- C) Everyone found the speech of the club member with a strange surname long but funny.
- D) We had to wait for the club member who had a funny surname to speak.
- E) A club member gave a long speech about his funny surname.

28. It is two weeks since I started my diet.

- A) I'm now on a diet that will last two weeks.
- B) I was only on a diet for two weeks.
- C) Since last week, I have been on a diet.
- D) I have been on a diet for two weeks now.
- E) Two weeks passed before I went on a diet.

29. One of the things I hate is noisy children.

- A) I hate being in a place where there are noisy kids.
- B) Among other things, I can't stand children who make noise.
- C) Children who make a lot of noise are terrible.
- D) I hate both children and the noise they make.
- E) The children who made the noise were driving me crazy.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. Port Elizabeth in South Africa is a city that is ideal for a peaceful holiday with your family.

- A) Ailenizle birlikte sakin bir tatil geçirmek istiyorsanız, Güney Afrika'daki Port Elizabeth şehri sizin için idealdir.
- B) Güney Afrika'daki Port Elizabeth, ailenizle birlikte sakin bir tatil geçirmek için ideal bir şehirdir.
- C) Sakin bir tatil yapmak isteyenler, Güney Afrika'daki Port Elizabeth'e aileleriyle birlikte gidebilirler.
- D) Güney Afrika'daki Port Elizabeth, özellikle sakin bir tatil geçirmek isteyen aileler için uygundur.
- E) Ailenizle birlikte sakin bir tatil geçirmek için gidebileceğiniz en ideal yer, Güney Afrika'daki Port Elizabeth şehridir.

31. The characters in the first Ottoman detective stories had interesting names.

- A) Osmanlı döneminde en ilginç roman karakterleri polisiye eserlerde yer almaktaydı.
- B) Osmanlı polisiye kitapları ilginç isimli karakterlerden oluşur.
- C) Osmanlı dönemi polisiye öykü yazarları karakterlerine ilginç isimler vermiştir.
- D) İlk yazılan Osmanlı polisiye öykülerinde ilginç karakterler vardı.
- E) İlk Osmanlı polisiye öykülerindeki karakterlerin ilginç isimleri vardı.

32. Almost half of the Indian population speaks Hindi, but the language of education is English.

- A) Eğitimin İngilizce olduğu Hindistan'da nüfusun yarısı Hintçe'yi de konuşmaktadır.
- B) Hindistan'da eğitim dili İngilizce'dir, ancak nüfusun yarıdan fazlası Hintçe bilir.
- C) Hindistan nüfusunun yaklaşık yarısı Hintçe'yi konuşur, ama eğitim dili İngilizce'dir.
- D) Nüfusun yarısının Hintçe konuştuğu Hindistan'da eğitim dili İngilizce'dir.
- E) Hindistan nüfusunun yarıdan fazlası Hintçe'yi konuşsa da, ülkede eğitim İngilizce'yle sürdürülür.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Eleştirmenler, *Tristram Shandy Beyefendi'nin Hayatı ve Görüşleri'nin* başka bir dile çevrilmesinin çok zor olduğunu söylüyorlar.

- A) Critics say that *The Life and Opinions of Tristram Shandy, Gentleman* is very difficult to translate into another language.
- B) The critics who translated *The Life and Opinions of Tristram Shandy, Gentleman* into another language say that it was difficult.
- C) *The Life and Opinions of Tristram Shandy, Gentleman* is a difficult novel that has only been translated into one other language.
- D) Critics have said that *The Life and Opinions of Tristram Shandy, Gentleman* would be even more difficult if it were translated into another language.
- E) According to critics, *The Life and Opinions of Tristram Shandy, Gentleman* can only be translated into another language with great difficulty.

34. Formunu korumak istiyorsan yediklerine dikkat etmelisin.

- A) You would be more fit if you were more careful about what you eat.
- B) If you are careful about what you eat, you can keep fit.
- C) You should be careful about what you eat if you want to keep fit.
- D) It is important to be careful about what you eat when you are trying to keep fit.
- E) Being careful about what you eat is necessary if you want to keep fit.

35. Ocak ve Şubat aylarında Kahire'de yapılan Uluslararası Kitap Fuarı'na her yıl pek çok ülke katılır.

- A) Many countries want to participate in the International Book Fair which is organized in Cairo in January and February every year.
- B) Every year, many countries take part in the International Book Fair that is organized in Cairo in January and February.
- C) Many countries wanted to participate in the Cairo International Book Fair, which was organized in January and February this year.
- D) The countries which take part in the Cairo International Book Fair organize it in January and February every year.
- E) A lot of countries will participate in the Cairo International Book Fair when it is organized in January and February this year.

TEST YOURSELF 16



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

- Oliver was very embarrassed when the other students laughed him.
A) on
B) for
C) at
D) in
E) to
- Pat is a very honest person, so you can always rely her.
A) with
B) at
C) for
D) on
E) of
- Oh, stop worrying! We'll wait you if your plane doesn't arrive time.
A) for / on
B) to / at
C) from / in
D) at / from
E) about / around
- Mum! I swear that I didn't break the cup, so please stop shouting me so angrily!
A) for
B) at
C) in
D) on
E) with
- I'm sorry, but I just don't agree you that Shakespeare was the greatest writer in English.
A) on
B) to
C) for
D) of
E) with
- The boys didn't hear you the first time, so you'll have to shout them again.
A) with
B) to
C) from
D) in
E) on
- Hurry, hurry! We have to arrive the shopping mall before they lock the doors!
A) of
B) to
C) on
D) from
E) at
- Have you ever listened the song "Blue Cloud" Billy Strayhorn? It's so beautiful.
A) to / by
B) in / from
C) on / with
D) from / about
E) at / on
- Poor Tom! Everybody always blames him everything that goes wrong.
A) by
B) of
C) on
D) for
E) at
- I was going to thank Diana her present, but I completely forgot it.
A) of / to
B) to / from
C) for / about
D) with / on
E) from / of

11. The sailors had been warned the storm before they set sail.

- A) through B) about
 C) under D) for
 E) to

12. Arzu has never forgiven her father leaving the family when she was still a child.

- A) from B) for
 C) of D) with
 E) on

13. the 1600s, St. Bernard dogs have been used to rescue travellers snowstorms in the Swiss Alps.

- A) After / into B) During / at
 C) Before / against D) In / for
 E) Since / from

14. Gülben wore a hat to protect herself the sun while she was lying on the beach.

- A) of B) for
 C) against D) about
 E) into

15. Sam? I'm just calling to congratulate you winning the short story competition.

- A) with B) of
 C) to D) from
 E) on

16. Nuran was very pleased the flowers that Nâzım sent her.

- A) with B) for
 C) from D) on
 E) of

17. Efe is covered mud because he has been playing outside in the rain for hours.

- A) in B) for
 C) of D) on
 E) at

18. I would love to see a photograph your great-grandparents, if you have any.

- A) on B) through
 C) of D) by
 E) about

19. Arthur has a very negative attitude life in general, and so he's quite unhappy.

- A) towards B) into
 C) without D) out of
 E) from

20. For several months now, the police have been searching for the missing child.

- A) on strike
 B) for instance
 C) at first
 D) in vain
 E) by mistake

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. There was nobody in sight on Hannover Street

- A) who was waiting in complete silence
- B) but the street was quite crowded
- C) so loneliness is a terrible feeling
- D) when the residents are all on holiday
- E) because it was so late at night

22. I haven't seen Tony for about 10 years, so I'm really looking

- A) after his two children for him
- B) up the meaning of his name on the Internet
- C) forward to meeting him this weekend
- D) at some of the sculptures that he's made
- E) for the glasses that I lost last night

23. Latife Tekin became better known in Europe

- A) if she is really influenced by magic realism
- B) that her first novel was *Dear Shameless Death*
- C) while she is working at Gümüşlük Academy
- D) after her novels had been translated into other languages
- E) whose most recent book is *Unutma Bahçesi*

24. Seven people were arrested

- A) while they were planning to attack the Sears Tower in Chicago
- B) after they have bought explosive devices
- C) who was the leader of the Seas of David movement
- D) unless federal agents were chasing them
- E) but the FBI building in Miami was another target

25. I haven't spoken Italian for a long time,

- A) neither did my college classmates
- B) because I used to live in Rome
- C) as soon as unemployment goes up
- D) when I was only five years old or so
- E) so I think I'm a bit out of practice

26. I wasn't in time to say goodbye to Paul.

- A) I didn't want to say goodbye to Paul before he left.
- B) I wanted to say goodbye to Paul, but I couldn't see him.
- C) I was too late to say goodbye to Paul.
- D) I only had a short time to say goodbye to Paul.
- E) When I said goodbye to Paul, it was already very late.

27. The heavy rains began a few hours ago.

- A) A few hours ago, the heavy rains stopped.
- B) It has been raining heavily for a few hours.
- C) It rained heavily for a few hours
- D) For a few hours, the rain was very heavy.
- E) There has been a lot of heavy rain recently.

28. Cigarettes cost more in Britain than they do in Turkey.

- A) It is less costly to buy cigarettes in Britain than it is in Turkey.
- B) British cigarettes do not cost as much as Turkish cigarettes.
- C) Cigarettes are quite expensive in both Britain and Turkey.
- D) In Turkey, cigarettes are not as expensive as they are in Britain.
- E) Cigarettes are the most expensive in Britain, but they are cheap in Turkey.

29. Carrie will finish university, and then she hopes to get a job immediately.

- A) When Carrie finishes university, she will have to get a job.
- B) Carrie would like to find a job as soon as she finishes university.
- C) If Carrie finishes university soon, she will start looking for a job.
- D) Carrie would like to find a university job as soon as possible.
- E) Carrie won't be able to get a job unless she finishes university first.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. Sylvia Plath and Anne Sexton were among the writers who suffered from insomnia.

- A) Sylvia Plath ve Anne Sexton gibi yazarlar, uykusuzluk hastalığından mustarıptiler.
- B) Uykusuzluk çeken yazarların başında Sylvia Plath ve Anne Sexton gelmektedir.
- C) Sylvia Plath ve Anne Sexton uykusuzluk hastalığına yakalanan yazarlar arasındaydılar.
- D) Sylvia Plath ve Anne Sexton gibi, yazarlar arasında uykusuzluk çekenler vardır.
- E) Uykusuzluk hastalığına yakalanan iki ünlü yazar Sylvia Plath ve Anne Sexton'dır.

31. Mountains were drawn in the shape of triangles in an old map of the world which originated with the Sumerians.

- A) Sümerlerin yaptığı eski bir dünya haritasında dağlar üçgen şeklinde çizilmiştir.
- B) Eski bir dünya haritasında Sümerler dağları üçgen şeklinde göstermiştir.
- C) Sümerler çizdikleri bir dünya haritasında dağları üçgen şeklinde belirtmiştir.
- D) Dağların üçgen şeklinde çizildiği, Sümerlere ait eski bir dünya haritası bulunmuştur.
- E) Sümerler çizdikleri dünya haritalarında dağları üçgen şeklinde gösterirdi.

32. There have been many artists throughout history who developed in the rich cultural heritage of Turkey.

- A) Tarih boyunca sanatçılar, Türkiye'nin zengin kültürel mirasından etkilenmiştir.
- B) Tarih boyunca pek çok sanatçı Türkiye'nin zengin kültürel mirası sayesinde kendini geliştirmiştir.
- C) Türkiye'nin zengin kültürel mirası tarih boyunca sanatçıları etkilemiştir.
- D) Tarih boyunca Türkiye'nin zengin kültürel mirası içinde gelişen pek çok sanatçı vardır.
- E) Türkiye'nin kültürel zenginliği tarih boyunca pek çok sanatçı tarafından geliştirilmiştir.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Anadilini doğru konuşup yazmak her yurttaş için büyük bir sorumluluktur.

- A) Every citizen has the responsibility to speak and write his or her native language very well.
- B) It is a great responsibility for every citizen to speak and write his or her native language accurately.
- C) Speaking and writing the native language accurately is one of citizens' great responsibilities.
- D) The great responsibility of speaking and writing the native language is important for every citizen.
- E) Every citizen is aware of the responsibility to speak and write his or her native language accurately.

34. Ernest Hemingway'in *İhtiyar Balıkçı* romanı için, Gregorio Fuentes adında Kübalı bir balıkçı esin kaynağı olmuştur.

- A) Ernest Hemingway was inspired by the Cuban fisherman Gregorio Fuentes to write his novel *The Old Man and The Sea*.
- B) A Cuban fisherman who was named Gregorio Fuentes was a source of inspiration for Ernest Hemingway's novel *The Old Man and The Sea*.
- C) *The Old Man and The Sea* was inspired by a fisherman that Ernest Hemingway met in Cuba and who was named Gregorio Fuentes.
- D) Ernest Hemingway was inspired by the Cuban fisherman Gregorio Fuentes while he was writing *The Old Man and The Sea*.
- E) Ernest Hemingway and the fisherman Gregorio Fuentes got the inspiration for *The Old Man and The Sea* while they were in Cuba.

35. Tarih öğretmeni, geçen salı verdiği ödevi yapıp yapmadığımızı öğrenmek istedi.

- A) The history teacher wanted to know if we had done the homework she had assigned the previous Tuesday.
- B) Our history teacher said that we had to hand in the homework she had assigned the previous Tuesday.
- C) We were asked whether we had done the homework the history teacher gave the previous Tuesday.
- D) The history teacher wondered if the homework she had given the previous Tuesday had been done.
- E) We told the history teacher that we hadn't done the homework she had given the previous Tuesday.

TEST YOURSELF 17



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Berk wants to his own company when he saves enough money.
A) run into
B) bring up
C) set up
D) take off
E) turn down
2. If we at dawn, we can arrive in Kaş late in the afternoon.
A) turn on
B) break down
C) hand out
D) turn down
E) set out
3. Norman doing the gardening until the weather got a little better.
A) looked after
B) broke into
C) put off
D) ran into
E) turned up
4. While we were packing the boxes, I some of my old childhood photographs.
A) grew up
B) got over
C) put on
D) took off
E) came across
5. You've been absent for days, so you need some time to the other students.
A) catch up with
B) run out of
C) look forward to
D) grow out of
E) cut down on
6. It took a long time to the Great Fire of London of 1666, because it had spread all over the city.
A) put out
B) show up
C) put off
D) turn off
E) point out
7. Time always seems to so quickly when you're doing an exam.
A) cross out
B) break into
C) take after
D) look up
E) run out
8. You needn't very early tomorrow, because it's a holiday and there's no school.
A) put on
B) give up
C) find out
D) get up
E) run into
9. Fish that has smells absolutely awful!
A) picked up
B) gone off
C) kept out
D) taken off
E) cut down
10. out! That baseball's coming straight for your head!
A) Carry
B) Put
C) Look
D) Set
E) Point

11. It took a long time for Peter to his illness, but he was alright in the end.

- A) take after
- B) get over
- C) break into
- D) turn off
- E) blow up

12. If you give me a call when you arrive, I'll you at the station.

- A) put / on
- B) pick / up
- C) turn / down
- D) get / off
- E) come / across

13. The old lady who lives next door always her relatives visiting her on Sundays.

- A) looks forward to
- B) grows out of
- C) runs out of
- D) gets out of
- E) cuts down on

14. I find it very difficult to naughty children, because I'm a very impatient person.

- A) look forward to
- B) blow up
- C) run into
- D) set out
- E) put up with

15. Those curtains just won't the living room furniture, so let's look somewhere else.

- A) hold up
- B) look after
- C) get over
- D) go with
- E) set out

16. In creating his two theories of relativity, Albert Einstein several thought experiments.

- A) carried out
- B) turned up
- C) looked out
- D) broke into
- E) got over

17. Michael was born in the village of Sandwich, but he in the city of Aurora.

- A) handed out
- B) turned down
- C) grew up
- D) held up
- E) went with

18. How did you manage to stay asleep while the thief was your house?

- A) bringing up
- B) breaking into
- C) taking after
- D) putting off
- E) setting out

19. We got quite worried when Özge didn't for her own birthday party.

- A) pick up
- B) put off
- C) turn up
- D) go off
- E) give up

20. The baby has a lot of weight since I last saw her. How much does she weigh now?

- A) gone off
- B) run into
- C) blown up
- D) put on
- E) found out

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. The marathon runners were terribly out of breath

- A) who need to train regularly
- B) until the race began at last
- C) which is a popular type of running
- D) if it weren't such a long race
- E) when the race was finally over

22. Don't believe everything Selin says,

- A) because she is in the habit of making up stories
- B) who has been telling lies to us
- C) that she had forgotten to tell us
- D) whether we can expect her to come
- E) when she didn't want to tell the truth to anybody

23. Nowadays, people prefer using credit cards

- A) if only they had enough money for it
- B) when they decided to go shopping at the mall
- C) so there are many great advantages
- D) as soon as the national debt has noticeably decreased
- E) to paying for their purchases in cash

24. The weeds in the garden were growing out of control,

- A) unless the rain comes to an end
- B) after Felix has planted some orchids there
- C) while Larry is putting up the new fence
- D) so Chester had to go and remove them
- E) because garden soil has risen in price

25. I have been listening to classical music a lot

- A) since I bought an Albinoni album last month
- B) because I had to turn the radio off
- C) until I finally heard Beethoven's music
- D) after I have finished writing this song
- E) when my father gave me a Marais CD

26. They didn't tell me anything until the old house had been sold.

- A) No one has talked much about the old house that was recently sold.
- B) They would tell me if the old house weren't sold.
- C) I hadn't been told anything before the old house was sold.
- D) I don't know anything because nobody has mentioned the sale of the old house.
- E) They will inform me as soon as the old house has been sold.

27. I have found the ring which Ed gave me on my birthday last June.

- A) On my birthday last June, Ed gave me a ring that I thought I had lost, but he had found it again.
- B) I have stopped looking for the ring that was Ed's birthday present to me last June.
- C) When Ed gave me a ring for my birthday last June, he didn't know that I was going to lose it.
- D) I was given a ring by Ed on my birthday last June, but after a while, I lost it.
- E) The ring I was given by Ed on my birthday last June is no longer lost because I've found it.

28. Gail is the most confident person I have ever seen.

- A) I wish that I could be very confident like Gail.
- B) I've never seen anyone as confident as Gail.
- C) Gail isn't nearly as confident as I am.
- D) I don't think many people have more confidence than Gail.
- E) I have met several very confident people like Gail.

29. Nobody is helping me, so I can't finish my science project on time.

- A) I needed help with my science project, but everyone just ignored me.
- B) I could finish my science project on time if I were being helped by someone.
- C) My science project will be difficult to do alone, so I should ask someone for help.
- D) No one had time to help me, so I couldn't finish my science project on time.
- E) My science project would be much easier if only someone helped me with it.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. Whenever you need one, there is never a taxi in sight.

- A) İsteddiğiniz anda hemen taksi bulmak her zaman mümkün değildir.
- B) En ihtiyaç duyduğunuz bir anda taksi bulamazsınız.
- C) Ne zaman ihtiyaç duysanız, ortalıkta hiç taksi olmaz.
- D) Taksiler hep en ihtiyaç duymadığınız anda karşınıza çıkar.
- E) Taksi tutmak istersiniz, ama bazen görünürde hiç taksi olmaz.

31. The climate in Antarctica is very harsh, but the continent is still visited by thousands of tourists every year.

- A) Antarktika'da iklim çok serttir, ama yine de bu kıta her yıl binlerce turist tarafından ziyaret edilmektedir.
- B) Her yıl binlerce turistin ziyaret ettiği Antarktika kıtası aslında çok sert bir iklime sahiptir.
- C) Çok sert bir iklimi olan Antarktika kıtasının her yıl binlerce ziyaretçisi vardır.
- D) Antarktika'nın sert iklimi, her yıl turistik amaçlı binlerce insanın bu kıtayı ziyaret etmesine engel değildir.
- E) Antarktika çok sert bir iklime sahiptir, ama yine de bu kıta her yıl binlerce turist çekmektedir.

32. There is danger of lightning striking when mobile phones are used outdoors during stormy weather.

- A) Yıldırım çarpma tehlikesi olduğu için cep telefonları fırtınalı havada dışarıda kullanılmamalıdır.
- B) Fırtınalı havada cep telefonlarını dışarıda kullanan kişileri yıldırım çarpabilir.
- C) Yıldırım çarpma tehlikesine karşı cep telefonlarının fırtınalı havada dışarıda kullanılmaması gerekir.
- D) Yıldırım çarpma olasılığı nedeniyle, fırtınalı havada dışarıda cep telefonu kullanmak çok tehlikelidir.
- E) Cep telefonları fırtınalı havada dışarıda kullanıldığı zaman yıldırım çarpma tehlikesi vardır.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Fabrika işçileri iki haftadır grevdeler.

- A) The factory workers went on strike two weeks ago.
- B) The factory workers have been on strike for two weeks now.
- C) The factory workers have gone on a two-week strike.
- D) The factory workers will continue the strike for two weeks.
- E) It's been two weeks since the factory workers went on strike.

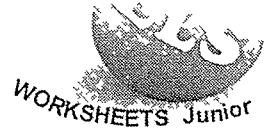
34. Okula gitmeden önce konuşma sorunu olan çocuklar okuma yazma öğrenmede zorluk çekerler.

- A) The speech problems which some children have before school make it difficult for them to read and write.
- B) Children have difficulty reading and writing when they have speech problems before they start school.
- C) Children who start school when they have speech problems have difficulty reading and writing.
- D) When children with speech problems go to school, they have difficulty learning to read and write.
- E) Children who have speech problems before they go to school have difficulty learning to read and write.

35. Hoi An'in tarihi binaları, Asya'nın bu bir zamanlar önemli ticaret limanının geçmişteki ruhunu canlı tutmasını sağlamaktadır.

- A) Hoi An has a lot of historic buildings that help keep the spirit of this once important Asian trading port's past alive.
- B) The spirit of Hoi An's past is kept alive in the historic buildings of this once important Asian trading port.
- C) Hoi An was once an important Asian trading port, and the spirit of this past can be seen in the historic buildings there.
- D) The once important Asian trading port of Hoi An keeps the spirit of its past alive in its historic buildings.
- E) Hoi An's historic buildings help this once important Asian trading port keep the spirit of its past alive.

TEST YOURSELF 18



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Has seen my wallet? I think I've lost
A) anybody / it
B) nowhere / mine
C) everybody / its
D) anywhere / me
E) somebody / itself
2. You should tell Ozan that that's my pen, not
A) her
B) he
C) his
D) him
E) she
3. My greatest desire is to be able to buy a house for someday.
A) me
B) I
C) myself
D) mine
E) my
4. We're pleased decided to stay with for the holidays, Chuck.
A) he / ours
B) you / us
C) they / your
D) hers / her
E) it / them
5. In the end, Arzu's parents accepted decision to live in London by
A) hers / she
B) she / her
C) herself / hers
D) her / herself
E) their / ourselves
6. Hey, Michelle, I can't find calculator—could you lend me for a while?
A) me / it
B) myself / you
C) my / yours
D) I / your
E) mine / yourself
7. Deniz paid for expenses and the boys paid for
A) hers / their
B) her / theirs
C) them / they
D) theirs / themselves
E) him / them
8. Frank couldn't get over the last rock, so Drew had to pull up.
A) himself / him
B) he / theirs
C) them / his
D) his / they
E) him / themselves
9. Oh, don't worry about the mess in the kitchen. I'll tidy it
A) myself
B) my
C) itself
D) mine
E) me
10. This traffic jam is just awful! is moving!
A) Everyone / nothing
B) Somebody / anything
C) Anyone / everywhere
D) Nobody / anywhere
E) Somewhere / something

11. She wasn't sure if the earring was or if it belonged to among the guests.

- A) its / anything
- B) herself / their
- C) everything / nowhere
- D) my / them
- E) hers / someone

12. My sister and have decided to paint room this week.

- A) her / him
- B) I / our
- C) us / ours
- D) me / mine
- E) his / their

13. Lewis! Don't forget to take driver's license with

- A) yours / itself
- B) our / your
- C) me / its
- D) your / you
- E) you / it

14. The movers are refusing to do the work unless we pay in

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| A) advance | B) danger |
| C) fashion | D) debt |
| E) sight | |

15. American writer Edward D. Hoch is famous his tales mystery and deduction.

- A) at / on
- B) with / in
- C) over / from
- D) for / of
- E) in / by

16. Oh, that guy's name is my tongue—hold on, I'll tell you it in a minute.

- A) for the sake of
- B) in love with
- C) in favour of
- D) in common with
- E) on the tip of

17. I wonder what's Alex? He's been in a bad mood all day long.

- A) addicted to
- B) wrong with
- C) fond of
- D) bad for
- E) anxious about

18. This café is too small and noisy. Why don't we go else?

- A) everywhere
- B) anything
- C) somewhere
- D) nothing
- E) anywhere

19. interesting has happened since you left.

- A) Nowhere
- B) Somebody
- C) Anything
- D) Everybody
- E) Nothing

20. I asked all the students for an eraser, and in the end, Humphrey gave me

- | | |
|-----------|--------|
| A) theirs | B) him |
| C) he | D) his |
| E) us | |

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. Jim was very surprised to learn

- A) because Egypt plays a key role in Middle Eastern politics
- B) that the women of ancient Egypt had financial independence
- C) whether there were few real cities in ancient Egypt
- D) so Egypt is still best known for its great pyramids
- E) if there have been any reforms in Egypt recently

22. The name "Patagonia" comes from a Spanish novel

- A) that has a giant who is named Patagon
- B) which covers most of the land area of Argentina
- C) who were the native peoples that lived there
- D) because Ferdinand Magellan was actually Portuguese
- E) whether the land really belonged to them

23. Hydra and Nix are two moons

- A) because somebody has recently changed the definition of "planet"
- B) which is 5.85 billion kilometres from the Sun
- C) that were discovered in orbit around Pluto in June 2005
- D) who know a great deal about the solar system
- E) if you observe the nighttime sky with a telescope

24. The word "salary" derives from "salt"

- A) so it is necessary for human beings to survive
- B) whose prices have been rising recently
- C) because salt was used as money in the Roman Empire
- D) when salt was used for preserving meat
- E) that the French salt tax even affected French history

25. Aaron Spelling had a very successful career in television,

- A) he died in Los Angeles at the age of 83
- B) after he has served in the US Army Air Force
- C) that he sold his first script in 1954
- D) who also did a little bit of acting
- E) so he was sometimes called the "King of TV"

26. You should not eat so much chocolate.

- A) You eat quite a lot of chocolate, but don't eat more than that.
- B) I would rather eat less chocolate than you.
- C) If I were you, I wouldn't eat any chocolate at all.
- D) You eat too much chocolate, and this is not good for you.
- E) Chocolate won't do your health any good.

27. Eric thought it would be a good idea for me to see the dentist.

- A) It was Eric's idea to go to the dentist, not mine.
- B) Eric advised me to go to the dentist.
- C) Eric wishes I could take him to see the dentist.
- D) I would go to the dentist if I were Eric.
- E) Going to the dentist was necessary for both Eric and me.

28. Interrupting a person when he or she is speaking is impolite.

- A) It is rude to interrupt someone while he or she is speaking.
- B) People will think that you are rude if you interrupt them.
- C) Someone rudely interrupted him while he was speaking.
- D) I hate it when you interrupt someone who is speaking.
- E) No one wants to be interrupted by rude people while they are speaking.

29. Stuart was annoyed because no one had invited him to the barbecue.

- A) Stuart won't be invited to the barbecue, so he will be annoyed.
- B) Stuart gets annoyed when he is not invited to people's barbecues
- C) If Stuart were invited to the barbecue, he wouldn't be annoyed.
- D) When he was invited to the barbecue, Stuart got annoyed.
- E) Stuart wasn't invited to the barbecue, and he found this annoying.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

30. Harriet was a tortoise who died of heart failure at the age of about 175 in 2006.

- A) Harriet adında bir kaplumbağa, 2006'da yaklaşık 175 yaşında kalp yetmezliğinden öldü.
- B) 2006'da yaklaşık 175 yaşında kalp yetmezliğinden ölen kaplumbağanın adı Harriet'ti.
- C) 2006'da kalp yetmezliğinden ölen Harriet adlı kaplumbağa yaklaşık 175 yaşındaydı.
- D) 175 yaşına kadar yaşayan Harriet adlı kaplumbağa, 2006'da kalp yetmezliğinden öldü.
- E) Harriet, 2006'da yaklaşık 175 yaşında kalp yetmezliğinden ölen bir kaplumbağaydı.

31. In 2006, Toni Morrison's book *Beloved* was chosen as the best work of American fiction of the last 25 years.

- A) 2006'da, Amerikan romanında son 25 yılın en iyi eseri olarak seçilen *Beloved*, Toni Morrison'ın bir kitabıdır.
- B) Toni Morrison'ın *Beloved* adlı kitabı, 2006'da Amerikan romanında son 25 yılın en iyi eseri seçilmiştir.
- C) 2006'da, Amerikan romanında son 25 yılın en iyi eseri seçilmiş olan *Beloved*, Toni Morrison tarafından yazılmıştır.
- D) 2006'da, Amerikan romanında son 25 yılın en iyi eseri seçilmiş olan *Beloved* adlı kitabı, Toni Morrison yazmıştır.
- E) Toni Morrison'ın, 2006'da Amerikan romanında son 25 yılın en iyi eseri seçilen kitabının adı *Beloved*'dir.

32. Montréal was founded by French explorers in 1642 and is today Canada's second largest city.

- A) Bugün Kanada'nın en büyük iki kentinden biri olan Montréal'i 1642'de Fransız kaşifler kurmuştur.
- B) 1642'de Fransız kaşiflerin kurduğu Montréal, bugün Kanada'nın ikinci büyük kenti durumundadır.
- C) Montréal, 1642'de Fransız kaşifler tarafından kurulmuştur ve bugün Kanada'nın ikinci büyük kentidir.
- D) Bugün Kanada'nın en büyük iki kentinden biri olan Montréal'i 1642'de kuranlar Fransız kaşiflerdir.
- E) Montréal, 1642'de Fransız kaşifler tarafından kurulduğundan beri, Kanada'nın ikinci büyük kentidir.

33. Julio Cortázar şiirler ve tiyatro oyunları yazdı ama ilk büyük başarısını bir öykü kitabıyla kazandı.

- A) Julio Cortázar wrote poems and plays, but he achieved his first major success with a book of short stories.
- B) Julio Cortázar achieved his first major success with a book that included short stories, poems, and plays.
- C) After Julio Cortázar had written several poems and plays, he achieved his first major success with a book of short stories.
- D) Julio Cortázar had written poems and plays before he achieved his first major success with a book of short stories.
- E) As soon as Julio Cortázar achieved his first major success with a book of short stories, he started writing poems and plays.

34. Girit'te Türk kültürünün etkisi hala hissedilebilmektedir, çünkü geçmişte orada çok sayıda Türk yaşamıştır.

- A) The Turks who lived in Crete in the past left traces of Turkish culture there which are still felt.
- B) You can still feel the influence of Turkish culture in Crete, because there were many Turks there in the past.
- C) The influence of Turkish culture would still be felt in Crete if more Turks lived there.
- D) The influence of Turkish culture can still be felt in Crete because a great many Turks lived there in the past.
- E) The Turkish culture of the past still influences the Turks who live in Crete.

35. Tango, Buenos Aires'in kenar mahallelerinde ortaya çıktığından beri Arjantin'de bir tutku olmuştur.

- A) Tango has been a passion in Argentina since it originated in the slums of Buenos Aires.
- B) When tango originated in the slums of Buenos Aires, it was an Argentinian passion.
- C) The Argentinian passion of tango originated in the slums of Buenos Aires.
- D) The slums of Buenos Aires in Argentina were where tango originated, and they have turned it into passion.
- E) Tango quickly became a passion in Argentina after it originated in the slums of Buenos Aires.

TEST YOURSELF 19



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Have you ever looked at stars through telescope?
A) any / —
B) — / no
C) no / an
D) — / some
E) the / a
2. Where is butter? I thought you bought
A) the / some
B) a / any
C) some / —
D) — / a lot
E) any / one
3. Edward and Pınar only invited people to wedding reception.
A) no / them
B) a few / their
C) — / themselves
D) any / theirs
E) lots of / they
4. Mauna Loa, on island of Hawaii, is world's largest volcano.
A) — / an
B) a / a
C) any / the
D) an / some
E) the / the
5. We had rain this morning, but now sun is shining again.
A) a little / the
B) few / some
C) some / —
D) a few / a
E) many / the
6. If you ask me, there's in the world more annoying than wet socks.
A) nobody
B) everything
C) somewhere
D) nothing
E) anyone
7. We're going to make omelette, so of us will have to break some eggs.
A) the / any
B) an / one
C) — / all
D) some / others
E) any / some
8. I really must hurry up, because are waiting for me.
A) the others
B) another
C) each other
D) other
E) the other
9. That green bicycle can't belong to Nur, because it's far too big for
A) herself
B) itself
C) her
D) its own
E) her own
10. of the hotels in this guide are inland, but of them have a swimming pool.
A) Some / much
B) All / a little
C) Little / none
D) Most / all
E) Few / no

11. Group projects are a good way for students to get to know
- A) theirs
 - B) no one
 - C) another
 - D) each other
 - E) them
12. When we were staying in Italy, we ate pasta.
- A) the / no
 - B) — / a lot of
 - C) an / much of
 - D) — / many
 - E) the / a little
13. There were two armchairs in the room, but unfortunately of them was comfortable.
- A) none
 - B) both
 - C) either
 - D) all
 - E) neither
14. The legs of the table just half an hour ago, so don't put anything heavy on
- A) has been repaired / them
 - B) was repaired / that
 - C) were repaired / it
 - D) will be repaired / this
 - E) have been repaired / they
15. can learn to swim, but for some people it takes lots of practice.
- A) Everybody / —
 - B) Something / any
 - C) Nobody / the
 - D) Someone / some
 - E) Anybody / a
16. Can you buy me packet of biscuits when you go to supermarket?
- A) some / a
 - B) a little / some
 - C) the / any
 - D) few / the
 - E) a / the
17. Everything which in the letter wrong.
- A) wrote / were
 - B) were written / was
 - C) has written / have been
 - D) will be written / are
 - E) has been written / is
18. When I went into the office, Leslie was quarrelling Peter where to put the computer desk.
- A) at / for
 - B) with / about
 - C) by / from
 - D) for / on
 - E) to / with
19. Mr. Collins and Ms. Webster quietly discussed the plan between
- A) themselves
 - B) himself
 - C) theirs
 - D) herself
 - E) ourselves
20. Arzu can play piano very well, but there isn't piano in her house.
- A) some / a
 - B) the / —
 - C) a / the
 - D) the / a
 - E) — / the

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. Turkey will be Guest of Honour at the 2008 Frankfurt Book Fair,

- A) where the book had been translated into German
- B) whether it will ever get published or not
- C) because Frankfurt is Germany's fifth-largest city
- D) that it is the world's largest book fair
- E) so its books and culture will be introduced abroad

22. The Iberian lynx has become the world's most endangered cat

- A) if animal activists do not act soon
- B) where they eat rabbits almost exclusively
- C) because its habitat is being destroyed
- D) after its numbers had started to decline
- E) unless there are some in Portugal as well

23. because he designed over 300 excellent buildings.

- A) Mimar Sinan was born on 15 April 1489
- B) Mimar Sinan is considered the greatest of all Ottoman architects
- C) The Selimiyye Mosque in Edirne is Mimar Sinan's masterpiece
- D) Mimar Sinan was one of the world's first earthquake engineers
- E) Mimar Sinan came from a Christian background

24. In Kushinagar in India, there are plans for a statue of the Buddha Maitreya

- A) that will be the biggest statue in the world
- B) which is located 52 kilometres from Gorakhpur
- C) because the Ganges River makes the soil good for agriculture
- D) as soon as the economy started to grow
- E) when the historical Buddha died

25. Many people were evacuated from the town of Chernobyl

- A) if there was ever another accident in the area
- B) and he is the only worker there who is still alive
- C) when it was still just a duke's hunting lodge
- D) after there had been a nuclear accident nearby
- E) because its name means "black grass"

26. Your only chance of getting a ticket is to wait in the queue.

- A) You have lost your chance of getting in the line for a ticket.
- B) Waiting in line for a ticket will take a very long time.
- C) You needn't wait in line in order to get a ticket.
- D) If you want to buy a ticket, you should get in line immediately.
- E) You won't be able to get a ticket unless you wait in line.

27. The walls still need painting.

- A) We'll paint the walls if it is really necessary.
- B) The walls haven't been painted yet, but they must be.
- C) It seems we'll have to paint the walls again.
- D) Painting the walls will probably be necessary.
- E) We needn't really paint the walls at once.

28. Mert told Eda that he was sorry for shouting at her.

- A) Eda accused Mert of shouting at her.
- B) Mert apologized to Eda for shouting at her.
- C) Mert feels bad because he shouted at Eda.
- D) Mert blamed Eda for the quarrel that they had
- E) Eda wishes Mert hadn't shouted at her.

29. It is too risky for you to climb without a rope.

- A) I'm glad that you decided to take a rope with you to the climb.
- B) Climbing with a rope is probably a good idea
- C) If I were you, I would consider taking a rope while climbing.
- D) It isn't safe for you to climb unless you've got a rope.
- E) I think you might die if you climb without a rope

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. Ebru was not aware that she had lost the keys until she approached the car.

- A) Ebru anahtarların kaybolduğunu ancak arabanın yanına gelince fark etti.
- B) Ebru arabanın yanına geldiğinde anahtarların kaybolduğunu anladı.
- C) Anahtarları kaybolan Ebru, bunu arabanın yanına yaklaşıncaya dek fark etmedi.
- D) Ebru anahtarları kaybettiğinin farkına vardığında arabaya doğru yaklaşıyordu.
- E) Ebru arabaya yaklaşıncaya dek anahtarları kaybettiğinin farkında değildi.

31. Doctors say that changes in your lifestyle will be useful if you have health problems.

- A) Doktorlar, sağlık sorunlarınız varsa yaşam biçiminizde değişikliklerin faydalı olacağını söylüyorlar.
- B) Sağlık sorunu olanlar için doktorlar, yaşam biçiminde değişiklik yapmayı öneriyorlar.
- C) Doktorlar, yaşam biçiminde yapılan değişikliklerin sağlık sorunlarına yol açabileceğini belirtiyorlar.
- D) Doktorlara göre, sağlık sorunları olanlar yaşam biçimlerinde olumlu değişiklikler yapmalıdır.
- E) Doktorlar, yaşam biçiminizi değiştirirken sağlık sorunlarınızı dikkate almanın faydalı olacağını ifade ediyorlar.

32. If you pay 11 euros, you can buy a museum card that you can enter the museums in Venice with.

- A) Venedik'te müze kartı alanlar 11 avro karşılığı müzeleri gezebilmektedir.
- B) 11 avro öderseniz Venedik'teki müzelere girebileceğiniz bir müze kartı alabilirsiniz.
- C) 11 avro karşılığı bir müze kartı alınca Venedik'teki müzelerin hepsini gezebilirsiniz.
- D) 11 avro karşılığında alınan bir müze kartıyla Venedik'te müzeler gezilebilir.
- E) Venedik'te müzelere girebilmek için 11 avro ödeyerek bir müze kartı almak gerekir.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Okuyucu nüfusunun yüksek olduğu ülkelerde iyi romanlar en çok satan olma şansına sahiptir.

- A) The reading population is sometimes high in a country when good novels become lucky enough to be bestsellers.
- B) Good novels could become bestsellers in some countries if their reading population were higher.
- C) In countries where the reading population is high, good novels have a chance to become bestsellers.
- D) Good novels increase the reading population in some countries because they have a chance to become bestsellers.
- E) The reading population has grown in countries where good novels have been lucky enough to sell well.

34. Sınavlarda zaman kazandırdığı için öğrenciler, hızlı okuma tekniğini öğrenmek için kurslara gidiyorlar.

- A) Students learn the speed reading technique in courses because it saves time before exams.
- B) Students attend courses to learn the technique of speed reading because it saves time in exams.
- C) Students have been attending speed reading courses since they learned that the technique could save time in exams.
- D) The technique of speed reading can save time in exams, and so students attend courses to learn it.
- E) When students attend courses to learn speed reading, the technique saves time in exams.

35. Zor zamanlarda kendinizi kontrol edebiliyorsanız stresle başa çıkabilirsiniz.

- A) You can cope with stress if you are able to control yourself in difficult times.
- B) In order to cope with stress, you need to learn how to control yourself in difficult times.
- C) Unless you are able to control yourself in difficult times, you can't cope with stress.
- D) The only way to cope with stress is to learn how to control yourself in hard times.
- E) When you begin to control yourself in hard times, you'll be able to cope with stress.

TEST YOURSELF 20



1-20. sorularda, cümlede bırakılan boşluğu uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. I don't know where the scissors Have you seen, by any chance?
A) will be / it
B) have been / they
C) were / its
D) had been / themselves
E) are / them
2. At half past four every evening, the shop's money in the bank across the street.
A) has been deposited
B) can deposit
C) has deposited
D) is deposited
E) was depositing
3. I mathematics at all interesting when I was at high school.
A) hadn't found
B) didn't find
C) am not finding
D) haven't found
E) don't find
4. The excellent advice you gave me me to get over the depression that I was suffering last month.
A) has helped
B) could help
C) helps
D) is helping
E) will help
5. None of the students any interest in joining the debate club so far this year.
A) had shown
B) shows
C) have shown
D) will show
E) is showing
6. One of the passengers a big basket full of eggs during last week's trip to Ankara.
A) has carried
B) were carrying
C) have carried
D) had carried
E) was carrying
7. I told Nilay that she smoking for her children's sake, if not her own.
A) can stop
B) had stopped
C) should stop
D) has stopped
E) may stop
8. It was a crowded dinner party, so by the time I after work, most of the food
A) was arriving / had eaten
B) arrived / had been eaten
C) have arrived / are eaten
D) would arrive / were eaten
E) arrive / has been eaten
9. Don't touch the electric burner you want to burn your finger.
A) until
B) if
C) after
D) if only
E) unless
10. Never use water to try to out a cooking oil fire—it only makes the fire spread.
A) put
B) cross
C) run
D) carry
E) set

11. When I turned on the TV, of the candidates about unemployment.
- A) one / was talking
 B) some / have been talking
 C) both / has talked
 D) all / can talk
 E) either / talk
12. As far as I know, of the bank robbers yet.
- A) a little / have caught
 B) some / was caught
 C) none / has been caught
 D) a few / will be caught
 E) neither / had caught
13. deserves to live and work in good, safe conditions.
- A) Anywhere
 B) Everybody
 C) Something
 D) Anyone
 E) Nowhere
14. The band members congratulated for giving an excellent concert.
- A) others
 B) each other
 C) the other
 D) another
 E) the others
15. the players are very enthusiastic, but just don't care.
- A) Many / others
 B) Most of / other
 C) All of / another
 D) Some of / the others
 E) None / one another
16. Mustafa didn't turn for the meeting until very late, but he refused to explain why.
- A) on
 B) up
 C) off
 D) down
 E) out
17. Because she'd lost her keys, Canan had to her apartment through a window.
- A) break into
 B) take off
 C) blow up
 D) point out
 E) close down
18. restaurant's pasta must be very good, because all the customers are ordering
- A) A / them
 B) The / itself
 C) Some / theirs
 D) Any / its
 E) This / it
19. An outside worker who replaces a worker who is is called a "scab".
- A) in common
 B) on strike
 C) out of danger
 D) without delay
 E) by mistake
20. Özge will probably get the job, she is the most qualified applicant.
- A) because
 B) but
 C) when
 D) before
 E) after

21-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

26-29. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçeneği bulunuz.

21. Strangely, my father never wanted to know

- A) whether he will give me any money
- B) that my grades have been perfect so far
- C) why I had got so angry with him
- D) who was I considering inviting to my wedding
- E) if I am planning to go on holiday alone

22. Pat came to see me yesterday

- A) as soon as I have called her at the office
- B) after she wins first prize in the contest
- C) because she wanted to have a talk
- D) until she had answered the questions
- E) unless we decide to meet at a café

23. because we can't really afford it.

- A) We hadn't decided whether to buy the car
- B) The mailman is bringing us a large package
- C) Your mum's antique vase is really expensive
- D) Our money has started to run out
- E) We won't be able to paint the whole house

24. The boys who were walking home

- A) are carrying heavy school bags
- B) singing a number of folk songs well
- C) where they would have their lunch
- D) because they had got very hungry
- E) stopped to have a snack at a café

25., as it is very hot and stuffy in here.

- A) She never rides home on the minibus
- B) You had better take off your coat
- C) Your car doesn't have air-conditioning
- D) You could take your shoes for repair
- E) He is still waiting to see the doctor

26. We hardly know Manhattan, so we need a city map.

- A) Because we know very little about Manhattan, we can't do without a city map.
- B) It's hard for us to get around Manhattan without a city map.
- C) City maps will be useful when we are in Manhattan.
- D) If only we knew Manhattan better and didn't need a city map.
- E) We have learned how to get around Manhattan with the help of a city map.

27. This is the first time our company has ever organized a barbecue.

- A) This is the best barbecue that our company has organized for a long time.
- B) One of the events which our company sometimes organizes is a barbecue.
- C) The barbecue that is being organized by our company will be the best one.
- D) Our company has never organized a barbecue before.
- E) Our company has not had such a good barbecue in a very long time.

28. Suna started preparing lunch as soon as her children left for school.

- A) Suna didn't start making lunch because her children hadn't gone to school yet.
- B) The children went to school soon after Suna had prepared lunch.
- C) Suna's children didn't leave for school until she had started making lunch.
- D) After the children had left for school, Suna decided to prepare lunch.
- E) Suna waited until her children had gone to school before she started making lunch

29. No one said anything when the coach shouted at the footballers.

- A) The footballers waited for the coach to finish shouting before they said anything
- B) Everybody remained silent when the coach shouted at the footballers.
- C) There was a great silence among the footballers after the coach had shouted
- D) Nothing was said until the coach suddenly shouted at the footballers.
- E) The footballers were listening to the things that the coach was shouting at them.

30-32. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

30. I wanted to cancel my appointment because I had to go abroad all of a sudden.

- A) Aniden yurtdışına çıkmam gerektiği için randevumu iptal etmek zorunda kaldım.
- B) Aniden yurtdışına çıkmak zorunda kaldığım için randevumu iptal etmek istedim.
- C) Yurtdışına çıktığım için randevumu aniden iptal ettim.
- D) Aniden yurtdışına çıkmam gerekmeseydi randevumu iptal etmek zorunda kalmazdım.
- E) Yurtdışına çıkışım nedeniyle randevumu iptal etmem gerekiyordu.

31. The curving streets in Mykonos were designed to confuse the pirates who invaded the island in the 16th century.

- A) Mykonos'un dolambaçlı sokakları, 16. yüzyılda adayı istila eden korsanların kafasını karıştırıyordu.
- B) 16. yüzyılda Mykonos'ta dolambaçlı sokaklar yapmadaki amaç, adayı istila eden korsanları şaşırtmaktı.
- C) 16. yüzyılda Mykonos'u istila eden korsanlar adadaki dolambaçlı sokaklar yüzünden yollarını şaşırtıyorlardı.
- D) Mykonos'taki dolambaçlı sokaklar, 16. yüzyılda adayı istila eden korsanları şaşırtmak için yapılmıştı.
- E) Korsanlar 16. yüzyılda Mykonos'u istila ettikleri zaman adadaki dolambaçlı sokaklar onlara çok karmaşık gelirdi.

32. In the Istanbul Municipality's "Choose Your Ferry" campaign, the most popular model was similar to the traditional ferry.

- A) İstanbul Belediyesi'nin, "Vapurunu Seç" kampanyasında en sevilen model geleneksel vapurun benzeriydi.
- B) İstanbul Belediyesi'nin, "Vapurunu Seç" kampanyasında geleneksel modelin benzeri büyük beğeni topladı.
- C) İstanbul Belediyesi'nin "Vapurunu Seç" kampanyasında seçilen model, geleneksel modele çok benziyordu.
- D) İstanbul Belediyesi'nin "Vapurunu Seç" kampanyasında geleneksel modellerin benzerleri seçildi.
- E) İstanbul Belediyesi'nin düzenlediği "Vapurunu Seç" kampanyasında geleneksel modeller çok ilgi gördü.

33-35. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

33. Acı kırmızı biberde bulunan kapsaisin birçok sağlık sorununda olumlu etkiye sahiptir.

- A) Chile pepper and capsaicin have many positive effects on health problems.
- B) Chile pepper contains capsaicin, which has positive effects on many health problems.
- C) Many health problems are affected positively by the capsaicin in chile pepper.
- D) Some positive effects on health problems are caused by the capsaicin in chile pepper.
- E) The capsaicin in chile pepper has a positive effect on many health problems.

34. İngiltere'de yapılan bir araştırmaya göre, insanlar ömrünün üç yılını ev işi yaparak geçiriyor.

- A) According to the results of a survey in England, three years is spent doing the housework.
- B) A survey in England says that people spend three years of their lives doing housework.
- C) According to a survey in England, people spend three years of their lives doing the housework.
- D) A survey in England has confirmed that people spend three years of their lives doing the housework.
- E) Doing the housework takes three years of one's life away, according to a survey in England.

35. En son Harry Potter kitabının filmi çekilirken sinema teknolojisindeki en yeni buluşlar kullanılmıştır.

- A) Because film technology has become more innovative, the latest *Harry Potter* book was finally able to be filmed.
- B) The newest *Harry Potter* book can only be made into a film if it uses the latest innovations in film technology.
- C) The latest innovations in film technology were used while the latest *Harry Potter* book was being filmed.
- D) The filming of the latest *Harry Potter* book made excellent use of film technology's latest innovations.
- E) After new innovations had been made in film technology, the latest *Harry Potter* book made use of them.

1. Guido:
- Can you help me fix the engine on my car?

Rod:
-

Guido:
- Probably, but these days I haven't got enough money for that.

- A) Why don't you just sell it and get a new one?
- B) Of course, if you think I'll be of any help.
- C) I'll try, but shouldn't you take it to a mechanic?
- D) Well, I'm not very good with cars, to be honest.
- E) Yes, as long as it isn't anything too difficult.

2. Lou:
- You look tired. Haven't you been sleeping properly?

Clarence:
- Not really. We've got new neighbours and they seem to have parties every night.

Lou:
-

Clarence:
- I would, but they always start when I'm in bed, and I just never want to get up then.

- A) I wish people would be more considerate.
- B) Why don't you go and complain to them?
- C) Wouldn't you like it if they invited you there?
- D) I'd love to be able to have parties every night.
- E) Well, I think you're stupid to tolerate it.

3. Patty:
- Has anyone heard how John's doing in his new job?

Denise:
- Apparently, he really loves it.

Patty:
-

Denise:
- No, but I met his girlfriend in the street a couple of days ago.

- A) Well, I would love such a job; how about you?
- B) Is he going to be able to visit us anytime soon?
- C) He was quite nervous about it at first, wasn't he?
- D) Have you spoken to him recently, then?
- E) You applied for a job there, too, didn't you?

4. Amy:
- We've all decided to go bowling tomorrow evening.

Alice:
- Nobody asked my opinion.

Amy:
- Well, you weren't here when we talked about it.

Alice:
-

Amy:
- Yes, and I suppose I should have. I'm sorry— anyway, I thought you'd like the idea.

- A) Well, you could have phoned me.
- B) You shouldn't make my decisions for me.
- C) Why don't we go to the cinema instead?
- D) You must know by now that I love bowling.
- E) I wouldn't have agreed with you.

5. Gwen:
- Oh no!

Ingrid:
- What's happened?

Gwen:
-

Ingrid:
- Well, you can borrow one of mine.

Gwen:
- Do you think any of yours will fit me, though?

- A) My alarm clock has broken and I have an interview tomorrow morning.
- B) I've just burnt my blouse with the iron.
- C) I can't seem to find my purse anywhere.
- D) It's raining and I don't have an umbrella.
- E) These shoes should be washed soon, shouldn't they?

6. Oliver
- Are you going to see Sonia this evening?

Daniel
- Probably. Why?

Oliver
- Can you ask her to phone me?

Daniel
-

Oliver
- I think so, but you can give it to her if she hasn't.

- A) Oh dear—is it anything important?
- B) But she hasn't got a phone, has she?
- C) If she's not there, shall I call you instead?
- D) Has she got your mobile number?
- E) Do you mind if she calls you really late?

7. Rose
- I'm starving! What's for dinner?

Norman
-

Rose
- Not much. We were so busy that I didn't have time to take a proper break.

- A) Well, what would you like to have?
- B) I'm probably going to cook some chicken
- C) Nothing special. Just leftovers
- D) How about getting a pizza delivered?
- E) Didn't you have anything for lunch?

8. Martha
- Hi! What are you writing?

Linda
- Well, actually, it's a poem.

Martha
-

Linda
- Only if you promise not to laugh.

- A) Would you let me have a look at it?
- B) I didn't know you wrote poetry!
- C) Is it a serious poem or a humorous one?
- D) Is it for homework for school or something?
- E) Do you write poetry very often?

9. Sid
- Could I make a quick phone call before we go out?

Allen
-

Sid
- Thanks. I'll be right back.

- A) Who are you calling at this time of night?
- B) Are you going to tell them where we're going?
- C) Of course. The phone's just down the hall.
- D) Sorry, but our telephone is not working.
- E) Well, we really don't have time for that.

10. Interviewer
- Why did you apply for this job?

Interviewee
- Because I'm interested in financial matters.

Interviewer
-

Interviewee
- Yes, I do. Here are my certificates.

- A) I don't think you'll be very suitable for the position.
- B) I am interested in financial matters, too.
- C) Do you make much money at your current job?
- D) Do you have the right qualifications?
- E) Have you ever worked in this area before?

1. Customer
- **Do you sell English newspapers?**

Shopowner

-

Customer

- **Oh, really? Well, thank you very much for your help.**

Shopowner

- **It's my pleasure.**

- A) Do you mean newspapers in English?
- B) Can you say that again, please?
- C) Why—are you from England?
- D) No, we certainly do not
- E) No, but the shop across the street does

2. Kate
- **How about playing tennis this afternoon?**

Peter

- **But I heard that it's going to rain.**

Kate

-

Peter

- **Oh, that's a good idea. Why not?**

- A) I know—I saw the weather report
- B) Why do you always complain about the weather?
- C) My tennis racket was broken last week, you know
- D) I don't really want to play tennis with you, anyway
- E) We could reserve an indoor court

3. John
- **Do you like Turkish jazz music?**

David

- **Yes, particularly the group Asia Minor.**

John

-

David

- **That would be great.**

A) Oh, really? So do I

B) I'll lend you some of my cassettes, then

C) Me, too I also enjoy listening to Kerem Gorsev

D) Their bassist is excellent, isn't he?

E) Isn't that another name for Anatolia?

4. Customer
- **I'll have fish and chips to start, and chocolate cake for dessert.**

Waiter

-

Customer

- **Not yet, thank you. Perhaps a coffee after the meal.**

- A) Very good, sir Anything to drink?
- B) Today's soup special, sir, is clam chowder
- C) I'm afraid there is no chocolate cake, sir
- D) How would you like your steak, sir?
- E) Are you eating alone, sir?

5. Tourist
- **Could you direct me to the nearest post office?**

Eda

- **Certainly. Take the first road on the left, and it's opposite the supermarket**

Tourist

-

Eda

- **Actually, I think it's closed until half past one.**

- A) Do you also know where I can get a phonecard?
- B) What's the name of the supermarket?
- C) Could you also tell me the time, please?
- D) Do you think it will be open now?
- E) On the left? Are you absolutely sure?

6. Bill
- What did you think of the film?

Ted
- I liked the special effects.

Bill
-

Ted
- Yes, I think I've seen him before.

- A) Me, too. And the lead actor has been on TV, hasn't he?
- B) Fine. And what did you think of the plot?
- C) Yes—the plane crash was especially effective.
- D) So did I, but I thought the film was too long.
- E) Shall we go to the cinema again next week, then?

7. Rachel
-

Vince
- When did you arrange that?

Rachel
- Two days ago, but I forgot to tell you.

Vince
- Oh, never mind. What time are they arriving?

Rachel
- About eight o'clock or so.

- A) There's a meeting at Ed's house today.
- B) I've got a doctor's appointment this afternoon.
- C) We're going to the theatre with Valerie this evening.
- D) I've invited my mother to stay for the weekend.
- E) Pat and Chris are coming to dinner tonight.

8. Trevor
- I'm tired of waiting for this train. Shall we go and have some tea?

Ron
-

Trevor
- Well, you can wait here if you like, but I'm going to get some tea.

Ron
- Oh, alright. I'll come with you, then.

- A) Are there any cafés in this station?
- B) That is an excellent idea, my friend.
- C) But we might miss the train if we do that.
- D) Alright. We can always catch the next train.
- E) I was going to suggest the same thing.

9. Greg
- I heard you were ill last week. Are you better now?

Karen
- Yes, I'm fine now, thanks.

Greg
- Oh, you shouldn't do any hard work for a little while, then.

- A) It wasn't anything serious.
- B) I still feel a little weak, though.
- C) The rest really did me some good.
- D) The doctor said I was completely cured.
- E) It's good to be back at work.

10. Justine
- Hey, look! Isn't that Graham's car parked in the street?

Marcus
- No, it isn't the same model.

Justine
- Are you sure? It looks just like it.

Marcus
-

Justine
- Really? Why did he do that?

- A) Well, it's similar, but his car is a different colour.
- B) It's like his old car, but he bought a new one on Saturday.
- C) He's thinking about repainting his car, you know.
- D) Actually, I'm not sure because I can't see it very clearly.
- E) I guess you don't know much about cars at all.

1. Patricia
- Did you pick up your film from the developer?

Fergus
- Yes, but none of the photos came out.

Patricia
- Oh no! Why not?

Fergus
-

Patricia
- Oh, you silly fool!

- A) Because the film the shop sold me was faulty
- B) Apparently there's something wrong with my camera
- C) The developer did something that damaged the negatives
- D) Because I forgot to take the cap off the lens!
- E) The developer wasn't sure what had gone wrong

2. Des
- Can you read the number plate of that car in front?

Doug
- Yes! Can't you?

Des
- No!

Doug
-

Des
- Perhaps I should. I'll go next week.

- A) You should wear your glasses when you're driving
- B) If you can't see that, then you ought not to drive
- C) Why don't you have your eyes tested?
- D) When did you last go to an optician's?
- E) Really? Your eyesight must be really weak

3. Interviewer
- Why did you decide to go into acting?

Actor
- I've always enjoyed the theatre, and my teacher in school noticed that I had talent and told my parents.

Interviewer
-

Actor
- Not at first. But when they realized that I was serious about it, they did

- A) Did they give you lots of encouragement?
- B) They were not pleased with your choice of career, were they?
- C) How did your parents react to that?
- D) Is anyone else in your family talented?
- E) Was it after that that you went to theatre school?

4. Mother
- What do you think you're doing? You are not going out wearing all that make-up.

Daughter
-

Mother
- I expect they look ridiculous as well. Now go upstairs and wash it off.

- A) But it's the fashion, and I'm going to a party
- B) All my friends wear this much make-up
- C) Mum, I'm old enough to wear what I like
- D) It's not really a lot of make-up, though
- E) Well, Sharon's mother lets her wear make-up

5. Police officer
- When did you realize that the office had been broken into?

Manager
- As soon as I arrived—at 9:30—I noticed the lock was broken.

Police officer
-

Manager
- We're not entirely certain yet, but definitely some money and a fax machine

- A) Has any damage been done to anything else?
- B) Have you any idea who might have done it?
- C) Are you certain the door was locked properly?
- D) Could I speak to your secretary as well please?
- E) Could you tell me exactly what has been taken?

6. Elaine:
- **You've given me the wrong coat. This isn't mine.**

Dry cleaner:
- **Are you sure? It has your ticket on it.**

Elaine:
-

Dry cleaner:
- **Oh dear. Well, can you describe it in detail, and I'll go and look for it?**

- A) Let me check again. Maybe I've made a mistake.
- B) Definitely. This isn't even the right colour. Mine's blue.
- C) Yes, mine is grey, with a belt, large buttons, a round collar, and it's shorter.
- D) I didn't know that you used a ticket system here.
- E) Oh, wait a moment—actually, that is my coat after all.

7. David:
- **What kind of heating system would you recommend? Oil, gas, or electricity?**

Peter:
-

David:
- **You mean the heat from the sun. It's very expensive, isn't it?**

Peter:
- **Well, the costs of installing it are certainly high, but it has a lot of advantages.**

- A) Well, solar energy is being used a lot now
- B) Oil is too expensive and causes pollution.
- C) I've always found gas to be really efficient.
- D) It depends on how big your house is.
- E) Don't ask me—I have no idea about such things.

8. Jessie:
- **This heat is unbearable. I'm going inside to get a cold drink.**

Max:
-

Jessie:
- **Don't be so lazy! Do it yourself!**

- A) Yes, it is hot. I think I'll come with you.
- B) Really? I thought you liked the sun.
- C) You do look as if you've had too much sun.
- D) Why not go for a swim to cool down?
- E) While you're there, can you make me a sandwich?

9. Hilary:
- **Why didn't you speak to Kate just now?**

Rebecca:
- **We had a big argument last week.**

Hilary:
-

Rebecca:
- **Why should I? It was her fault.**

- A) It must have been something serious.
- B) That's a shame. You've always been so close.
- C) What did you argue about?
- D) Are you going to apologize to her?
- E) Why are you two always disagreeing?

10. Alan:
- **What was the matter with Don yesterday? He seemed so depressed.**

Craig:
-

Alan:
- **Oh, poor thing! And he'd been waiting so long for it, too.**

- A) He was turned down for that promotion at work.
- B) He'd just heard that his mother was ill.
- C) I'm not sure. I didn't want to ask him.
- D) Oh, you know Don! He's always moody.
- E) I think he's worried about his exam results.

1. Customer:

- I'd like to send this package to France. How much will it cost?

Post office clerk:

- It depends. Would you like it to go by air mail or surface mail?

Customer:

-

Post office clerk:

- Yes: air mail is more expensive, but it's also faster.

- A) Does it make a difference?
- B) Which one's more reliable?
- C) Give me both prices, so I can decide.
- D) Neither. I'd like special delivery, please.
- E) By whichever one's cheaper.

2. Mehmet:

- You'd better hurry if you want to catch that bus.

Ayşe:

- Don't be silly! I've got lots of time.

Mehmet:

-

Ayşe:

- What? I didn't realize. I'll leave now, then.

- A) Yes, but that suitcase looks very heavy.
- B) Well, it's better to be early than late
- C) Are you sure you checked the schedule?
- D) That clock is slow, you know.
- E) Okay. But don't say I didn't warn you.

3. Susan:

- Hello?

Caller

- Hello. Can I speak to Dawn, please?

Susan:

- I'm sorry, there's no one here by that name.

Caller:

-

Woman

- No, I'm afraid you've got the wrong number.

A) Sorry—I must have the wrong number.

B) Really? What number have I dialled?

C) Is that Exmouth 218492?

D) When did Dawn move out?

E) That's too bad. Tell her I called.

4. Daniel:

- Will you look after my bag for me?

Tony:

- It depends.

Daniel:

- No, I'm just going to make a quick phone call.

Tony:

- In that case, no problem.

A) Where are you going?

B) Will you be very long?

C) Is there anything valuable in it?

D) When will you come back?

E) Are you going to telephone someone?

5. Cookery teacher:

- When you've put the mixture into the cake tin, place it in the oven.

Cengiz:

-

Cookery teacher

- It depends, but usually until it's golden brown on the top.

A) When will it be ready?

B) Should I cover it with anything?

C) What temperature does it need?

D) On the top or the bottom shelf?

E) How long should it cook for?

6. Flight attendant:
- **Would you like anything from the drinks trolley, sir?**

Mr. Bond:
- **Yes, could I have an apricot juice, please?**

Flight attendant:
-

Mr. Bond:
- **Oh, that'll be fine, thanks.**

- A) I'm afraid we only have peach juice.
- B) Yes, of course. Here you are.
- C) Would you like it with or without ice?
- D) I'm sorry, we don't have any fruit juice.
- E) There's no apricot, but we have many other kinds.

7. Customer:
- **Hello. I telephoned last week to reserve a room.**

Receptionist:
- **Could I take your name, please?**

Customer:
- **Mr. Godfrey.**

Receptionist:
-

Customer:
- **That's impossible. My company confirmed it by fax.**

- A) Of course. Could you please complete the registration card?
- B) I'm sorry—did you say "Godfrey"?
- C) I'm afraid we have no reservation under that name.
- D) I'm afraid we're full. You should have booked first.
- E) Was it booked under your company's name?

8. Stephanie:
- **Oh look, I asked for coffee with milk, and this is black.**

Garth:
- **Well, call the waiter and tell him.**

Stephanie:
-

Garth:
- **I think I'll have one as well.**

- A) Does this coffee look black to you?
- B) Yes, and when he comes, I'm going to order a cake, too.
- C) I wonder where the waiter is, though.
- D) Why bother? The service in this place is dreadful.
- E) And there's no sugar on the table, either.

9. Car salesman:
- **And, as you can see, the interior is in beautiful condition.**

Eda:
- **What about the mileage?**

Car salesman:
-

Eda:
- **But exactly how many miles has it got?**

- A) I'll just check for you, ma'am.
- B) It's only done 20,102 miles.
- C) Its top speed is 110 miles per hour.
- D) Oh, it's really quite low.
- E) It's only about two miles from here.

10. Maggie:
- **What a beautiful dress! Where did you get it?**

Wendy:
- **Well, actually, I had it specially made for me.**

Maggie:
-

Wendy:
- **No, not really. The designer is a friend of my mother's.**

- A) I wish I could have clothes made for me, too.
- B) Oh really! How can you afford to buy such fancy clothes?
- C) Never! It looks just like the one Rita was wearing on Saturday.
- D) I must say it's been made very well—just your style.
- E) Wow! That must have cost a fortune

In My Fridge I've Got...

This is a game which can be used to help draw on student's vocabulary and is also useful for having students think about how words are spelt or pronounced. The game can be useful for practising question forms using *have/has got* and *there is/are* as well as countable and uncountable nouns.

- The aim of the game is to guess what the connection between a group of words is
- These words are presented in the form of a statement
- You tell the students that they must guess the connection between the items in the fridge
- You, as the teacher, first choose something to take. You start the sentence and add something. As you do so, write the item on the board.

e.g. In my fridge, I've got *some cheese*



- The students will then ask you questions

e.g. In your fridge, have you got any *cake*?
Is there any *milk* in your fridge?

- You tell each student whether there is or not, depending on whether the word fits according to the particular connection you have decided upon
- Each word is written upon the board in two lists, items that are in the fridge and those that are not

e.g. YES
cheese
carrots
apples
butter
beef
beetroot
cabbage
eggs
lettuce

NO
oranges
lemons
pears
margarine
lamb
milk
fruit juice
tomatoes
yoghurt

- As the list starts to get longer, some students will start to see the connection and think of more interesting things to go in the fridge
- If students cannot easily guess, then you can start telling them that there are unusual things in your fridge in order to make the connection more obvious

e.g. In my fridge, there *is a vacuum cleaner*
is a squirrel
are three bookkeepers

- You can continue the game until it becomes very obvious what can go in your fridge

e.g. In the above example, the connection between the words is that the items you have in your fridge each have a double letter in them: *vacuum cleaner*, *squirrel*, *three bookkeepers*, *cabbage*, *eggs*, etc.



- This game can be repeated using different connections. For example, in the list below, the connection is that the last letter of one word is the first of the next

apple
egg
grapefruit
tomato
orange

- You can try any number of connections, and you can change the initial phrase so as to enable different vocabulary. This not only allows differing vocabulary, but also different grammar practice

e.g. We're doing some changes in the house, and we're going to buy ...

a sofa, a dinner table, some curtains, a carpet, etc

But we're not going to buy...

a TV set, a fridge, a DVD player, a dishwasher, etc

Here, the connection is that ***we're not going to buy electric appliances***

- It is even possible to use verbs if you change the initial phrase to

In the classroom, you aren't allowed to...

swim, run, eat, read, sing, etc

But you are allowed to...

dance, watch TV, listen to music, play football, etc

Here, the connection is that ***irregular verbs aren't allowed***

- You can adjust how easy or difficult you want the game to be by the connection, and you can practise any grammar you want depending on the phrase that you start with

e.g. I have been to England. Where else do you think I've been to? Have you been to...?

England, New Zealand, Kenya, Scotland, India, Jamaica, etc
(Countries where English is an official language)

- There are literally hundreds of combinations, depending on what you want to test

Example connections could be

1. Countable and Uncountable
2. Regular and Irregular (comparatives / plurals)
3. Definite article (the UK / the River Nile)
4. Adjectives

Passages 1



1-3. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Thousands of years ago, people discovered that they could use a log to keep themselves afloat on water. By this means, they could cross the rivers and lakes which presented obstacles to their progress. Soon, they found that they could support themselves better in difficult waters by making a raft, which is several logs joined together. In time, they learnt to shape logs to form canoes, and to use the power of the wind with sails. Nobody knows when or where these first steps were taken. It is only known that, as far back as mankind can trace its story, there have been boats of some sort.

1. We understand from the passage that the earliest type of boat
 - A) appears in a number of modern stories
 - B) was mostly wind-powered
 - C) enabled people to travel further
 - D) was made by shaping a log
 - E) took a very long time to make
2. It is implied in the passage that a raft
 - A) from ancient times has recently been discovered
 - B) goes faster than a canoe in the water
 - C) can be made of one log or of many logs
 - D) is easier than a log to travel on in rough water
 - E) is more difficult to build than a canoe
3. One point emphasized in the passage is that
 - A) the history of early boats isn't very clear
 - B) canoes can only be used on lakes and rivers
 - C) early people had plenty of logs
 - D) people used their feet to power early boats
 - E) early people weren't able to swim very well

4-6. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Abbreviations often consist of the first letter of a word, or of each important word in a group. They are usually written in capital letters and followed by a period. For example, "P O" stands for "post office" and "C O D" for "collect (or cash) on delivery". Sometimes, an abbreviation is written as a small letter and period, as in "b" for "born" and "m" for "married". The same abbreviation may be used for different words, for example, "m" may also stand for "male" or for "metre". The reader can usually determine the correct word from the context.

4. In the passage, one of the abbreviations used as an example
 - A) is not followed by a period
 - B) has three completely different meanings
 - C) is used for a person who has just had a baby
 - D) contains two different prepositions
 - E) can only be used for the measurement of lengths
5. We can understand from the passage that, when a group of words makes an abbreviation,
 - A) the abbreviation should be pronounced like a normal word
 - B) some of the words may not be represented in it
 - C) one of the words must begin with a vowel
 - D) the first letter of any preposition cannot be written as a capital letter
 - E) it is used more often than the full form
6. We can conclude from the passage that some abbreviations
 - A) help to classify different ideas clearly
 - B) are written in a mixture of capital and small letters without any periods
 - C) cannot be easily understood out of context
 - D) do not usually have any context
 - E) are better known than the words that they represent

7-9. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Part-time work is sometimes a matter of choice, and sometimes a matter of necessity. Many women with families, especially mothers of small children, choose to work part-time to add to the family income. Some of these women would rather work full-time, but they must divide their day's responsibilities between the workplace and the home. There are other individuals, men and women, who would prefer to work full-time if they could find such employment; however, because of unfavourable economic conditions, they sometimes have to be satisfied with a part-time job.

7. We understand from the passage that, because of unfavourable economic conditions,

- A) people have to take more than one part-time job
- B) there are more part-time than full-time workers
- C) employers prefer full-time to part-time workers
- D) women usually have to take part-time work
- E) not everyone can work as many hours as they would like

8. It is stated in the passage that some people

- A) would like to work more than they do
- B) cannot find any kind of job to do
- C) decide to have too many children
- D) choose to do their part-time work at home
- E) need to work in order to get married

9. It can be concluded from the passage that the women with families who choose to work part-time

- A) have other family members who also work
- B) spend too much time outside of the home
- C) can't find full-time work due to economic conditions
- D) don't care very much for their children
- E) choose jobs which involve looking after children

10-12. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

On 21 April 1960, the capital of Brazil was moved from Rio de Janeiro, on the South Atlantic coast, to Brasília, a new and ultramodern city 960 kilometres to the northwest. There were two basic reasons behind this move. First, the authorities wanted to draw Brazil's population westward into largely unused land. The second reason was the need to make Rio de Janeiro a less crowded city. Rio de Janeiro was sandwiched between mountains and the sea, and so the city had little space for a fast-growing population.

10. It is understood from the passage that Rio de Janeiro

- A) is Brazil's only large city
- B) is a better place to live in than Brasília
- C) is famous for its sandwiches
- D) had too many people in 1960
- E) has become Brazil's capital once again

11. We understand from the passage that Rio de Janeiro

- A) is more famous than the capital Brasília
- B) physically is not suitable for growing larger
- C) is still Brazil's biggest city
- D) is to the west of Brasília
- E) was originally built high up on a mountain

12. We can conclude from the passage that Brasília

- A) is 960 square kilometres in size
- B) is a port on the South Atlantic
- C) was created to be the capital of Brazil
- D) has a long and interesting history
- E) is surrounded by unusable land

Passages 2

1-3. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

John Steinbeck's *The Grapes of Wrath* is the story of two "families" in the United States. One is the actual family of the Joads. The other is the collective group of landless workers like them. Although the Joads are joined by blood, it is their loyalty and their feelings for each other that make them a family. When the Joads are travelling to California for work, they meet the Wilsons. In a very short time, the two families become one. They share their difficulties and help each other.

1. The passage suggests that the Joads

- A) are a closely connected family
- B) have problems with their blood
- C) are the only real family mentioned in *The Grapes of Wrath*
- D) are a family of mostly young people
- E) left their home together with the Wilsons

2. We can understand from the passage that the Joads are

- A) relatives of the Wilsons
- B) not owners of land
- C) from California
- D) on the road only for a very short time
- E) not able to find work in California

3. We can conclude from the passage that John Steinbeck believed that

- A) families should not trust landless workers too much
- B) the Wilsons are a better model for a family than the Joads
- C) people should not leave their homes to go to faraway places
- D) family is not only a simple connection by blood
- E) California is the greatest state in the United States

4-6. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Italian composer Giacomo Puccini was the last descendant of a highly musical family. *La bohème* is considered one of his best works and one of the most romantic operas ever composed. When *Madama Butterfly* was first performed, it was not liked. However, it later came to be seen as one of his greatest operas. Puccini died in Belgium in 1923. News of his death reached Rome during a performance of *La bohème*. The opera was immediately stopped, and the orchestra played Chopin's "Funeral March" for the shocked audience.

4. We can conclude from the passage that Puccini

- A) had relatives who were involved with music
- B) arrived in Rome during a performance of *La bohème*
- C) was born and brought up in Belgium
- D) preferred *Madama Butterfly* to *La bohème*
- E) had gone to Belgium to put on a performance of *La bohème*

5. It is implied in the passage that Chopin

- A) worked with Puccini on the opera *La bohème*
- B) was a close friend of Puccini's
- C) wrote music in order to shock people
- D) died in the same year as Puccini
- E) made a piece of music to play after people die

6. We learn from the passage that opinions of

- A) Puccini in Belgium are not very good
- B) *La bohème* say that it is the best romantic opera ever made
- C) Puccini in his lifetime were not positive
- D) *La bohème* have changed in recent years
- E) *Madama Butterfly* later became positive

7-9. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The *Encyclopædia Britannica* is still seen as one of the most important reference books in the English language. From the end of the 18th century to the beginning of the 20th century, the *Britannica* was often the best source of information. It had articles by a number of important Scottish and English authors and scientists, including John Stuart Mill and Walter Scott. It sometimes gave complicated scientific information. The *Britannica* changed very much in the early 20th century, because people wanted a general reference work. They wanted shorter articles that were easier to understand.

7. It is clear from the passage that the *Encyclopædia Britannica*

- A) has a detailed article about John Stuart Mill
- B) is worked on by an equal number of English and Scots
- C) is a good place for English speakers to find information
- D) is no different today than it was in the past
- E) is still the best encyclopedia in the English language

8. It can be understood from the passage that Walter Scott

- A) came from Scotland
- B) lived in the 19th century
- C) wrote only one article for the *Encyclopædia Britannica*
- D) was a friend of John Stuart Mill
- E) wrote the entire *Encyclopædia Britannica* together with John Stuart Mill

9. It is understood from the passage that, in the early 20th century, the *Britannica*

- A) started to use simpler articles
- B) employed Walter Scott as a writer
- C) was used as a scientific textbook
- D) stopped being printed
- E) was translated from English into other languages

10-12. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Nothosaurs were a species of dinosaur that existed over 200 million years ago. They possibly lived like the seals of today, because they caught food in the sea but came out onto rocks or beaches to sunbathe. They looked a little like crocodiles, and could grow up to 4 metres in length. Their speed helped them to catch fish and small reptiles. Similarly to today's turtles, female Nothosaurs pulled themselves out of the sea and far up beaches in order to lay and bury their eggs. The only enemies of the Nothosaurs were other species of dinosaur.

10. We learn from the passage that crocodiles

- A) have evolved from Nothosaurs
- B) are usually less than 4 metres long
- C) slightly resemble Nothosaurs
- D) act in the same way as Nothosaurs did
- E) spend most of the day sunbathing

11. It is clear from the passage that Nothosaur eggs were

- A) constantly looked after
- B) eaten by other dinosaurs
- C) left unprotected on beaches
- D) not laid in the water
- E) not especially large

12. We can conclude from the passage that Nothosaurs

- A) existed for over 200 million years
- B) were able to breathe air
- C) attacked and ate each other
- D) are closely related to turtles
- E) sometimes used to eat seals

Passages 3



1-3. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Erik Erikson was an artist and teacher in Vienna before he became interested in the psychoanalysis of children. He studied psychoanalysis under Anna Freud, the daughter of psychoanalysis' founder Sigmund Freud. Then, he underwent training to become a psychoanalyst himself, and moved to the United States in the early 1930s. Erikson's broad knowledge of human nature was the result of years of research. He worked with Native Americans, soldiers who had returned from battle, and teenage children of wealthy families.

1. It is understood from the passage that Anna Freud
A) was psychoanalyzed as a child
B) got married to Erik Erikson
C) was born and brought up in Vienna
D) ended up living in the United States
E) followed in her father's footsteps
2. The author of the passage believes that Erik Erikson
A) was a better psychoanalyst than Freud
B) knew a lot about human nature
C) worked better with children than with adults
D) was not a good artist
E) came from a rich family
3. We can understand from the passage that Erik Erikson's interest in psychoanalysis
A) was not limited to children
B) started in the United States
C) was encouraged by Sigmund Freud
D) did not last for very long
E) took him onto battlefields

4-6. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The future of the solar system cannot be known for certain, because accidents can happen at any time. For example, a star might pass right through and destroy the system. If no accident happens, the future depends on the behaviour of the sun. The sun is slowly getting brighter as it consumes its supply of hydrogen and turns it into helium. If current calculations are correct, the sun will grow much brighter and larger in about 5 billion years' time. After this, Earth, as well as the other planets, will get too hot for life to endure.

4. It is clear from the passage that the sun
A) will disappear in 5 billion years
B) doesn't have very much hydrogen left
C) may not yet be at its maximum possible size
D) is the largest star that exists in space
E) looks smaller than it actually is
5. It is implied in the passage that the solar system
A) will not survive for much longer
B) will soon be destroyed by a foreign star
C) is only 5 billion years old
D) is always at risk
E) is actually getting colder
6. If current calculations about the sun come true,
A) life on Earth will one day no longer exist
B) life may exist on other planets in the solar system
C) Earth will be the only planet to support life
D) there'll be no life in the whole of the universe
E) Earth may go through another ice age

7-9. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Health clubs used to be a place only for the young and fit. Now, however, they are being joined by older members, and it's a trend that is expected to increase. People aged 55 and over currently make up almost a quarter of all memberships. Many health clubs have responded by developing programs for older adults. If an elderly person has been engaging in some activity such as gardening or walking, he or she can start at a health club immediately. Otherwise, it is better for him or her to see a doctor first.

7. We learn from the passage that health clubs

- A) are now being built especially for the needs of elderly people
- B) have members from different age groups these days
- C) no longer accept people who are young
- D) are the best places to exercise in
- E) have doctors working in them

8. We can understand from the passage that, for an old person,

- A) the most important reason to visit a health club is not fitness
- B) gardening or walking is better than going to a health club
- C) it is not safe to go to a health club which doesn't have a doctor
- D) joining a health club is the only way to stay fit
- E) going straight to a health club might not be safe

9. We can conclude from the passage that people aged 55 and over

- A) generally prefer gardening to walking
- B) should not actually go to health clubs
- C) have caused an increase in health club prices
- D) may soon make up more than 25% of health club memberships
- E) find the exercises at health clubs too difficult

10-12. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Drug-sniffing and bomb-sniffing dogs are a familiar part of law enforcement, but dogs which can detect dollars are less well-known. They are, however, important in preventing the profits from drug sales from leaving the United States. In order not to waste time on unsuspecting people, the dogs are trained to find only quantities of more than 500 separate dollar bills of any value. The dogs have different methods of alerting their handlers. In areas where luggage is stored, the dogs scratch at suspicious packages. Dogs working among crowds, though, will sit down next to a suspect person or package quietly, in order to avoid alerting the suspect.

10. We learn from the passage that dollar-sniffing dogs

- A) aren't as famous as drug- or bomb-sniffing dogs
- B) used to spend most of their time on unnecessary searches
- C) sometimes fail to alert their handlers when they are working in crowds
- D) have stopped the sale of drugs outside of the United States
- E) are not used in the same places as drug- or bomb-sniffing dogs

11. We can understand from the passage that dollar-sniffing dogs are trained

- A) in a place that is outside of the United States
- B) to be able to smell drugs or bombs in packages as well
- C) not to let the owner of a suspect package know that he or she is suspected
- D) to notice the smell of all different kinds of money
- E) to destroy any suspicious package that they find

12. We can conclude from the passage that dollar-sniffing dogs only look for large numbers of bills because

- A) they think that these quantities have an especially nice smell
- B) they want to earn a large amount of money for their masters
- C) they would like to be promoted to sniffing for drugs or bombs
- D) they aren't able to smell money unless there are over 500 separate bills
- E) many innocent people do not usually carry so many of them

Passages 4



1-3. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Harpes were used in ancient Egypt and Mesopotamia This kind of harp, now known as the folk harp, spread to many different cultures all over the world It may have been developed independently in some places The folk harp has long been very important in Irish and Scottish traditional music The folk harp is often played by beginners who want to move on to the pedal harp later, or by musicians who simply prefer its smaller size On the harp, each string produces only one note The shorter strings produce the higher notes and the longer the lower

1. We learn from the passage that the folk harp is
 - A) still used in Egypt and Mesopotamia
 - B) seen by some people as a stage in their musical development
 - C) as large as a pedal harp
 - D) the most common musical instrument in Ireland and Scotland
 - E) usually played on its own and not with other musical instruments
2. It is understood from the passage that, on the folk harp,
 - A) there are symbols which were used in ancient Egypt
 - B) there are some pedals which can change its sound
 - C) the shorter strings are played more than the longer ones
 - D) strings of different lengths produce different types of note
 - E) experienced musicians have problems making good music
3. We can conclude from the passage that the folk harp
 - A) is most often played by musicians who are not very big
 - B) produces a sound that is not similar to any other instrument
 - C) has been played in Ireland and Scotland for a long time
 - D) was introduced to Scotland by the Irish
 - E) is a more difficult instrument to play than the pedal harp

4-6. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Americans are waiting longer to get married, but they shouldn't wait too long Those people who get married between the ages of 23 and 27 are the most likely to have a happy marriage The average age for a first marriage in the US has been slowly moving upwards; it's now 26 for women and 27 for men In a recent survey, Americans were asked a number of questions about marriage and children According to the results, 88% of Americans think that marriage should last for the whole of a person's life.

4. It is clear from the passage that, in the US,
 - A) happy marriages are very uncommon
 - B) only 12% of the marriages end in divorce
 - C) people are marrying at higher ages than before
 - D) most marriages do not last very long
 - E) many people do not really want to get married
5. The writer of the passage advises Americans to
 - A) not delay too much before they marry
 - B) marry in order to have children
 - C) stay married for their entire lives
 - D) have no children until they are older than 27
 - E) be more patient before deciding to marry
6. The recent survey mentioned in the passage suggests that the majority of Americans
 - A) will remain unmarried
 - B) plan to get married before they are 27
 - C) will have fewer children in the future
 - D) are in unhappy marriages
 - E) believe in marriage for life

7-9. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Troy is a movie about the Trojan War. This war is described in Homer's poem the *Iliad* and in other Greek myths. However, there are no reliable historical documents which mention a war for Troy. The movie has earned \$133 million in the US. Because it had cost \$175 million to make, some people thought that the film was a financial failure. However, *Troy* took more than 70% of its earnings from outside of the US. *Troy* has received mixed reactions from reviewers and movie lovers. It was generally disliked by people who love the *Iliad*.

7. We can understand from the passage that the movie *Troy*

- A) is better than the *Iliad*
- B) made less money than it cost to make
- C) has a character called Homer
- D) was actually a financial success
- E) was not seen by lovers of the *Iliad*

8. It is understood from the passage that the *Iliad* is

- A) a poem about a war that never occurred
- B) not the only work to discuss the Trojan War
- C) more popular than the film *Troy*
- D) not read very much in the US
- E) the most accurate historical record of the Trojan War

9. We can conclude from the passage that the Trojan War

- A) possibly did not actually happen
- B) was one of the most costly in history
- C) is of no interest to historians
- D) was fought in by Homer
- E) is not a good topic for motion pictures

10-12. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

For a long time, computer games have been criticized for being bad for the brain. However, a new brain training game created by Dr. Ryuta Kawashima is changing that view. Activities in the game include solving simple mathematics problems, counting people going in and out of a house, drawing pictures on the screen, and reading classic literature into a microphone. Players are then given a brain age by the game. Over time, if a player achieves better scores, his or her brain age gets younger. Dr. Kawashima is a leading brain expert and best-selling author on brain training.

10. It is understood from the passage that Dr. Kawashima

- A) is not good at solving complex mathematics problems himself
- B) prefers classic literature to modern literature
- C) has made a computer game that may be good for the brain
- D) also works as a brain surgeon
- E) has one of the highest brain ages in the world

11. We learn from the passage that Dr. Kawashima

- A) tries to show that computer games are necessary for brain development
- B) works particularly with children
- C) has publications on brain training
- D) is also an author who writes interesting novels
- E) is the creator of other computer games as well

12. It is understood from the passage that a low brain age is

- A) easily achieved by computer games
- B) a sign of low intelligence
- C) bad for the brain
- D) a good thing to have
- E) very difficult to achieve

Passages 5



1-3. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Matmâta's fame comes from its unusual houses. Instead of building their houses upwards, the local Berbers dug them into the ground. In the middle, they left large courtyards open to the sky. Usually, each house is two storeys deep. One of these houses is now the Hotel Sidi Driss. This hotel appears as a home on another planet in two *Star Wars* movies. Matmâta is a great place to spend the night, and you should aim for one of the hotels which are traditional Berber houses. The conditions in them are basic, but acceptable.

1. The passage was apparently written

- A) by a *Star Wars* actor
- B) by a Berber
- C) in the Hotel Sidi Driss
- D) for tourists
- E) during the filming of a movie

2. We learn from the passage that the place in Matmâta which appears in two *Star Wars* films

- A) is a private home
- B) is not a luxury hotel
- C) is a movie theatre
- D) was built by Sidi Driss
- E) is the best hotel there

3. It is clear from the passage that most of the Berber houses of Matmâta

- A) are still in excellent condition
- B) have an upstairs and a downstairs
- C) can be seen in *Star Wars* movies
- D) have been abandoned
- E) are extremely dark to live in

4-6. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

When a person is stung by a jellyfish he or she may need first aid. Serious stings often cause severe shock, and so people who are stung must get out of the water to avoid drowning. When the victim is on land, using white vinegar on the wound will stop any remaining stinging cells from releasing their poison into the skin. In the case of stings on or around the eyes, vinegar may be placed on a towel and touched lightly around the eyes but not in them. It is important never to use fresh water or alcohol to wash the wound.

4. The passage suggests that vinegar ...

- A) is not good for the eyes
- B) is not as clean as fresh water
- C) can prevent jellyfish from stinging
- D) hurts the skin a lot
- E) stops a wound from bleeding

5. It is stated in the passage that jellyfish stings .

- A) have an alcohol-like effect
- B) do not occur in fresh water
- C) have enough poison to cause death
- D) can indirectly cause people's deaths
- E) may result in blindness

6. We can understand from the passage that alcohol

- A) is able to heal a jellyfish sting
- B) can kill jellyfish
- C) can be used in a person's eye
- D) is a type of poison
- E) makes jellyfish stings worse

7-9. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

During the 20th century, large holes were found in the ozone layer over the Arctic and Antarctic regions. However, this decline in ozone levels may have stopped now. Scientists are still cautious, however, and will need 10 more years before they can confirm this. In the mid-1970s, scientists discovered that the chemicals which had long been used in refrigeration and aerosols were destroying the ozone layer. They started to be replaced with different chemicals after an international agreement in 1987. The ozone layer is important because, without its protection, people are more likely to get skin cancer or certain other diseases.

7. We can conclude from the passage that the holes in the ozone layer
- A) have caused the Arctic and Antarctic to warm
 B) have worried countries around the world
 C) were caused by the introduction of new chemicals in the 1970s
 D) are actually getting bigger nowadays
 E) haven't been confirmed by scientists yet
8. It is stated in the passage that scientists
- A) are going to stop studying the ozone layer in ten years' time
 B) are cautious in the way they live their lives
 C) are not certain that the decline in ozone levels has actually stopped
 D) were against the agreement which was signed in 1987
 E) only started studying the atmosphere in the 20th century
9. It can be understood from the passage that the two holes in the ozone layer
- A) were caused by humans
 B) no longer exist
 C) are nothing to worry about
 D) will take 10 years to disappear
 E) are quite close to each other

10-12. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A tattooed mummy has just been found in Peru. Archaeologists say it is one of the best-ever remains from a civilization that ended more than 1,300 years ago. The mummy is a woman who was in her late twenties. It is believed that she was an elite member of the Moche tribe. The presence of fine items such as gold jewellery indicates that the woman was an important person. But the presence of weapons with her surprised the archaeological team. The archaeologists believe she had given birth at least once, but do not know how she died.

10. It is clear from the passage that the mummified woman
- A) is not particularly unusual
 B) had died 1,300 years earlier
 C) had been the female leader of the Moche tribe
 D) was wearing gold jewellery when she died
 E) had special markings on her body
11. We learn from the passage that, before the mummified woman died,
- A) she had probably been a mother
 B) she had spent most of her wealth on jewellery
 C) she had just given birth
 D) her civilization had collapsed
 E) she had just celebrated her twentieth birthday
12. It is understood from the passage that the archaeological team
- A) were trying to find evidence for the collapse of the Moche tribe
 B) do not know much about the Moche tribe
 C) didn't expect to find weapons with the mummy of a woman
 D) will soon find out how the woman died
 E) had been in the area for many years

Passages 6



1-3. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Joy Luck Club is a best-selling book by Amy Tan. Critics say that it is a novel, but Tan says that it is a collection of short stories. As well as being the title of the book, the "Joy Luck Club" is also a four-person club which involves, directly and indirectly, all of the characters in the story. The book is centred on the club's four Chinese immigrant women founders and their four American-born daughters. At the beginning of the book, Jing-mei "June" Woo's mother, Suyuan, has just died. June is invited by the other mothers to take Suyuan's seat in the club.

1. It is clear from the passage that Amy Tan's

.....

- A) favourite character in *The Joy Luck Club* is Jing-mei "June" Woo
- B) reason for writing *The Joy Luck Club* was the death of her own mother
- C) view of *The Joy Luck Club* is not accepted by everyone
- D) book *The Joy Luck Club* was not liked by critics
- E) place of birth was located somewhere in America

2. We can understand from the passage that, in the book, the "Joy Luck Club"

- A) does not meet again after the death of Suyuan
- B) eventually has all of the mothers and daughters as official members
- C) helps Chinese women who want to emigrate to America
- D) was set up by four women who had been born in China
- E) is a place where four women meet to create short stories

3. The passage suggests that *The Joy Luck Club*

- A) was popular with readers
- B) is based on a selection of true stories
- C) was the first book that Amy Tan wrote
- D) is a difficult book to understand
- E) was originally written in Chinese

4-6. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The flag of Colombia has three stripes which go across the flag from side to side. The original idea for the flag was based on the three primary colours. Yellow is warm and similar to light. Blue looks like a shadow and so it is calm. Red mixes the light with the shadow and so it is complete. In modern times, a different interpretation of the colours has been taught to school children: the yellow symbolizes the rich resources of the earth; the blue symbolizes the two separate oceans on Colombia's coasts, and red means the blood of the Colombian independence fighters that were killed.

4. It is clear from the passage that

- A) Colombia is a very wealthy country
- B) the middle stripe of the Colombian flag is red
- C) the primary colours are blue, red, and yellow
- D) the oceans do not benefit Colombia economically
- E) the blue on Colombia's flag is a light blue

5. The passage tells us that each colour on the flag of Colombia

- A) borders the two other colours on the flag
- B) was originally connected to the country
- C) looks bad next to the other colours
- D) is now linked to the history of the country
- E) has been given a new meaning recently

6. We can conclude from the passage that, in Colombia,

- A) the flag has been changed in recent times
- B) independence did not come without violence
- C) natural resources will soon be used up
- D) people prefer red to blue or yellow
- E) the education system works very well

7-9. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Insomnia is the inability to get enough sleep. It may be caused by poor sleeping conditions, stress, or physical or mental problems. Insomnia is not harmful if it doesn't happen very often. However, frequent insomnia may have harmful effects on the functioning of the body. Mild insomnia can sometimes be dealt with by improving sleeping conditions. Traditional cures such as warm baths or warm milk can also be effective. Severe insomnia may require the temporary use of medicines, or a visit to a psychiatrist. Repeatedly using sleeping pills is harmful, though, because it can lead to addiction.

7. It is stated in the passage that insomnia

..... .

- A) does not occur very often
- B) is mostly caused by psychological problems
- C) has no modern cure
- D) can be caused by a person's sleeping environment
- E) happens to people who are addicted to drugs

8. We learn from the passage that mild insomnia is

- A) not necessarily a difficult problem to solve
- B) something that psychiatrists do not understand
- C) most common in drinkers of warm milk
- D) sometimes caused by taking a warm bath
- E) not curable by sleeping pills

9. The author of the passage warns the reader that

- A) sleeping pills should not be used very often
- B) severe insomnia is impossible to cure
- C) insomniacs often become drug addicts
- D) mild insomnia can lead to severe insomnia
- E) insomnia is a growing problem

10-12. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

An illness that doctors are calling the "Sweet Strawberries Virus" is sweeping Portuguese schools. More than 300 children have complained of breathing difficulties and dizziness at fourteen schools in different parts of the country. Some of the schools have had to close. The problem began a few days after the popular teenage TV drama *Sweet Strawberries* broadcast an episode which showed a deadly virus at a school. Doctors believe that many of the children who watched it then feared their own small coughs were something serious. Other people, however, noticed that the illness began at the same time as end-of-year exams.

10. The passage implies that the "Sweet Strawberries Virus"

- A) has forced over fourteen schools to shut
- B) has also infected Portuguese doctors
- C) has made some teenage actors very ill
- D) may soon spread to other countries
- E) is mostly a psychological problem

11. It is understood from the passage that many Portuguese children

- A) have become ill from eating strawberries with sugar
- B) take days off from school in order to watch TV dramas
- C) only have school exams once a year
- D) like watching *Sweet Strawberries*
- E) suffer from their country's dry climate

12. We can conclude from the passage that some of the students who said that they had the "Sweet Strawberries Virus"

- A) were nearly killed by it
- B) may not be able to be cured
- C) were infected when they went to school
- D) just did not want to do their exams
- E) have spread it to older people

Passages 7



1-3. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The last living American survivor of the sinking of the legendary ocean liner *Titanic* has died. Lillian Asplund was 99 years old when she died in her sleep. Asplund was just 5 years old when the ship, which was claimed to be unsinkable, struck an iceberg on a voyage from Britain to the United States. It sank in the icy Atlantic Ocean on 15 April 1912. Asplund survived the disaster with her mother and three-year-old brother. But her father and three other brothers died. Her death leaves just two known *Titanic* survivors still alive. Neither of them have any memory of the disaster, though.

1. It is implied in the passage that Lillian Asplund
 - A) was the last person who had a personal memory of the sinking of the *Titanic*
 - B) was sleeping during the sinking of the *Titanic*
 - C) was living in Britain in the year 1912
 - D) was pulled out of the sea after the *Titanic* had sunk
 - E) was one of only three people who survived the sinking of the *Titanic*
2. It is understood from the passage that, when the *Titanic* sank,
 - A) Lillian Asplund was in America
 - B) the survivors climbed onto an iceberg
 - C) the water in the ocean was very cold
 - D) there weren't many passengers on it
 - E) it had only been at sea for one day
3. We learn from the passage that more than half
 - A) of the day of 15 April 1912 had passed when the *Titanic* sank
 - B) of the passengers on the *Titanic* were rescued
 - C) of the *Titanic*'s journey had passed before it sank
 - D) of the total survivors from the *Titanic* are still alive
 - E) of Lillian Asplund's close family died in the *Titanic* disaster

4-6. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Sicilian language is spoken on both the Italian island of Sicily and in southern Italy. It is different enough from standard Italian to be correctly considered as a separate language. Sicily is the largest island in the Mediterranean. That has made it a target for various powers for thousands of years. Many of these powers have controlled the island at different times. These occupations have influenced the Sicilian language. The language has taken vocabulary and sometimes grammatical forms from Greek, Arabic, French, Spanish, and of course Italian, amongst others.

4. It is stated in the passage that there isn't
 - A) a bigger island in the Mediterranean than Sicily
 - B) a strong connection between Sicily and Italy
 - C) a standard form of the Sicilian language
 - D) an easy way to cross from Sicily to southern Italy
 - E) a form of Italian which is spoken all over Italy
5. It can be understood from the passage that the Sicilian language
 - A) is the most widely spoken in the Mediterranean region
 - B) is also spoken by Greeks
 - C) can be understood by French people
 - D) is slightly similar to Italian
 - E) is actually a dialect of Italian
6. We can conclude from the passage that, at some time in Sicily's history,
 - A) the island was physically connected to southern Italy
 - B) the island was under the control of Arabic speakers
 - C) the island was divided up amongst different powers
 - D) the whole population of the island was killed
 - E) Spain attacked and destroyed the Greek-speakers on the island

7-9. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In some northern countries, there are freezing temperatures for much of the year. It therefore makes sense to adapt fridges in them so that they are connected to the outside. They could then use a simple fan to suck cold air into themselves. Instead, fridges are constantly wasting electricity in winter by trying to keep food cold in heated homes. Better use could also be made of the heat that comes out of the back of fridges. If this heat could be transferred to cold water, that water would need less energy to be heated fully for central heating, baths, or showers.

7. It is clear from the passage that fridges

- A) are not necessary in most northern countries
- B) produce cold but not heat
- C) do not use a lot of electricity
- D) are used to warm water for washing
- E) are not linked to outside in northern countries

8. It is implied in the passage that fridges

- A) use less energy than water heaters
- B) keep themselves cool by using fans
- C) cannot use outside air without being changed first
- D) are used more in northern countries than in southern ones
- E) should not be used in northern countries

9. We understand from the passage that, if an adapted fridge was used in a household in a country with very cold weather,

- A) the people in the house would save some money
- B) it would make the house too cold to live in
- C) a fan would still be needed to keep the house cool
- D) the family would not have to pay their electricity bills
- E) it would break when the weather became warmer

10-12. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A manuscript is the correct term for any document written by hand. However, information may be recorded by hand in other ways than in manuscripts. For example, inscriptions are writings that are scratched into rock. The Sumerians made notes on tablets of soft clay, whereas the Romans used tablets of wax. Before the invention of printing, all written documents had to be both produced and reproduced by hand. This took a great deal of time. In the Western world, for many centuries, manuscripts were written without spaces between the words. This has made them especially hard for untrained people to read.

10. One point emphasized in the passage is that

- A) manuscripts are no longer made in the Western world
- B) not everything that is recorded by hand is a manuscript
- C) printing was invented to speed up the reproduction of documents
- D) for hundreds of years in the Western world few people could read
- E) writing on tablets is quicker than making inscriptions

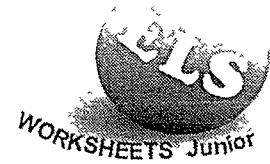
11. The passage suggests that the Romans

- A) were the people who first used printing
- B) used different material for note-taking than the Sumerians
- C) took tablets when they needed them
- D) left most of their writings in the form of inscriptions
- E) were the descendants of the Sumerians

12. We can conclude from the passage that printing

- A) involves the use of wax
- B) was first invented in the Western world
- C) can produce more manuscripts than the old method
- D) has made documents more difficult to read than before
- E) was much faster than producing manuscripts

Passages 8



1-3. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Most American children under six years of age watch TV for about two hours in a typical day. One-third live in homes where the TV is on most of the time. Even for babies, a TV in the bedroom isn't rare, despite doctors warning that they shouldn't watch it at all. It is not that children demand to watch TV and their parents try to prevent them. Instead, a generation of parents raised on TV is encouraging the early use of it by their own children. These parents say TV teaches the ABCs, while they themselves don't have the time.

1. The passage informs us that some American parents

- A) keep the only TV of their house in their baby's room
- B) think of the TV as an educational tool
- C) prefer watching TV to looking after their children
- D) refuse to have a TV in their house
- E) spend most of their day in front of the TV

2. It is clear from the passage that watching TV

- A) is not something that is good for babies
- B) is the main pastime of most Americans
- C) is a good way for a child to learn
- D) makes babies fall asleep
- E) is not recommended by doctors at all

3. The passage emphasizes the point that, in America,

- A) children watch less TV during the week than at weekends
- B) every house has at least one TV
- C) children are not being educated properly
- D) some parents let their young children watch a lot of TV
- E) 33% of families have children under the age of six

4-6. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Swimming with dolphins helps people with mild to moderate depression. Dolphins are very intelligent animals, and they regard humans positively. Dolphin therapy is already used to help children who have various problems. People with depression often have problems with other humans, so they isolate themselves. However, humans need to touch and be connected to others. This is also true for many different mammals, so it is possible for humans to form positive relationships with them. The nurse Elaine Smith has the same opinion. She therefore started training dogs to work in old people's homes and mental institutions.

4. We learn from the passage that depressed people

- A) pass their depression on to their children
- B) are happier with dolphins than with other animals
- C) frequently withdraw from contact with other people
- D) often buy themselves dogs in order not to be alone
- E) go into their deepest depressions when they are old

5. It is understood from the passage that Elaine Smith

- A) is one of the residents of an old people's home
- B) is a person who has mild to moderate depression
- C) has spent time swimming with dolphins herself
- D) owns a dog that is suffering from depression
- E) believes in the benefits of human contact with certain mammals

6. The passage makes the point that dolphins

- A) can also suffer from depression
- B) look at people in a good way
- C) have the same intelligence as dogs
- D) inspired Elaine Smith to help others
- E) can swim better than humans

7-9. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Giuseppe Garibaldi was an Italian nationalist and soldier. He personally led many of the military campaigns that created a free and unified Italy. At the age of 25, he became a member of the secret movement Young Italy. When he joined, he swore that he would dedicate his life to the liberation of Italy from Austrian control. Towards the end of his life, he moved towards pacifism. His experiences had taught him that wars were rarely right. He was different from most European leaders at that time, because he believed in racial equality.

7. It is suggested in the passage that, in later years, Garibaldi's life experiences

- A) changed his view of military conflicts
- B) strengthened his belief in the superiority of Italians
- C) encouraged him to become a teacher
- D) led him to leave Italy for Austria
- E) made him hate other European people

8. The passage implies that, throughout Europe in Garibaldi's lifetime,

- A) pacifism was a popular ideology
- B) there was little support for a united Italy
- C) Austria was the most powerful nation
- D) most of the rulers were racists
- E) there was only one secret society

9. We can conclude from the passage that Garibaldi's

- A) opinions remained similar throughout his life
- B) later views were the same as other Italians'
- C) promise to Young Italy was achieved
- D) personality was an aggressive one
- E) love for Italy declined in his old age

10-12. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The rupee is the common name for the different currencies used in almost all of the countries of South Asia. The same money was also used in British India. During the late 19th century, the money in Britain was tied to the value of gold. This was known as the gold standard. At the same time, Britain forced India to remain on the silver standard. Large new discoveries of silver were made around the world. This meant that the value of silver dropped. Indian products then became cheaper in Britain, but British products became more expensive in India. The effects on India were severe.

10. We learn from the passage that, in South Asia,

- A) a huge amount of silver was found in the late 19th century
- B) Britain's rule ended in the 19th century
- C) the currencies are still tied to the silver standard
- D) British goods are the most favoured imports
- E) the rupee is the most commonly used currency

11. We can understand from the passage that the value of silver

- A) has been the same since the late 19th century
- B) always has the same relationship to the value of gold
- C) was at its highest in the early 19th century
- D) has a connection with the amount of silver in use
- E) has often been higher than the value of gold

12. It can be concluded from the passage that the British kept India on the silver standard

- A) for the benefit of Britain
- B) for the good of India
- C) to sell more local goods in India
- D) to strengthen India's economy
- E) because silver was very valuable there

After / Before

- The aim of the game is to find an unknown word by guessing where it comes in the dictionary.
- First, Player 1 thinks of a four-letter word.
- Each of the other players then attempt to guess that person's word by suggesting another legitimate four-letter word.
- After each guess, Player 1 tells the other players whether that word is **"before"** or **"after"** their word in the dictionary.
- Slowly, after a series of guesses, the area of the alphabet where the word is located is narrowed down until someone correctly identifies the word.

e.g. Unknown Word: X X X X

"Good " — "After."
"Walk." — "Before "
"Make." — "After."
"Talk." — "After."
"Wait." — "Before."
"User." — "After."
"Very." — "Before."
"Vary." — "After "
"Verb." — "Correct!"



- In many cases, the students will not guess the word as quickly as in the example. But the aim of this game in language teaching is to give students the opportunity to recall general vocabulary and become clearer about spelling, as well as pronunciation (*e.g. in the example, the distinction between "very" and "vary"*).
- If it starts to get difficult, students may be encouraged to look up words in their dictionaries. If they use words that you suspect they don't know the meaning of, you can ask them what they mean and thus help them increase their vocabulary.

HAVE FUN!

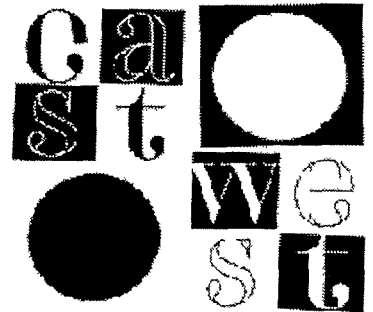
Doublets / Word-Golf

“Doublets” was the name given by Lewis Carroll—the author of *Alice’s Adventures in Wonderland*—to a word puzzle of his own invention. It made its first appearance in 1879, in the pages of a magazine called *Vanity Fair*, and it has been a popular form of word puzzle ever since. It was also called “Word-Golf” by the writer Vladimir Nabokov.

- The aim of the game is to make one word change into another by changing only one letter at a time.
- Each intermediate word must be a word you can find in the dictionary.

e.g. Can you make the sun go from **EAST** to **WEST**?

Answer: EAST - PAST - PEST - WEST
or EAST - VAST - VEST - WEST



- Below are some more examples. Try and see if you can change one word into another. Some of them may take quite a few changes. There are many different solutions to these, but the aim, like golf, is to reach the new word in as few changes as possible.

1. Can you get the **TEA** into the **POT**? _____
2. Can you transform a **CAT** into a **DOG**? _____
3. Is it possible for an **APE** to turn into a **MAN**? _____
4. Can you turn **MICE** into **RATS**? _____
5. Can you make a **SHIP** turn into a **DOCK**? _____
6. It's **COLD**. Can you make it **WARM**? _____
7. Can you turn **HATE** into **LOVE**? _____
8. Can you make **FOUR** into **FIVE**? _____

- Try and make up some of your own Doublets and try them on your classmates.

UNIT 8 / a

Inventions



Look at the list of inventions given on page 70 in ELS-WORKSHEETS Junior and make comparisons between the inventions below by using the words in italics.

1. *both / 17th century / invent* — steam engine; telescope

2. *neither / 1980s / invent* — computer mouse; DVD

3. *both / war / use* — cannon; military tank

4. *neither / large / be* — ballpoint pen; toothbrush

5. *both / see / use* — eyeglasses; telescope

6. *neither / gasoline / use* — battery; bicycle

7. *both / wheels / have* — bicycle; cannon

8. *neither / electricity / need* — fire extinguisher; thermometer

9. *both / save time / use* — electric stove; microwave oven

10. *either / river / use to cross* — steamboat; suspension bridge



Make sentences about the inventions from page 70 given below by using the conjunctions in italics and appropriate forms of the verb "invent". For the conjunction "when", also use the verb in italics.

1. *before* — bicycle; submarine

2. *when / see* — telescope

3. *until* — steamboat; steam engine

4. *by the time* — steamboat; submarine

5. *after* — battery; electric stove

6. *before* — Braille system; movable type printing press

7. *by the time* — eyeglasses; movable type printing press

8. *before* — computer mouse; World Wide Web

9. *when / read* — Braille system

10. *after* — microwave oven, videocassette recorder



Match the following inventions with an appropriate verb in the box below. Then, using a time conjunction such as *after*, *before*, etc., together with the Past Simple and Past Perfect tenses, try to make a sentence about each of the inventions.

1. agriculture
2. computer
3. e-mail
4. fire extinguisher
5. map
6. paperclip
7. plastic surgery
8. pocket watch
9. soap
10. telephone
11. thermometer
12. toothbrush
13. videocassette recorder
14. wheel
15. World Wide Web

- | |
|--------------|
| a) attach |
| b) calculate |
| c) change |
| d) clean |
| e) find |
| f) look up |
| g) measure |
| h) move |
| i) plant |
| j) put out |
| k) schedule |
| l) send |
| m) talk |
| n) wash |
| o) watch |

UNIT 8 / b

Inventions



Rubik's Cube

Rubik's Cube is a mechanical puzzle that was created by the Hungarian sculptor and architect Ernő Rubik. He was interested in geometry and 3-D forms. He created the Cube in 1974 as the "Magic Cube." He got a patent the next year, but it was not released to Budapest toy shops until 1977. Its popularity in Hungary grew greatly in the late 1970s. By the time it began to be sold internationally in 1980, it had been renamed "Rubik's Cube." In the next two years, over 100 million Cubes were sold, and a 1981 book that helped people solve the Cube even became a bestseller. There were many contests in "speed cubing", currently, the record is 11.13 seconds. Before the popularity of the Cube fell, Ernő Rubik had become communist Hungary's first self-made millionaire.

1. It is stated in the passage that Ernő Rubik
 - A) was Hungary's first rich person
 - B) named the Rubik's Cube after himself
 - C) had an interest in mathematics
 - D) believed in the ideas of Communism
 - E) set the record for "speed cubing"
2. It is clear from the passage that the Rubik's Cube
 - A) is sold only in Budapest toy shops
 - B) is internationally known as the "Magic Cube"
 - C) was not Ernő Rubik's only invention
 - D) generally takes fewer than 15 seconds to solve
 - E) sold best between 1980 and 1982
3. We learn from the passage that the Rubik's Cube
 - A) is no longer played today
 - B) has over 100 million different forms
 - C) was 1981's best-selling toy
 - D) brought its inventor a lot of money
 - E) is quite easy to solve

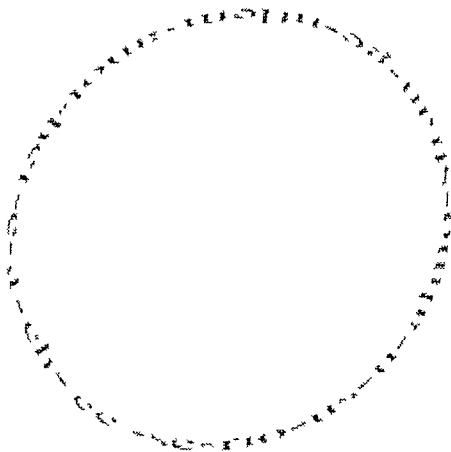
Sound Film

In the early 20th century, two problems slowed sound film's development. First, the pictures and sound were recorded and played back on different devices, so synchronization was difficult. Second, films were shown in large cinemas, but sound technology was not advanced enough to fill these large spaces. The first problem was solved in 1923, when American Lee De Forest showed "Phonofilm" to the public. He had invented it four years before. It recorded picture and sound at the same time on the same strip of film. The second problem was solved in 1925, when Western Electric created better electronic audio. Now, film producers realized that they could make cheap and quality sound films. *The Jazz Singer* (1927) was the first full-length "talkie", and became a great success. Because of this success, only two years after this film had appeared, silent films mostly disappeared.

4. We learn from the passage that sound film
 - A) was first created by Western Electric
 - B) originally had synchronization problems
 - C) was originally shown only in small cinemas
 - D) played at very slow speeds in the early 20th century
 - E) was originally very cheap to produce
5. It is stated in the passage that "Phonofilm" ...
 - A) put picture and sound in the same place
 - B) was first created in the year 1923
 - C) used an electronic audio recording process
 - D) played back picture and sound on different devices
 - E) was both cheap and of very high quality
6. According to the passage, *The Jazz Singer* ...
 - A) was cheaply made but very good
 - B) was an especially short film
 - C) was produced by Western Electric
 - D) helped to cause the end of silent films
 - E) starred the American Lee De Forest

Make the Chain

- This is a game that is a variation on the “**first letter-last letter game**” you may know
- In this game, students attempt to make a long chain of words that hopefully returns to the start. This is done by using at least two letters from the end of the last word to start the next word in the chain until at least two of the last letters are the same as the first one



e.g. In the example on the left, the word is *cheese*

More easily seen as

*cheese - serious - usual - almost - strange - gentleman
- another - here (here) - reach - cheese*

However, you can sometimes find shorter routes to the end

e.g. *cheese - search!*

- Try to find links between words as above, so as to get back to the first word with as few words as possible.

- 1 start _____
2. team _____
3. reduce _____
4. shout _____
- 5 radical _____
- 6 entrance _____
- 7 ghetto _____
- 8 loathe _____
- 9 ankle _____
- 10 open _____
- 11 alpha _____
- 12 English _____

- Try to come up with your own chainwords

The Odd One Out



In the following questions, find the sentence that doesn't fit in with the others.

- (I) Halide Edip Adivar is best known as a Turkish novelist (II) But she was more than just a novelist she was also a social activist (III) At the time, women had a very low status in Halide Edip's society (IV) Her most famous novel, *Sinekli Bakkal*, was originally published in English. (V) In both her life and her novels, Halide Edip spoke out against this injustice
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
- (I) The anthropologist could not understand what the man was saying (II) He was talking excitedly, and kept pointing to the bracelet she was wearing (III) It was made of metal and wound like a snake around her wrist (IV) She hadn't expected to encounter such a big snake at the site (V) Perhaps, she thought, it had some religious importance for the man's tribe
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
- (I) In Britain today, the influence of the Romans is evident in many ways (II) For example, long, straight, tree-lined avenues in the countryside date back centuries to the Roman era (III) Also, many towns and villages still keep the original names given to them by the Roman conquerors (IV) Some of these names are abbreviated on car number plates, too, to indicate their area of origin (V) Yet some people like to seem different, and so personalize the number plates of their cars
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
- (I) Solar power isn't a very recent phenomenon at all (II) Even in the 1930s, for instance, solar water heating systems were being made and installed (III) The costs of installing a solar energy system are very high, but it has a lot of advantages (IV) However, solar energy didn't come into wide use until just recently (V) Today, more and more solar heating systems are being designed, especially for large buildings like schools, offices, and hotels
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
- (I) At about nine o'clock, my wife and I were just finishing our dinner (II) At that moment, there was a knock at our front door (III) We were both surprised (IV) You see, our house is outside the town, and we hardly ever get visitors so late in the evening (V) It was Sam and Pamela, whom we d invited for a bridge party after dinner
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
- (I) In many large cities, there are a huge number of clothes shops (II) Being the manager of a clothes shop is not always an easy job (III) In most cases, you have to work long hours without extra pay (IV) Besides this, you are also responsible for the smooth running of operations (V) Another problem is that, when everything goes well, no one seems to notice your work, but, when anything goes wrong, everyone blames you
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
- (I) Music was a strong tradition in Steve's family (II) His mother and father, for example, had been in a jazz quartet for many years (III) His grandfather was also an active member of a local charity group (IV) Despite this tradition, Steve was, from an early age, much more interested in electronics (V) In fact, he decided that, at university, he wanted to study electrical engineering
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
- (I) The heavy rains started early in the morning (II) I have always loved the rain, though (III) At lunchtime, it was still pouring down all over the city (IV) Several accidents had been caused by the wet road conditions (V) Even worse, the weather report said the rains would continue all week
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
- (I) In recent decades, people have become more aware of the threat to our environment (II) People's ignorance of environmental problems has made the situation even worse (III) Some concerned people have formed environmental protection groups, like Friends of the Earth and Greenpeace (IV) Also, governments have begun to pass laws to limit pollution (V) These measures may not be enough, but they are a good start
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
- (I) At present, 80% of Turkey's soil is under threat from erosion (II) This threat exists mainly because of excessive farming and extreme weather conditions (III) Turkey's being on a major earthquake belt is another threat (IV) Turkey is high on the list of countries that are suffering from this problem (V) Official figures show that the country loses about 500 million tons of soil every year due to erosion
A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

Find the Missing Sentence 1

In the following questions, find the missing sentence of the passage.

1. Students learning English must learn the many different meanings that modals express.; in others, they are very subtle. Nevertheless, it is important for the students to learn these meanings, because they will enable them to express what they are thinking and feeling more precisely.
 - A) They should be aware of the fact that each modal has its own basic meaning
 - B) In some instances, the differences in meaning are easy to understand
 - C) Modals are frequently used when we want to be exact in expressing our feelings
 - D) The use of the wrong modal may make the speaker appear rude
 - E) For example, the modal "can" expresses ability, permission, and possibility
2. The story of the unmade film *Atuk* is about a Yupik Eskimo hunter who is trying to adapt to life in New York City. But recently, Hollywood finally decided to stop developing the film. All four of the actors who showed interest in the film died unnatural deaths: John Belushi in 1982, Sam Kinison in 1992, John Candy in 1994, and Chris Farley in 1997. Because of this series of deaths, *Atuk* has become known as a cursed film.
 - A) There was a very strange and unexpected reason for this decision
 - B) The story is based on the 1963 novel *The Incomparable Atuk* by Mordecai Richler
 - C) The Yupik are an Eskimo people who mostly live in western Alaska in the United States
 - D) The main concern of Hollywood producers, in general, seems to be profit
 - E) *Atuk's* story deals with racism and other problems of modern society
3. Men used to think of themselves as the breadwinners, and therefore the heads, of their households. Now, instead, many educated young people see marriage and setting up a home as things that both partners must be equally involved in.
 - A) The sons were not much different from their fathers, either
 - B) Few men really know how to control a house
 - C) This has become an outdated view, however
 - D) Many religions operated in a similar manner
 - E) But economic troubles forced many women to work
4. The medina is the old walled city of the Libyan capital of Tripoli, and is one of the classical sites of the Mediterranean region. At that time, the city's walls were also constructed, as protection against attacks. During the Roman period and later, these walls survived many attempted invasions.
 - A) The Phoenician name for the city was Oea, and in Arabic it is called Tarabulus
 - B) Many elements of Western culture and civilization originated in the Mediterranean region
 - C) Today, the population of the city of Tripoli is almost two million
 - D) In 1986, the city was attacked from the air by the United States military
 - E) The basic street plan of the medina was designed during the Roman Empire
5. The first sunglasses were invented in 1885, but not for the sake of fashion: Then, in 1936, Ray-Ban sunglasses started to become fashionable, and the rest is history.
 - A) they were made for the blind, and for the drivers of cars
 - B) nowadays, however, stylish people always wear sunglasses
 - C) they were produced in very large numbers
 - D) therefore, they became a fashion accessory almost immediately
 - E) today's glasses come in a huge variety of colours and shapes
6.; however, it wasn't always like this. In the 1950s, for instance, many women used to wear thin high heels, which could often be dangerous and unhealthy. Still, they were better than some 16th-century shoes, which could reach about 50 centimetres in height.
 - A) Footwear as fashion is mainly a female thing
 - B) Dangerously high heels have become fashionable again
 - C) Followers of fashion change their shoes every season
 - D) Most women today prefer the comfort of flat shoes
 - E) It's not easy to match your shoes to your clothes

Find the Missing Sentence 2

In the following questions, find the missing sentence of the passage.

1. You can, for instance, lose yourself in a movie or a book, or take a brief trip for a change of scene. Just allowing yourself to suffer is a kind of self-punishment, not a way to solve a problem. But if you somehow get away for a time, you will be better prepared to deal with your difficulty, because you will be in a better state both mentally and emotionally.

 - A) It's always nice to relax by sitting down to watch a good movie
 - B) Pastimes that are mentally tiring may not be good for you
 - C) There are a number of different hobbies that people do in their free time
 - D) When you are bored with life, it's best to take a trip somewhere
 - E) Sometimes, it helps to escape from a painful problem for a while
2. It was Christmastime, and Sue had finished doing her Christmas shopping. When it finally arrived, it was already full because everyone else had been shopping, too. The two children in front of Sue in the queue got on, but then the driver said, "Sorry, miss, no more room."

 - A) It had already got dark by the time she finished shopping
 - B) Now, with lots of shopping bags, she was waiting for the bus to go home
 - C) She saw the long queue at the bus stop and decided to hire a taxi
 - D) When she finished shopping, she went to the cafe to meet a friend
 - E) There was a bit of snow on the ground, and everything felt very peaceful
3. As children, we were always looking for adventure. We were romantics, and hoped to find a request for help from a poor sailor trapped on a desert island. Sadly, though, our wishes never came true: we never had the chance to save a sailor in distress.

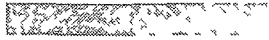
 - A) But we never found it, because we rarely even left the house
 - B) Tales of action and adventure are common in all cultures
 - C) We used to spend hours on the beach in search of bottles with messages inside
 - D) The first messages in bottles were made about 310 BC by the Greek philosopher Theophrastus
 - E) Then our ship sunk and we had to swim to a small island nearby
4. When I spotted Canan in the crowd in front of me, I crossed the street to avoid her. I just wasn't in the mood to listen to her gossip. Now, I knew that my only choice was to talk to her. And this was only the beginning of a very bad day for me.

 - A) I quickly went into the nearest shop and hid myself behind a shelf
 - B) She especially likes talking about the love lives of her coworkers
 - C) Unfortunately, she saw me, and began to come towards me
 - D) I wasn't really keen to look at her face, either
 - E) Sometimes she can be pleasant, but usually she is just annoying
5. Listening is in many ways more difficult than reading. One reason for this is that the reader has the opportunity to stop, look up a word, and think about what he or she is reading. Also, the reader can choose to slow down if the information is dense.

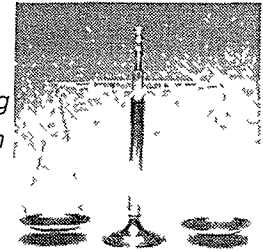
 - A) Despite this, many people prefer reading and writing to speaking and listening
 - B) Listening to people on the telephone can be more difficult
 - C) Understanding the context of a word is vital, too
 - D) The listener, though, lacks all these advantages
 - E) But sometimes there is far too much information
6. Instead, research shows that the most common reaction is to go to one's room to get dressed. People often spend time collecting valuables as well. However, people must remember that any delay in such a situation risks death.

 - A) In a real house fire, surprisingly few people try to escape immediately
 - B) Smoke detectors can serve as excellent fire prevention devices
 - C) Most schools regularly hold fire drills to rehearse the school's fire escape route
 - D) A large fire in a very tall building can easily turn into a great disaster
 - E) In case of fire please proceed calmly to the indicated fire exit doors

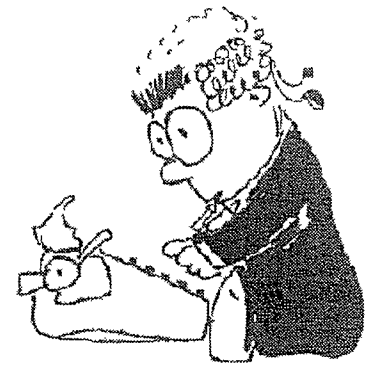
Transatlantic Synonyms



Mostly, it's fairly easy for a British-English speaker to understand an American-English speaker, and vice-versa. Sometimes, though, certain words can prove confusing. Help Billy Bob, who is from Smackover, Arkansas, USA, to understand Tarquin, who is talking us through his preparations for a trip away to Wales, by replacing the words in bold with their American-English equivalents.



Hi, I'm Tarquin. I'm a **solicitor**, and I live in a **flat** in Upton Snodsbury in Worcestershire above a **chemist's**. I'm going on **holiday** today, so I have to empty all the **rubbish** out of the bin. I had better pack my **smart waistcoat**, and a **pullover** in case it gets cold, and I'll need some **trousers**, too. I ought to take a snack for the journey, perhaps some **biscuits** and **crisps** and some **jam** sandwiches. Oh, and some **serviettes** if things get a bit messy. I hope I don't get too much **post** while I'm away. I always get lots of other people's letters addressed to the wrong **postal code**. There isn't a **car park** around here, so my car is parked outside next to the **pavement**. I should check the oil under the **bonnet** of the car and clean the **windscreen** of my car, too. I'll put my bags in the **boot** of the car and check that I have a **torch** and some **plasters**, in case of emergencies. We've **hired** a fancy **caravan** in Rhyl. It even has its own **WC**. Sorry, I forgot to say that my friend Sarah is coming along too, with her baby, Kylie. I hope there's enough room for the baby's **pram** in the car, and no doubt she'll have mountains of disposable **nappies** with her and hopefully a **dummy** to keep the baby relaxed during the journey. I hope everything is going to be okay. The last time we all went on holiday together, Sarah and I had a big **row** over a tin of **maize** while we were standing in a **queue** outside the cinema. I do hope we get there in time for the big **football match** on TV tonight. Maybe we should take the **flyover** to the **motorway** in order to avoid the heavy **lorries**—it'll be quicker. Well, here goes. Oh, no! I've forgotten to fill the car up with **petrol**.



- | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| <i>apartment</i> _____ | <i>gas</i> _____ | <i>parking lot</i> _____ |
| <i>argument</i> _____ | <i>highway</i> _____ | <i>rent</i> _____ |
| <i>baby carriage</i> _____ | <i>hood</i> _____ | <i>sidewalk</i> _____ |
| <i>band-aid</i> _____ | <i>jelly</i> _____ | <i>soccer</i> _____ |
| <i>bathroom</i> _____ | <i>lawyer</i> _____ | <i>sweater</i> _____ |
| <i>can</i> _____ | <i>line</i> _____ | <i>trash can</i> _____ |
| <i>chips</i> _____ | <i>mail</i> _____ | <i>truck</i> _____ |
| <i>cookies</i> _____ | <i>mobile home</i> _____ | <i>trunk</i> _____ |
| <i>corn</i> _____ | <i>movie theater</i> _____ | <i>vacation</i> _____ |
| <i>diaper</i> _____ | <i>napkin</i> _____ | <i>vest</i> _____ |
| <i>drugstore</i> _____ | <i>nice</i> _____ | <i>windshield</i> _____ |
| <i>flashlight</i> _____ | <i>overpass</i> _____ | <i>zip code</i> _____ |
| <i>game</i> _____ | <i>pacifier</i> _____ | |
| <i>garbage</i> _____ | <i>pants</i> _____ | |

UNIT 17

Phrasal Verbish



Unscramble the clue words given below and write the correct phrasal verb in the boxes. Use the letters in boxes for the final message. Then match the phrasal verbs to their meanings given below.

RUNT NODW	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
URN VORE	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
TGE NAGLO	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
RNU TONI	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
CEMO NOUDR	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
LACL FOF	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
KECHC NI	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
HECRE PU	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
TUNOC NO	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
GO GTRUHHO	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
TEG WAYA	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
LALF TAPRA	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
KEAM FRO	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
CIPK TUO	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> S	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> S
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- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. visit _____ | 8. have a good relationship _____ |
| 2. depend on _____ | 9. examine carefully _____ |
| 3. break into pieces _____ | 10. register _____ |
| 4. select _____ | 11. cancel _____ |
| 5. refuse _____ | 12. make happy _____ |
| 6. escape _____ | 13. hit someone with a vehicle _____ |
| 7. meet by chance _____ | 14. to go towards _____ |

ELS - WORKSHEETS JUNIOR

ANSWER KEY TO TEACHER'S FILE

Doublets/Word-Golf

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| 1. TEA-PEA-PET-POT | 5. SHIP-SLIP-SLAP-SOAP-SOAK-SOCK-DOCK |
| 2. CAT-COT-DOT-DOG | 6. COLD-CORD-WORD-WORM-WARM |
| 3. APE-APT-OPT-OAT-MAT-MAN | 7. HATE-HAVE-HIVE-LIVE-LOVE |
| 4. MICE-MITE-MATE-RATE-RATS | 8. FOUR-FOUL-FOOL-FOOT-FORT-FORE-FIRE-FIVE |

Make the Chain

- 1.start-artist 2.team-amputate 3.reduce-centre 4.shout-outlandish 5.radical-algebra 6.entrance-cement 7.ghetto-tough
8.loathe-hello 9.ankle-lean 10.open-envelope 11.alpha-habitual 12.English-shaken

Transatlantic Synonyms

apartment — flat argument — row baby carriage — pram band-aid — plaster bathroom — WC can — tin cookies — biscuits corn — maize diaper — nappy drugstore — chemist's	flashlight — torch game — match garbage — rubbish gas — petrol highway — motorway hood — bonnet jelly — jam lawyer — solicitor line — queue mail — post	mobile home — caravan movie theater — cinema napkin — serviette nice — smart overpass — flyover pacifier — dummy pants — trousers parking lot — car park chips — crisps rent — hire	sidewalk — pavement soccer — football sweater — pullover trash can — bin truck — lorry trunk — boot vacation — holiday vest — waistcoat windshield — windscreen zip code — postal code
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Unit 8/a

- A.** 1.Both the steam engine and the telescope were invented in the 17th century 2.Neither the computer mouse nor the DVD was invented in the 1980s 3.Both cannon and the military tank are used for war 4.Neither a ballpoint pen nor a toothbrush is large 5.Both eyeglasses and the telescope are used to see 6.Neither a battery nor a bicycle uses gasoline 7.Both a bicycle and a cannon have wheels 8.Neither a fire extinguisher nor a thermometer need electricity 9.Both an electric stove and a microwave oven are used to save time 10.Either a steamboat or a suspension bridge is used to cross a river
- B.** 1.The submarine was invented before the bicycle 2.When the telescope was invented, people were able to see distant objects in space 3.There were no steamboats until the steam engine was invented 4.By the time the steamboat was invented, the submarine had already been invented 5.The electric stove was invented after the battery 6.The movable type printing press was invented long before the Braille system 7.By the time eyeglasses were invented, the movable type printing press had already been invented 8.The computer mouse had been invented before the World Wide Web was developed. 9.When the Braille system was invented, it became possible for blind people to read 10.The videocassette recorder was invented after the microwave oven
- C.** 1.agriculture / plant 2.computer / calculate 3.e-mail / send 4.fire extinguisher / put out 5.map / find 6.paperclip / attach 7.plastic surgery / change 8.pocket watch / schedule 9.soap / wash 10.telephone / talk 11.thermometer / measure 12.toothbrush / clean 13.videocassette recorder / watch 14.wheel / move 15.World Wide Web / look up

Unit 8/b 1.C 2.E 3.D 4.B 5.A 6.D

The Odd One Out

1.D 2.D 3.E 4.C 5.E 6.A 7.C 8.B 9.B 10.C

Find the Missing Sentence 1

1.B 2.A 3.C 4.E 5.A 6.D

English in Dialogues 1

1.C 2.B 3.D 4.A 5.B 6.D 7.E 8.A 9.C 10.D

English in Dialogues 3

1.D 2.C 3.A 4.B 5.E 6.B 7.A 8.E 9.D 10.A

Find the Missing Sentence 2

1.E 2.B 3.C 4.C 5.D 6.A

English in Dialogues 2

1.E 2.E 3.B 4.A 5.D 6.A 7.E 8.C 9.B 10.B

English in Dialogues 4

1.A 2.D 3.C 4.B 5.E 6.A 7.C 8.B 9.D 10.E

Unit 17 Phrasal Verbish

- 1.visit—come round 2.depend on—count on 3.break into pieces—fall apart 4.select—pick out 5.refuse—turn down 6.escape—get away 7.meet by chance—run into 8.have a good relationship—get along 9.examine carefully—go through 10.register—check in 11.cancel—call off 12.make happy—cheer up 13.hit someone with a vehicle—run over 14.to go towards—make for
(Key phrase: THAT WAS EASY)

QUIZZES

QUIZ 1/A) 1 C 2 A 3 C 4 C 5 B 6 D 7 A 8 B 9 C 10 D 11 B 12 A 13 D 14 D 15 C 16 B 17 A 18 C 19 C 20 B

- B) 1.Arzu lost the earrings which were given to her on her birthday last month 2.If I were good at maths, I could help you with your homework 3.Cengiz will water the houseplants tomorrow before he does the shopping 4.A student who skipped school to go to a football match has been punished 5.If only you knew how to spell *mudâhale* you wouldn't lose the spelling contest 6.Meliha would apply for the job if she liked the company 7. After he practises the drums for a year, Koray will join a rock band 8.That tall girl who is walking with Ulaş is in my class 9.If you leave your backpack on the chair, it may be stolen 10.If Nilay didn't work late in the evenings, she would have time to play with her children
C) 1 C 2 D 3 A 4 A 5 B 6 A 7 C 8 D 9 B 10 C
D) 1 B 2 D 3 C 4 C 5 B 6 A 7 A 8 D

QUIZ 2/A) 1 A 2 B 3 D 4 B 5 C 6 C 7 B 8 A 9 D 10 A 11 C 12 D 13 D 14 A 15 C 16 B 17 C 18 D 19 A 20 B

- B) 1.I like the dress which Canan is wearing right now 2.Neither Murat nor his wife, Gulsun, smokes 3.Şebnem must be taken to the doctor immediately if she's got a 40° fever 4.I was given this address by a woman who I talked to on the plane last week 5.After Şeyda and Tuğba (had) finished their work, they went out for a drink 6.I find both working outdoors and working with other people uncomfortable 7.If I had a car, I could give you a lift to the train station 8.Michael ate (had eaten) all the cake before his parents got home 9.The film which we watched last night had both lots of action and lots of special effects 10.By the time Mehmet arrived at the cafe, Ayşe had already left
C) 1 C 2 B 3 C 4 A 5 D 6 C 7 B 8 B 9 A 10 C
D) 1 B 2 C 3 A 4 D 5 A 6 B 7 C 8 A

QUIZ 3/A) 1 B 2 D 3 C 4 C 5 A 6 D 7 B 8 C 9 D 10 A 11 C 12 B 13 A 14 B 15 B 16 D 17 C 18 A 19 D 20 C

B) 1. Osman told his mum not to wait for him for dinner, because he was going to eat out with his friends 2. Birsen told Sema that she couldn't (wouldn't be able to/can't) gain wisdom without life experience 3. Davut asked the police officer if he/she wanted to see his driving licence 4. Kerem told me not to get out of the car on that side, because there was mud there 5. Arzu said that she had lost her keys the previous night/the night before 6. Hakan told Yasemin that he wanted to go for a holiday somewhere but he didn't know where to go 7. I asked the Şişmanoglus if they had ever been to Cappadocia 8. My mother asked me if I would take out the garbage before my father got home (or My mother asked me to take out) 9. Ozden told her father that she had six different classes this semester 10. His father told/warned Soner not to play with matches, or he'd (would) get burned
C) 1 A 2 C 3 A 4 D 5 D 6 B 7 A 8 D 9 C 10 C
D) 1 D 2 B 3 C 4 A 5 A 6 C 7 D 8 A

QUIZ 4/A) 1 C 2 D 3 A 4 B 5 C 6 A 7 B 8 D 9 D 10 B 11 A 12 A 13 C 14 D 15 C 16 B 17 A 18 D 19 B 20 C

B) 1. The farmer started working in the field when the sun rose (or When the farmer started working in the field, the sun was rising) 2. The landlady who looked at least 90 years old was so deaf that Kaan had to shout to make himself heard 3. Unless you send us your CV, we can't evaluate it 4. While my father was repairing the leaking pipe yesterday, he injured his finger 5. The fire had spread to the whole house by the time the firefighters came to put it out 6. As soon as Selin finished her homework, she turned on the TV to watch the match 7. Burcu used to live in Ipsala, but then, she moved to Istanbul 8. I didn't get on well with my sister when we were children, but now we are very close 9. If only Cengiz was a careful driver, he wouldn't be in hospital now 10. Esra asked me if I was coming to her birthday party the following day (the next day)
C) 1 B 2 B 3 A 4 D 5 C 6 C 7 B 8 D 9 A 10 C
D) 1 A 2 B 3 C 4 B 5 A 6 D 7 C 8 A

UNIT TESTS

- UNIT 1 1 C 2 A 3 C 4 B 5 D 6 B 7 C 8 E 9 A 10 A 11 C 12 D 13 B 14 A 15 E 16 D 17 E 18 C 19 B 20 E 21 C 22 D 23 A 24 B 25 B 26 C 27 E 28 A 29 B 30 D 31 E 32 A 33 A 34 B 35 D
- UNIT 2 1 D 2 A 3 C 4 E 5 C 6 B 7 A 8 D 9 D 10 E 11 B 12 D 13 E 14 A 15 C 16 C 17 E 18 E 19 B 20 D 21 C 22 A 23 B 24 A 25 E 26 D 27 C 28 A 29 B 30 D 31 A 32 C 33 B 34 D 35 A
- UNIT 3 1 A 2 A 3 D 4 E 5 C 6 D 7 A 8 B 9 C 10 C 11 E 12 A 13 B 14 D 15 C 16 C 17 D 18 B 19 A 20 D 21 D 22 C 23 B 24 A 25 E 26 A 27 C 28 B 29 E 30 D 31 A 32 E 33 D 34 C 35 E
- UNIT 4 1 E 2 A 3 D 4 A 5 B 6 D 7 A 8 C 9 E 10 C 11 A 12 E 13 C 14 C 15 D 16 B 17 A 18 E 19 D 20 B 21 C 22 A 23 B 24 A 25 D 26 E 27 D 28 A 29 C 30 D 31 B 32 B 33 E 34 A 35 C
- UNIT 5 1 D 2 D 3 E 4 B 5 E 6 A 7 C 8 B 9 A 10 A 11 E 12 E 13 C 14 D 15 B 16 A 17 C 18 B 19 A 20 B 21 D 22 E 23 E 24 C 25 A 26 D 27 B 28 A 29 A 30 D 31 B 32 E 33 A 34 E 35 E
- UNIT 6 1 C 2 A 3 E 4 E 5 A 6 D 7 B 8 C 9 D 10 B 11 D 12 A 13 C 14 E 15 B 16 A 17 D 18 E 19 E 20 A 21 B 22 C 23 E 24 C 25 A 26 A 27 D 28 E 29 C 30 A 31 D 32 B 33 A 34 E 35 C
- UNIT 7 1 B 2 C 3 B 4 E 5 A 6 D 7 E 8 D 9 B 10 B 11 A 12 C 13 E 14 A 15 D 16 C 17 E 18 E 19 B 20 A 21 D 22 C 23 B 24 A 25 C 26 C 27 E 28 D 29 A 30 B 31 E 32 D 33 D 34 A 35 B
- UNIT 8 1 C 2 B 3 D 4 E 5 B 6 D 7 A 8 E 9 B 10 C 11 A 12 A 13 D 14 E 15 C 16 B 17 A 18 D 19 D 20 C 21 E 22 D 23 E 24 A 25 C 26 B 27 E 28 B 29 B 30 A 31 A 32 C 33 E 34 B 35 A
- UNIT 9 1 B 2 A 3 E 4 C 5 D 6 A 7 C 8 B 9 A 10 D 11 D 12 B 13 C 14 A 15 C 16 D 17 E 18 A 19 C 20 E 21 D 22 E 23 B 24 B 25 A 26 E 27 B 28 D 29 C 30 A 31 E 32 D 33 B 34 E 35 C
- UNIT 10 1 E 2 A 3 A 4 D 5 B 6 E 7 C 8 B 9 B 10 D 11 C 12 A 13 E 14 C 15 D 16 B 17 E 18 A 19 D 20 C 21 B 22 E 23 D 24 A 25 B 26 E 27 C 28 C 29 E 30 B 31 A 32 A 33 B 34 D 35 C
- UNIT 11 1 D 2 D 3 C 4 A 5 B 6 E 7 D 8 B 9 A 10 C 11 E 12 C 13 C 14 B 15 B 16 A 17 D 18 E 19 C 20 D 21 A 22 A 23 B 24 C 25 D 26 C 27 B 28 E 29 A 30 A 31 D 32 E 33 A 34 B 35 C
- UNIT 12 1 B 2 B 3 E 4 C 5 A 6 D 7 B 8 D 9 C 10 C 11 E 12 A 13 B 14 D 15 A 16 C 17 E 18 B 19 A 20 B 21 E 22 C 23 A 24 C 25 A 26 B 27 E 28 D 29 C 30 B 31 B 32 A 33 B 34 E 35 D
- UNIT 13 1 E 2 B 3 D 4 C 5 B 6 A 7 D 8 E 9 B 10 C 11 B 12 C 13 C 14 E 15 B 16 A 17 D 18 B 19 C 20 E 21 E 22 A 23 B 24 E 25 B 26 A 27 A 28 E 29 C 30 B 31 D 32 A 33 C 34 B 35 A
- UNIT 14 1 D 2 C 3 A 4 E 5 B 6 D 7 D 8 A 9 E 10 D 11 C 12 E 13 A 14 D 15 B 16 C 17 E 18 A 19 A 20 D 21 E 22 D 23 B 24 A 25 B 26 E 27 C 28 C 29 E 30 B 31 A 32 C 33 D 34 B 35 E
- UNIT 15 1 E 2 A 3 A 4 C 5 B 6 E 7 D 8 E 9 B 10 E 11 C 12 A 13 B 14 E 15 B 16 A 17 A 18 D 19 C 20 B 21 C 22 A 23 D 24 E 25 C 26 C 27 A 28 D 29 B 30 B 31 E 32 C 33 A 34 C 35 B
- UNIT 16 1 C 2 D 3 A 4 B 5 E 6 B 7 E 8 A 9 D 10 C 11 B 12 B 13 E 14 C 15 E 16 A 17 A 18 C 19 A 20 D 21 E 22 C 23 D 24 A 25 E 26 C 27 B 28 D 29 B 30 C 31 A 32 D 33 B 34 B 35 A
- UNIT 17 1 C 2 E 3 C 4 E 5 A 6 A 7 E 8 D 9 B 10 C 11 B 12 B 13 A 14 E 15 D 16 A 17 C 18 B 19 C 20 D 21 E 22 A 23 E 24 D 25 A 26 C 27 E 28 B 29 B 30 C 31 A 32 E 33 B 34 E 35 E
- UNIT 18 1 A 2 C 3 C 4 B 5 D 6 C 7 B 8 A 9 A 10 D 11 E 12 B 13 D 14 A 15 D 16 E 17 B 18 C 19 E 20 D 21 B 22 A 23 C 24 C 25 E 26 D 27 B 28 A 29 E 30 E 31 B 32 C 33 A 34 D 35 A
- UNIT 19 1 E 2 A 3 B 4 E 5 A 6 D 7 B 8 A 9 C 10 D 11 D 12 B 13 E 14 C 15 A 16 E 17 E 18 B 19 A 20 D 21 E 22 C 23 B 24 A 25 D 26 E 27 B 28 B 29 D 30 E 31 A 32 B 33 C 34 B 35 A
- UNIT 20 1 E 2 D 3 B 4 A 5 C 6 E 7 C 8 B 9 E 10 A 11 A 12 C 13 B 14 B 15 D 16 B 17 A 18 E 19 B 20 A 21 C 22 C 23 E 24 E 25 B 26 A 27 D 28 E 29 B 30 B 31 D 32 A 33 E 34 C 35 C

Passages 1

1 C 2 D 3 A 4 B 5 B 6 C 7 E 8 A 9 A 10 D 11 B 12 C

Passages 3

1 E 2 B 3 A 4 C 5 D 6 A 7 B 8 E 9 D 10 A 11 C 12 E

Passages 5

1 D 2 B 3 B 4 A 5 D 6 E 7 B 8 C 9 A 10 E 11 A 12 C

Passages 7

1 A 2 C 3 E 4 A 5 D 6 B 7 E 8 C 9 A 10 B 11 B 12 E

Passages 2

1 A 2 B 3 D 4 A 5 E 6 E 7 C 8 B 9 A 10 C 11 D 12 B

Passages 4

1 B 2 D 3 C 4 C 5 A 6 E 7 D 8 B 9 A 10 C 11 C 12 D

Passages 6

1 C 2 D 3 A 4 C 5 E 6 B 7 D 8 A 9 A 10 E 11 D 12 D

Passages 8

1 B 2 A 3 D 4 C 5 E 6 B 7 A 8 D 9 C 10 E 11 D 12 A