

Bu testte 50 soru vardır.

1. Jill hasn't ---- gotten over the surgery she had a week ago.

- A) slightly
- B) a little bit
- C) fully
- D) partially
- E) largely

3. Neologistic jargon is a term of nonsense words characteristic of ---- aphasia; also known as neologisms.

Choose the alternative which **best** completes the given sentence.

- A) Wernicke's
- B) Broca's
- C) Semantic
- D) Expressive
- E) Anomia

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2. Tom and Janet have been ---- married for over ten years.

- A) successfully
- B) badly
- C) closely
- D) happily
- E) luckily

4. Which of the following is an example of compound?

- A) COBOL
- B) Fan
- C) Nosebleed
- D) Brunch
- E) Asap

5. Which of the following sentences is different from the others?

- A) I think the weather will be sunny tomorrow.
- B) I have five toes on my left foot.
- C) I must confess that I haven't read the book.
- D) This ticket admits two people.
- E) Shut the door.

7. I ---- her if I ---- her telephone number.

- A) would have called / had known
- B) should have called / had known
- C) will call / should know
- D) could have called / known
- E) would call / had known

6. "This syllabus is intended to design a type of instruction in which the crucial goal is to teach specific information and content using the language that the learners are also learning."

Which type of syllabus is described above?

- A) Lexical syllabus
- B) Skills syllabus
- C) Task-based syllabus
- D) Content-based syllabus
- E) Functional syllabus

8. I wish I ---- speak French.

- A) would
- B) was able
- C) had known
- D) could
- E) knew

9. How ---- you react if you ---- a ghost in your bedroom?

- A) did / saw
- B) would / had seen
- C) would / saw
- D) will / will see
- E) could / have seen

11. The old palace ---- a long time ago.

- A) was destroyed
- B) would have been destroyed
- C) destroyed
- D) would be destroyed
- E) was being destroyed

10. I didn't like my trousers. I wish I ---- to that tailor.

- A) didn't go
- B) won't go
- C) didn't went
- D) wouldn't have gone
- E) hadn't gone

12. The bus hasn't arrived yet. There ---- a huge traffic accident somewhere along the way.

- A) could have been
- B) must be
- C) must have been
- D) should be
- E) would be

13. Since the beginning of time, man ---- tools ---- life easier.

- A) devised / making
- B) has devised / to make
- C) has been devising / makes
- D) had been devising / to make
- E) had devised / making

14. - 16. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Although stage plays have been set to music since the era of the Ancient Greeks, when the dramas of Sophocles and Aeschylus were accompanied by lyres and flutes, the usually accepted date for the beginning of opera as we know it changes to 1600. As a part of the celebration of the marriage of King Henry IV of France to the Italian aristocrat Maria de Medici, the Florentine composer Jacopo Peri produced his famous *Euridice*, generally considered to be the first opera. This was followed by a group of Italian musicians, poets and nobleman called the Camerata began to revive the style of musical story that had been used in Greek tragedy.

14. This passage is given as a summary of ----.

- A) the history of Italian opera
- B) the birth of Camerata in Italy
- C) the development of opera in history
- D) Jacopo Peri's *Euridice*
- E) The marriage of King Henry IV of France

15. According to the text, modern opera began in ----.

- A) in the time of the Ancient Greeks
- B) with the wedding of King Henry IV. of France
- C) after the composition of *Euridice* by Jacopo Peri
- D) at the beginning of the seventeenth century
- E) before Sophocles and Aeschylus

16. What is the historical significance of *Euridice*?

- A) It was composed as part of the celebration of the marriage of King Henry IV of France.
- B) It is generally celebrated as the first opera.
- C) It is composed by Jacopo Peri who was world famous at the time.
- D) It marks the beginning of the sixteenth century.
- E) It was the first work of opera by and Italian composed to another Italian, Maria de Medici.

17. **John:** I have a number of questions about my taxes. I'm currently self-employed, but I have received a demand for payment of taxes. I wasn't aware that I had to pay gross receipt of taxes.

Consultant: ----

John: How much do I owe the state with penalties and interest?

Consultant: Why don't you take a look at this booklet which provides tax information for the self-employed?

Which of the following alternatives best completes the given dialogue?

- A) Yes, sir, it's required on all sales within the state.
- B) The state doesn't require tax from the self-employed.
- C) Only professionally employed people need to pay state taxes.
- D) It might be a good idea to do go to the tax office.
- E) Tax has various rules so let's first see if you are eligible for tax.

18. **Mark:** I didn't see you at the division meeting this morning.

Sally: That's because I had to see a customer this morning and didn't make it in time for the meeting. How was it?

Mark: ----

Sally: I suppose I don't have to feel sorry for missing the meeting then.

Which of the following alternatives best completes the given dialogue?

- A) The Director gave some instructions for all divisions to follow over the next month.
- B) It was no different than any other meeting and no one said anything you don't already know.
- C) Apparently, they are planning on expanding business and hiring new field staff.
- D) Your assistant was there but she didn't say a word.
- E) It seems business is slow and we were given some precautions to reduce expenses.

19. **Richard:** Have you heard the news about TNT Limited? I honestly can't believe it.

James: No, I haven't. What's up?

Richard: ----

James: You can't be serious. How could they be so irresponsible about the lives of people living in them?

Which of the following alternatives best completes the given dialogue?

- A) They have announced that their revenues are falling dramatically.
- B) Their chief accountant has announced that they are applying for bankruptcy the following week.
- C) The CEO has announced that they are going to have to reduce the number of employees.
- D) Their head of staff confessed that they have falsified the numbers about their buildings. The buildings aren't as strong as they had argued.
- E) Their Chief of Staff was on TV and she accused the CEO of stealing money from the retirement payments.

20. While people are still in conflict on whether the development of technology is dangerous or not, the famous film *Terminator* is a clear example to the possible dangers of machines.

Which of the following alternatives best restates the given sentence?

- A) Despite the discussions on the dangers of technology, the film *Terminator* contradicts these dangers.
- B) Although people cannot come to an agreement on the possible dangers of technology development, *The Terminator*, which is a famous film, demonstrates these possible dangers of machines in the near future.
- C) Despite the example of the film *Terminator*, people throughout the world are discussing the possible dangers of technology.
- D) *The Terminator* is a magnificent example to the dangers of machines in the near future.
- E) The film *Terminator* is given as a clear example to the dangers of machines by people discussing against the development of technology.

21. In order to be able to read critically and objectively, the reader needs to put aside all prejudices and concentrate on the message.

Which of the following alternatives best restates the given sentence?

- A) A reader needs to focus on the message of the text in order to put aside prejudices and read critically and objectively.
- B) In order to put aside prejudices, a reader needs to read critically and objectively and concentrate on the message.
- C) In order to concentrate on the message of the text, a reader needs to read critically and objectively and put aside all prejudices.
- D) A reader needs to get rid of all prejudices and concentrate on the message in order to be able to read critically and objectively.
- E) In order to be able to read critically and objectively, a reader needs to put aside all prejudices to concentrate on the message.

22. To many people, the word "drug" has a negative representation. It is almost synonymous with "dope", and suggests abuse of narcotics, uppers, downers, pep pills, or cocaine. The prescribing physician views drugs in a very different, positive connotation. ----.

Which of the following alternatives best completes the given paragraph?

- A) The continued demand for drugs around the world makes it a controversial issue throughout the world
- B) These drugs need to be taken care of with great caution in order to prevent unwanted results
- C) There are different methods to create these drugs, known only by a few experts
- D) The term "drugs" is negative in the sense that people perceive it to be only relevant with the illegal substances
- E) To the physician, they are substances used to modify, maintain or enhance an existing condition in order to improve or prevent a state of illness or to relieve symptoms

23. Smallpox was the first widespread disease ever to be eliminated by human intervention. A highly contagious viral disease, it was endemic in Europe, causing the deaths of millions of people until the development of the vaccination by Edward Jenner around 1800. ---- . Its victims suffered high fever, vomiting, and painful, itchy pustules, pus-filled skin eruptions that left pits or pockmark scars. In villages and cities all over the world, scarred people showed that they had survived smallpox.

Which of the following alternatives best completes the given paragraph?

- A) In May 1966, the World Health Organization, an organization of the United Nations, was authorized to initiate a global campaign to eradicate smallpox
- B) The strategy that developed was to combat the disease at various levels throughout the world
- C) More than 700 physicians, nurses, scientists and other personnel from around the world joined the war
- D) The entire village in which the victim had lived were vaccinated
- E) In many non-European nations, it remained a dreaded, often fatal illness until very recently

24. (I) This question has often been posed: Why were the Wright brothers able to succeed in an effort at which so many others had failed? (II) Many explanations have been mentioned, but one reason is most often cited. (III) They were a team where both men worked congenially and cooperatively, read the same books, located and shared information, talked incessantly about the possibility of manned flight, and served as a consistent source of inspiration and encouragement to each other. (IV) Each craft they built was slightly better than the previous one. (V) Quite simply, two geniuses are better than one.

Which of the sentences in the given paragraph is irrelevant, violating its unity and coherence?

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

25. (I) The development of the horse has been recorded from the beginning through all of its evolutionary stages to the modern form. (II) It is in fact one of the most complete and well-documented chapters of paleontological history. (III) Fossil finds provide us not only with detailed information about the horse itself but also with valuable insights into the migration of herds, and even evidence for speculation about the climatic conditions that could have instigated such migratory behavior. (IV) Geologists believe that the first horses appeared on Earth about sixty million years ago. (V) Going as deep as migration enables us to have unbelievable amount of insight information about horses.

Which of the sentences in the given paragraph is irrelevant, violating its unity and coherence?

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

26. *Animal Farm* by George Orwell is a political ---- of events in Russia and communism.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) allegory
B) metaphor
C) simile
D) personification
E) imagery

27. **What is the point of view in the example below?**

"I have of late, but wherefore I know not, lost all my mirth, forgone all custom of exercises; and indeed, it goes so heavily with my disposition that this goodly frame, the earth, seems to me a sterile promontory." - Shakespeare's *Hamlet*, Scene II of Act II

- A) First person
B) Objective
C) Limited Omniscient
D) Omniscient
E) Dramatic

28. Which of the following American realists is best known for his comic experiments in regional vernacular?

- A) Frank Norris
- B) Edith Wharton
- C) Stephen Crane
- D) Mark Twain
- E) Henry James

30. It is a short tale which was popular in Italy in the medieval period. They were concerned mainly with the events of city life. *Heart of Darkness* is an example of ----.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) epistolary novel
- B) ode
- C) bildungsroman
- D) novella
- E) realistic novel

29. Which of the following is one of the novels of Anne Brontë?

- A) *Wuthering Heights*
- B) *Tess of the D'Urbervilles*
- C) *The Tenant of Wildfell Hall*
- D) *Jane Eyre*
- E) *The Picture of Dorian Gray*

31. Which of the following is not one of the characteristics of Old Comedy?

- A) No satire
- B) Fantastic plots
- C) Abusive language
- D) Invective
- E) Obscenity

32. What is the figure of speech used in the lines below?

"Sally sells seashells."

- A) Irony
- B) Metaphor
- C) Alliteration
- D) Assonance
- E) Simile

33. "---- is how the writer feels about his subject that comes through based upon the types of words chosen whereas ---- is how the reader feels about the story."

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Mood / tone
- B) Tone / mood
- C) Subplot / mood
- D) Subplot / tone
- E) Tone / theme

34. Which of the following words involves blending?

- A) camcorder
- B) transfer
- C) seashell
- D) NASA
- E) reformulation

35. The ---- theory, also known as socialization, states that all behavior is learned from the society or culture that surrounds a person.

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) productivity
- B) displacement
- C) duality
- D) cultural transmission
- E) sign language

36. "The history of writing is primarily the development of expressing language by letters or other marks and also the study and description of these developments. In the history of writing, symbols proceeded from ---- to ---- to ----."

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) phonetic / logographic / ideographic
- B) logographic / ideographic / phonetic
- C) ideographic / logographic / phonetic
- D) phonetic / ideographic / logographic
- E) logographic / phonetic / ideographic

37. Which of the following word begins with alveolar nasal voiced sound?

- A) kasım
- B) mine
- C) dışçı
- D) zaten
- E) neden

38. Which of the following statements is **not** true about deep structure?

- A) We cannot have deep structure if we don't have phrase structure rules.
- B) We can apply transformation rules if we have deep structure.
- C) It is the level of grammar which can explain adequately the concepts of subject, direct object and indirect object.
- D) It is forms of sentences resulted from modification/ transformation.
- E) It is the level which can solve the problem of ambiguity.

39. "It is a system of grammatical analysis that divides sentences into successive layers, or constituents, until, in the final layer, each constituent consists of only a word or meaningful part of a word. In the sentence "The old man ran away," the first division would be between "the old man" and "ran away." The immediate constituents of "the old man" are "the" and "old man." At the next level "old man" is divided into "old" and "man."

Which of the following is represented in the above description?

- A) Immediate Constituents Analysis
- B) Traditional Analysis
- C) Grammatical Gender
- D) Prescriptive Approach
- E) Descriptive Approach

40. "At this stage very early stage of language development in which the child is only about 3-4 months old, children spontaneously produce all sorts of sounds that don't seem to make sense. At this point, no real words are structured by the child, but the child is just beginning to put certain sounds together in order to form words. For example, ba-ba-ba, ma-ma-ma, da-da-da"

Which stage in language acquisition is described above?

- A) cooing
- B) babbling
- C) one-word stage
- D) two-word stage
- E) telegraphic speech

41. What is the teacher's role in Communicative Language Teaching?

- A) Organizer
- B) Counselor
- C) Prompter
- D) Advisor
- E) Facilitator

43. Which of the following statements is not true about native and non-native teachers?

- A) Non-native teachers have consciously learned the language step by step and can guide their students through the labyrinth of confusion that they have already conquered.
- B) Native speakers unconsciously inherit the language from their parents and often find themselves struggling to teach certain aspects of grammar.
- C) A native speaker's knowledge of vocabulary and expressions is going to be so much richer than a non-native can ever be.
- D) Non-native speakers feel extremely comfortable using the language in a playful and dynamic way that can do a lot to facilitate learning.
- E) Native teacher will teach or transmit much better pronunciation.

42. Which of the following options is not true?

- A) Silent Way - Caleb Gattegno
- B) Community Language Learning - Charles A. Curran
- C) Direct Method - Gouin
- D) Total Physical Response - James Asher
- E) Audio-Lingual Method - Lazanov

44. Which of the following is not one of the functions of that language performs for children learning their first language in Communicative Language Teaching described by Halliday?

- A) the regulatory function
- B) the language function
- C) the heuristic function
- D) the representational function
- E) the interactional function

45. Which of the following is not one of the advantages of Questionnaires?

- A) They are easy to administer.
- B) That demonstrate concern about gathering feedback.
- C) Information on student learning is considered to be indirect data.
- D) They can be used to gather information from individuals who would be difficult to include in other assessment methods.
- E) They can cover a variety of topics in a brief amount of time.

46. “---- measure students' understanding of a subject area or skills base. Teachers typically administer diagnostics for reading and math skills, using the results to provide remedial instruction or place students within appropriately leveled classes”

Choose the alternative which best completes the given sentence.

- A) Placement tests
- B) Achievement tests
- C) Diagnostic tests
- D) Proficiency tests
- E) Portfolio assessment

47. Which of the following is the definition of information gap activity?

- A) An activity in which the learners play parts and practice language appropriate to the situations they are placed in
- B) An activity when one person speaks while another person transcribes what is spoken
- C) Which involves identifying personal preference, feeling, or attitude in response to a given situation
- D) An activity where learners are missing the information they need to complete a task and need to talk to each other to find it
- E) An activity which involves deriving some new information from given information through processes of inference

48. Which of the following statements is one of the disadvantages of using authentic materials in the classroom?

- A) They can produce a sense of achievement.
- B) The same piece of material can be used under different circumstances if the task is different.
- C) They can encourage reading for pleasure because they are likely to contain topics of interest to learners.
- D) Students are exposed to real discourse.
- E) Special preparation is necessary.

49. "One of the English classroom in Turkey, most of the students are using words effectively. They have highly developed auditory skills and often think in words. They like reading, playing word games, making up poetry or stories. They can be taught by encouraging them to say and see words, read books together."

Which intelligence is described above?

- A) linguistic
- B) logical
- C) spatial
- D) intrapersonal
- E) interpersonal

50. Which of the following statements is one of the characteristics of Natural Approach?

- A) No error correction unless errors interfere with communication
- B) Teacher's role is director.
- C) Teacher arranges tasks for communication.
- D) Language is for developing critical thinking and culture integrated with language.
- E) It associated with James Asher.

1. The statement suggests that the Jill has had surgery a week ago. Since the word before the gap, we understand that she hasn't recovered from the surgery. In terms of collocation, we can only use "fully" in option C.
- A B ● D E
4. Compound words are two words put together to make one larger word. In this sense, the word given in option C can be divided into two words as nose and bleed, which have been connected to form a single word.
- A B ● D E
7. The given statement is an example to an "if clause" structure. The alternatives in option A suggest a past action indicating intention that did not happen. The alternatives in options B, C, D and E don't correlate because the action of knowing and the modals provided don't go together semantically.
- B C D E

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2. This question is another question on collocation where married can only be used with happily given in option D. Moreover, the fact that the marriage has been going on for over ten years suggests nothing negative in meaning and thus we can eliminate option B.
- A B C ● E
5. This question is a typical question about Classification of Illocutionary Acts. The statement given in option E is directive (speech acts that are to cause the hearer to take a particular action, e.g. requests, commands and advice) and the others are all representative.
- A B C D ●
8. The given statement is an example to a wish clause where the speaker is sorry for not being able to speak French. This situation is covered with could in option D. Option A is incorrect in the sense that wish in this sentence is about past regret whereas would on its own is used for the future. Options B, C and E are incorrect because they lack the word –to after them.
- A B C ● E
3. Neologism given at the end of the statement is also known as Wernicke's Aphasia. Moreover, nonsense words stated in the sentence is also about Wernicke's Aphasia given in option A.
- B C D E
6. The given statement provides the keywords "teaching specific information and content" which is a component of Content-Based Syllabus given in option D.
- A B C ● E
9. The given sentence is asking about the result of an imaginary/unreal action. The fact that it is about an unreal event calls for a modal such as would or could and thus eliminates options A and D. Option B and E are incorrect in the sense that the second part of the alternatives suggests past tense-which means that there is no correlation between the two halves of the sentence.
- A B ● D E

10. The first part of the sentence suggests a negative outcome and thus regret. With regret in mind, the wish clause in the second part of the sentence calls for a past perfect tense given in option E.

(A) (B) (C) (D) ●

13. The word “since” at the beginning of the sentence calls for a present perfect tense indicating that it is an ongoing event. This helps us eliminate options A, D and E. This sentence is about the devising tools and not about the duration and thus doesn't require a progressive tense, eliminating option C.

(A) ● (C) (D) (E)

16. While all the given are true for *Euridice*, the correct answer to the question is option B since the historical significance of the work is that it is accepted as the first opera.

(A) ● (C) (D) (E)

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11. The sentence indicates that the event took place in the past calling for a past simple tense structure. Moreover, because the old palace is incapable of performing the act of destroying, the sentence calls for a passive voice. The past simple passive voice alternative is given in option A.

● (B) (C) (D) (E)

14. The paragraph is about the development of opera since the passage talks about the origins as well as the representative of the first modern opera as we know it through examples to support the idea. Apart from option C, the other options are all about the examples to support the development of opera.

(A) (B) ● (D) (E)

17. The fact that John asks how much he owes as a reply to the consultant suggests that the consultant has confirmed the need to pay tax, allowing us to eliminate options B, C, D and E.

● (B) (C) (D) (E)

12. The speaker is making a logical reference to the fact that the bus has not yet arrived. This strong logical interpretation calls for the modal must.

(A) ● (C) (D) (E)

15. The passage clearly states that *Euridice* is generally considered to be the first opera and thus the correct answer is option D.

(A) (B) (C) ● (E)

18. The fact that Sally's final sentence says she needn't worry for missing the meeting suggests that the meeting had nothing significant, enabling us to eliminate any option with significance such as options A, C and E. Option D is neutral and thus cannot be taken as either significant or insignificant.

(A) ● (C) (D) (E)

19. James's last sentence states worry towards "the people living in them". Thus, we should be looking for something to live in. In this sense, option D is the only correct option since it's the only one talking about buildings-something to live in.
A B C D E
20. Option A can be eliminated because the original sentence doesn't have anything about contradicting dangers. Option C can be eliminated because it lacks machines and whether or not statements. Option D lacks the discussion between people. Option E lacks people arguing against the theory.
A B C D E
21. The given statement has two components: the first sentence is the outcome and the latter two sentences are ways of reaching that outcome. This is only current in option D.
A B C D E
22. The first two sentences are about the negative representation of drugs while the third sentence is about the positive meaning perceptions. In terms of cohesion and coherence, the next sentence also needs to be about the positive meaning of drugs. This is provided with option E.
A B C D E
23. The sentence before the gap talks about a vaccine that ended deaths. However, the sentence after the gap talks about the victims. This means that a sentence that re-introduces victims or deaths is needed. This is provided with option E.
A B C D E
24. According to the rules of cohesion and coherence, each sentence needs to serve the previous or the latter sentence. In other words, the traces of each sentence should be found in the following sentence. In this sense, the paragraph is about the success of two instead of one. The fourth sentence is about crafts they built and thus irrelevant.
A B C D E
25. While the paragraph is about the records of the development of horses, sentence 4 is about a horse type in history and thus irrelevant.
A B C D E
26. George Orwell's *Animal Farm* is a political allegory of events in Russia and communism in the sense that it makes use of allegories which are typically used as literary devices that convey hidden meanings through symbolic figures, actions, imagery, and/or events, which together form the moral, spiritual, or political meaning the author wishes to convey.
A B C D E
27. The given sentences use pronouns such as "I" and "my" which means that it is using first person point of view given in option A.
A B C D E

28. Mark Twain is the American author who is known for his comic experiments in regional vernacular.
A B C D E
29. Anne Bronte is the author of the *Tenant of Wildfell Hall* given in option C. *Wuthering Heights* is by Emily Jane Bronte, *Tess of the D'Urbervilles* is by Thomas Hardy, *Jane Eyre* is by Charlotte Bronte and *The Picture of Dorian Gray* is by Oscar Wilde.
A B D E
30. The given definition and examples are all about novella which was rather popular in Italy in the medieval era.
A B C D E
31. While all the given options are characteristics of Old Comedy, option A is incorrect in the sense that there is satire in Old Comedy. There is no satire in New Comedy.
B C D E
32. The given sentence has three words all of which starting with the same –s sound. This repetition of the beginning sounds is referred to as alliteration given in option C.
A B D E
33. The first part of the statement with the emphasis on the writer's feelings about the topic is the description of tone given in option B and the second part about the writer's feelings about the topic is referred to as mood.
A B C D E
34. Blending in Linguistics is taking parts of two or more words and bringing it together to form a new word. In this sense, camcorder in option A is the blending of camera and recorder.
B C D E

35. Socialization is also referred to as Cultural Transmission given in option D. Moreover, learning from the society or culture surrounding are the keywords of Cultural Transmission.

A B C D E

37. The first word begins with the -k sound which is a velar / voiceless / stop sound. The -m sound in option B is a nasal/voiced / bilabial sound. The -d sound in option C is an alveolar/stop/voiced sound and the -z sound in option D is a fricative / voiced / alveolar sound. The -n sound in option E is an alveolar / nasal / voiced sound.

A B C D E

39. The given definition is the definition of Immediate Constituents Analysis given in option A.

A B C D E

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36. The development of writing started with ideographs which are characters or symbols representing an idea or a thing without expressing the pronunciation of a particular word or words for it. The second phase was the logographic phase where a single symbol represents an entire morpheme, word, or phrase and the third stage is the phonetic phase where sounds were also integrated. This is given in option C.

A B C D E

38. While all the given statements are correct about deep structure, option D is incorrect since it is surface structure.

A B C D E

40. The repetition of the same two-sound patterns (ba-ba-ba and ma-ma-ma) are referred to as the babbling stage in an infant's language acquisition.

A B C D E

41. Communicative Language Teaching is all about communication on the students' side. In order for the students to be able to speak, the teacher needs to fall back and act only as a facilitator to help students carry on.
A B C D E
42. All the methods and theorists are correct apart from the matching given in option E. Lazanov is the theorist of Desuggestopedia.
A B C D E
43. The statement given in option D is not correct for non-natives but is correct for native speaker teachers because natives feel comfortable when using language in creative atmospheres whereas non-natives can feel uncomfortable about receiving unexpected questions that they have not prepared for.
A B C D E
44. According to Halliday there are seven functions that language has for children in their early years; instrumental, regulatory, interactional, personal, heuristic, imaginative and representational. "Instrumental" is when the child uses language to express his/her needs (e.g. "Want juice"), "regulatory" is when the language is used to tell the others what to do (e.g. "Go away"), in "interactional" they use language for their relationships and to make contact with the others (e.g. "Love you, Mummy."), "personal" is using the language to express feelings, opinions and individual identity (e.g. Me good girl.), "heuristic" is the one when the language is used to obtain information about the environment. (e.g. "What the tractor doing?"), "imaginative" is when the language is used to tell jokes and stories and to create imaginary environment, and "representational" is when the language is used to convey facts and information.
A B C D E
45. While all the options are about the advantages of questionnaires, the statement given in option C is a disadvantage not an advantage.
A B C D E
46. The given paragraph is the description of a Diagnostic Test which is administered before the teaching starts in order to determine the weakness and strengths of a student.
A B C D E
47. The statement given in option D is the definition of information gap activity. Option A is the definition of role play activity. Option B is the definition of dictation. Option C is the definition of opinion gap activity and option E is the definition of reasoning gap activity.
A B C D E
48. While option E is a disadvantage, the remaining options are all advantages of authentic materials in the classroom.
A B C D E
49. All the clues given in the description are about language and thus is about linguistic intelligence given in option A.
A B C D E
50. The statement given in option A is a characteristic of the Natural Approach. Option B is a characteristic of the Direct Method. Option C is a characteristic of CLT. Option D is a characteristic of CLL and Option E is a characteristic of TPR.
A B C D E

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