

Zeitform	Signalwörter	Verwendung	Bildungsweise	Beispiele positiv	Beispiele negativ	Beispiele Frage
Simple Present	every day sometimes always often usually seldom never first ... then	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> regelmäßig wiederholte oder gewohnheitsmäßige Handlung Handlungsfolgen in der Gegenwart allgemeingültige Feststellungen Verben mit statischer Bedeutung (<i>to love, to hate, to think, etc.</i>) in futuristischer Bedeutung: Programm bzw. Terminplan 	Infinitiv he/she/it: Infinitiv + s	I work. He works. I go. He goes.	I don't work. He doesn't work. I don't go. He doesn't go.	Do I work? Does he work? Do I go? Does he go?
Present Progressive	now at the moment Look! Listen!	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Handlung geschieht im Moment des Sprechens (<i>jetzt</i>) in futuristischer Bedeutung: bereits getroffene Vereinbarung oder bereits feststehender Plan 	be (am/are/is) + Infinitiv + ing	I'm working. He's working. I'm going. He's going.	I'm not working. He isn't working. I'm not going. He isn't going.	Am I working? Is he working? Am I going? Is he going?
Simple Past	last ago in 1990 yesterday	Handlung hat in der Vergangenheit begonnen und ist abgeschlossen (einmalig, wiederholt, aufeinanderfolgend)	regelmäßig: Infinitiv + ed unregelmäßig: (2. Spalte - Tabelle unregelmäßige Verben)	I worked. He worked. I went. He went.	I didn't work. He didn't work. I didn't go. He didn't go.	Did I work? Did he work? Did I go? Did he go?

Past Progressive	while	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • häufig eine Handlung, die gerade stattfand, als ein neues Ereignis eintrat • Ablauf einer Tätigkeit/ Vorgang in einem bestimmten Zeitraum der Vergangenheit oder zu einem bestimmten Zeitpunkt der Vergangenheit 	was/were + Infinitiv + ing	I was working . He was working . I was going . He was going .	I wasn't working . He wasn't working . I wasn't going . He wasn't going .	Was I working ? Was he working ? Was I going ? Was he going ?
Simple Present Perfect	just yet never ever already so far, up to now, since for recently	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resultat einer Handlung ist wichtig, der Zeitpunkt der Handlung interessiert den Sprecher dabei nicht • Handlung, die in der Vergangenheit begonnen hat und bis in die Gegenwart andauert oder deren Auswirkungen bis in die Gegenwart reichen 	have/has + past participle* * (Infinitiv + ed) oder (3. Spalte - Tabelle unregelmäßige Verben)	I have worked . He has worked . I have gone . He has gone .	I haven't worked . He hasn't worked . I haven't gone . He hasn't gone .	Have I worked ? Has he worked ? Have I gone ? Has he gone ?
Present Perfect Progressive	all day the whole day how long since for	Handlung, die in der Vergangenheit begonnen hat und bis in die Gegenwart andauert ABER: besondere Betonung des Ablaufs, Dauer und Unabgeschlossenheit eines solchen Vorgangs	have/has + been + Infinitiv + ing	I have been working . He has been working . I have been going . He has been going .	I haven't been working . He hasn't been working . I haven't been going . He hasn't been going .	Have I been working ? Has he been working ? Have I been going ? Has he been going ?

Simple Past Perfect	already just never	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Handlung, die vor einem bestimmten Zeitpunkt der Vergangenheit angefangen hat, aber bis zu diesem Zeitpunkt oder darüber hinaus andauerte Handlung, die zu einem bestimmten Zeitpunkt der Vergangenheit bereits abgeschlossen war 	had + past participle* *(Infinitiv + ed) oder (3. Spalte - Tabelle unregelmäßige Verben)	I had worked . He had worked . I had gone . He had gone .	I hadn't worked . He hadn't worked . I hadn't gone . He hadn't gone .	Had I worked? Had he worked? Had I gone? Had he gone?
Past Perfect Progressive	how long since for	Handlung begann vor einem bestimmten Zeitpunkt in der Vergangenheit und dauert bis zu diesem (oder darüber hinaus) an - Betonung des Verlauf, der Dauer dieser Handlung	had + been + Infinitiv + ing	I had been working . He had been working . I had been going . He had been going .	I hadn't been working . He hadn't been working . I hadn't been going . He hadn't been going .	Had I been working? Had he been working? Had I been going? Had he been going?
will - future		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vorhersage einer zukünftiger Handlung oder eines zukünftigen Vorganges unabwendbares Ereignis – zukünftiges Geschehen hängt nicht von persönlichen Entscheidungen ab spontaner Entschluss im Hauptsatz der Bedingungssätze Typ I 	will + Infinitiv	I' ll work . He' ll work . I' ll go . He' ll go .	I won't work . He won't work . I won't go . He won't go .	Will I work? Will he work? Will I go? Will he go?
going to - future		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> bestehende Absicht/Plan logische Schlussfolgerung 	be (am/are/is) + going to + Infinitiv	I' m going to work . He' s going to work . I' m going to go . He' s going to go .	I' m not going to work . He' s not going to work . I' m not going to go . He' s not going to go .	Am I going to work? Is he going to work? Am I going to go? Is he going to go?

Future Progressive		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Handlung, die zu einem Zeitpunkt in der Zukunft sein wird und bereits zu diesem Zeitpunkt begonnen hat Etwas passiert, weil es gewöhnlich geschieht. 	will + be + Infinitiv + ing	I'll be working. He'll be working. I'll be going. He'll be going.	I won't be working. He won't be working. I won't be going. He won't be going.	Will I be working? Will he be working? Will I be going? Will he be going?
Future Perfect Simple		Handlung, die zu einem bestimmten Zeitpunkt in der Zukunft abgeschlossen sein wird	will + have + past participle* *(Infinitiv + ed) oder (3. Spalte - Tabelle unregelmäßige Verben)	I'll have worked. He'll have worked. I'll have gone. He'll have gone.	I won't have worked. He won't have worked. I won't have gone. He won't have gone.	Will I have worked? Will he have worked? Will I have gone? Will he have gone?
Future Perfect Progressive		Handlung, die zu einem bestimmten Zeitpunkt in der Zukunft abgeschlossen sein wird ABER: besondere Betonung der Dauer dieser Handlung	will + have + been + Infinitiv + ing	I'll have been working. He'll have been working. I'll have been going. He'll have been going.	I won't have been working. He won't have been working. I won't have been going. He won't have been going.	Will I have been working? Will he have been working? Will I have been going? Will he have been going?
Conditional Simple		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Handlung, die vielleicht eintreten kann (eher theoretisch) im Hauptsatz der Bedingungssätze Typ II 	would + Infinitiv	I would work. He would work. I would go. He would go.	I wouldn't work. He wouldn't work. I wouldn't go. He wouldn't go.	Would I work? Would he work? Would I go? Would he go?

Conditional Progressive		Handlung, die vielleicht eintreten kann (eher theoretisch) ABER: besondere Betonung der Dauer dieser Handlung	would + be + Infinitiv + ing	I would be working. He would be working. I would be going. He would be going.	I wouldn't be working. He wouldn't be working. I wouldn't be going. He wouldn't be going.	Would I be working? Would he be working? Would I be going? Would he be going?
Conditional Perfect		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Handlung, die nicht mehr eintreten kann (<i>es ist zu spät</i>) im Hauptsatz der Bedingungssätze Typ III 	would + have + past participle* *(Infinitiv + ed) oder (3. Spalte - Tabelle unregelmäßige Verben)	I would have worked. He would have worked. I would have gone. He would have gone.	I wouldn't have worked. He wouldn't have worked. I wouldn't have gone. He wouldn't have gone.	Would I have worked? Would he have worked? Would I have gone? Would he have gone?
Conditional Perfect Progressive		Handlung, die nicht mehr eintreten kann (<i>es ist zu spät</i>) ABER: besondere Betonung der Dauer dieser Handlung	would + have + been + Infinitiv + ing	I would have been working. He would have been working. I would have been going. He would have been going.	I wouldn't have been working. He wouldn't have been working. I wouldn't have been going. He wouldn't have been going.	Would I have been working? Would he have been working? Would I have been going? Would he have been going?

Für **Progressive** kann auch **Continuous** stehen. Beachte, dass Signalwörter verschiedene Zeitformen verlangen können. Für die Zeitformen der Zukunft haben wir auf Signalwörter verzichtet, da hier mehrere Zeitformen möglich sind und keine eindeutigen Zuordnungen möglich sind. Überlege also immer, welche Handlung vorliegt.

Benutzte Farben:

blau → Infinitiv

dunkelgrün → Hilfsverb

orange → Endung

grau → unregelmäßige Verben im Simple Past

lila → past participle

hellgrün → Signalwörter

rot → Verneinung